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2. James I. Brokaw
3. Judson McPartland
4. Lorrin Andrews
5. W. Scott O'Connor
6. Col. Washington Bowie
7. M. J. Ryan
8. G. P. Wendell
9. Ben Levine
10. William H. Cudd
11. George J. Turner
12. Capt. Joseph H.
13. Jerome Moore
14. Miss Margaret H
15. Latrobe Cogswel
16. James E. Snyder
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18. Mrs. James E. Sn

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Official Athletic Rules

and

Official Handbook of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States

Constitution, By-Laws, General and Athletic Rules of the Amateur Athletic Union in force January 1, 1923.

Articles of Alliance with Allied Members.

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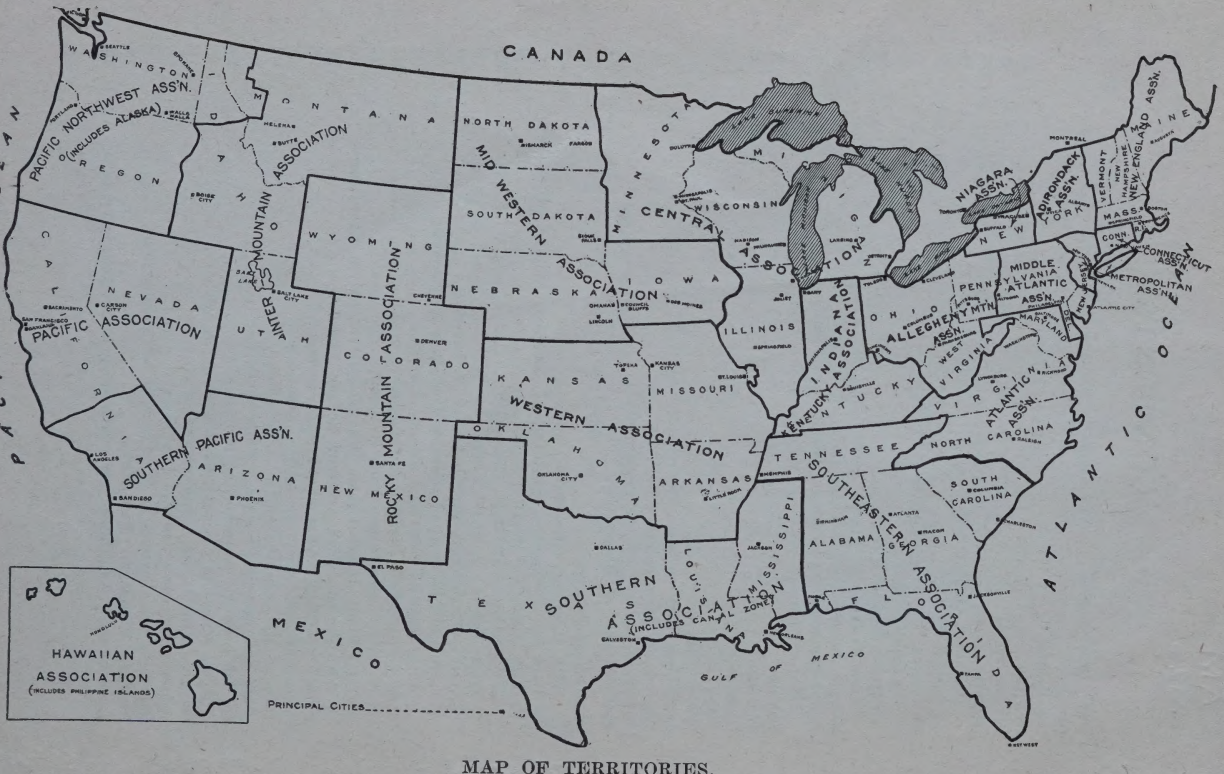


MAP OF TERRITORIES.

Amateur Athletic Union

OF THE

United States

President,
WILLIAM C. PROUT,
New England Association,
Boston, Mass.

First Vice-President,
MURRAY HULBERT,
Metropolitan Association,
New York, N. Y.

Second Vice-President,
WASHINGTON BOWIE, JR.
South Atlantic Association,
Baltimore, Md.

Third Vice-President,
JOHN T. TAYLOR,
Allegheny Mountain Association,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Fourth Vice-President,
THOMAS J. TRACY,
Connecticut Association,
New Haven, Conn.

Secretary-Treasurer,
FREDERICK W. RUBIEN,
Metropolitan Association,
New York, N. Y.

BOARD OF GOVERNORS.

C. Andrews.....315 Hawaiian Trust Bldg., Honolulu, T. H.
Lorrin Andrews....1106 Pacific Finance Bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.
Edward E. Babb.....93 Federal Street, Boston, Mass.
H. M. Baldridge...437 Omaha National Bank Bldg., Omaha, Neb.
L. di Benedetto.....Room 29, City Hall, New Orleans, La.
H. J. Blum...Pleasant Valley A.C., 9th St. & Duquesne Way, Pit'b'g
W. B. Bovard.University Southern California, Los Angeles, Cal.
R. Borden.....315 Hawaiian Trust Bldg., Honolulu, T. H.
Col. Washington Bowie, Jr....607 Fidelity Bldg., Baltimore, Md.
Major Frank H. Briggs.....10 High St., Boston 9, Mass.
E. C. Brown.....57-59 Exchange Bldg., Chicago, Ill.
George V. Brown.....Boston Arena, St. Botolph St., Boston, Mass.
Harry S. Burdick....Wash. Tire & Rubber Co., Spokane, Wash.
William Burdick.....Hoen Bldg., Baltimore, Md.
Stephen Byrne.....225 Maple Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Thomas W. Cahill.....126 Nassau St., New York City
J. Y. Cameron.....Carlton Court Apts., Buffalo, N. Y.
G. D. Center.....Care Davis & Co., Honolulu, T. H.
Walter Christie.....University of California, Berkeley, Cal.
Latrobe Cogswell.....Baltimore Athletic Club, Baltimore, Md.
D. L. Conkling.....Hui Makani, Honolulu, T. H.
A. C. Couch.....Pittsburgh Athletic Assn., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Norton H. Crow.....228 Glen Road, Toronto, Canada
William H. Cuddy....Assessor's Office, City Hall, Boston, Mass.
Samuel J. Dallas.....Care John Wanamaker, Philadelphia, Pa.
E. C. Day.....The Times, Denver, Colo.
W. E. Day.....2480 Fifth East, Salt Lake City, Utah
Charles A. Dean.....14 East Jackson Blvd., Chicago, Ill.
Wm. F. Delaney.....63 Bassett St., New Britain, Conn.
Harold Dibblee.71st Reg. A. A., 34th St. & Park Ave., New York
Lt.-Col. Chas. J. Dieges.....15 John St., New York City
Major John J. Dixon.....424-430 Broadway, New York City
R. W. Dodd.....26th & Folsom Streets, San Francisco, Cal.
C. J. Donnocker.....1 Fairchild Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.
A. A. Doonan.....Atlanta A. C., Atlanta, Ga.

T. Morris Dunne.....Multnomah A. A. C., Portland, Ore.
Val Dysert.....784 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.
Charles T. Earl.....County Coroner's Office, Detroit, Mich.
Charles A. Elbert.....290 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.
Irving Elson.....Meigs Bldg., Bridgeport, Conn.
George Elwell.....care J. B. Lyon Co., Albany, N Y.
Ed Ferris.....Spokane Amateur Athletic Club, Spokane, Wash.
Julian T. Fitzgerald.....2812 W. North Ave., Chicago, Ill.
Harry W. Fitzpatrick.....225 Royal Street, New Orleans, La.
Judge Rufus E. Foster....U. S. District Court, New Orleans, La.
P. J. Flanagan.....2655 Palmyra, New Orleans, La.
Charles Gerhard.....401 Harrison Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.
Albert Geiger, Jr.....Boston A.A., Boston 17, Mass.
B. H. Giffen.....Curry Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.
J. R. Griffiths.....University of Utah, Provo, Utah
L. N. Goldsmith..201 Real Estate Trust Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.
Samuel Goodman.....1492 Mission Street, San Francisco, Cal.
J. F. Grant.....Culver Military Academy, Culver, Ind.
W. S. Haddock.....Sheriff's Office, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Emanuel Haug.....463 West 159th St., New York City
Herbert Hauser.....4670 San Sebastian Avenue, Oakland, Cal.
Leslie A. Henry.....Union Bank Bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.
H. E. Herschorn.....701 Transportation Bldg., Montreal, Canada
Laurence S. Hill....Board of Education, City Hall, Albany, N. Y.
Murray Hulbert.....City Hall, New York City, N. Y.
William F. Humphrey.....Olympic Club, San Francisco, Cal.
P. R. Jordan.....1131 Hume Mansur Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.
Gustavus T Kirby.....30 E. 57th Street, New York City, N. Y.
Frank A. Kopf.....76 North Mayson Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
Frank L. Kramer.....192 Market St., Newark, N. J.
Verne R. C. Lacy.....1838 Arcade Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.
Donaldson Lake.....Box 1096, Memphis, Tenn.
George Lawyer.....105th Infantry, Schenectady, N. Y.
H. S. Lee.....567 West Ferry St., Buffalo, N. Y.
W. O. Lee.....1131 Hume-Mansur Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.
Mrs. E. Fullard Leo...315 Hawaiian Trust Bldg., Honolulu, T. H.

Walter H. Liginger.....420 Cass Street, Milwaukee, Wis.
Alfred J. Lill, Jr.....88 Broad Street, Boston, Mass.
Charles D. Lynch.....1706 Dime Bldg., Detroit, Mich.
Joseph B. Maccabe.....Argus Advocate, East Boston, Mass
Harry Maloney.....Stanford Univ., Palo Alto, Cal.
John J. Magee.....Bowdoin College, Brunswick, Me.
Eugene Mahoney..Care B. H. Dyas, 7th Street, Los Angeles, Cal.
J. T. Mahoney.....51 Chambers Street, New York City, N. Y.
David J. Main.....607 Colorado Bldg., Denver, Colo.
George P. Mathews.....451 81st Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
E. R. McClure.....Memphis, Tenn.
John Terence McGovern.....2 Rector St., New York City
Harry McManus.....10 Turner Ave., Schenectady, N. Y.
C. J. McNaspy...Southwestern Industrial Institute, Lafayette, La.
Colonel A. G. Mills.....559 West 26th St., New York City
George V. Mitchell.....157 No. 15th St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Fred W. Moore.....Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.
J. H. Moore.....Boston, Mass.
Roy E. Moore....99 North Moore Street, New York City, N. Y
Dr. H. J. Morlan.....30 North Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.
George W. Murphy.....1838 Arcade Bldg., St. Louis, Mo
H. Obertubbesing.....688 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.
W. Scott O'Connor.....55 Broadway, New York City
R. G. Parvin.....Denver Athletic Club, Denver, Colo.
Brother Peter.....St. Stanislaus College, Bay St. Louis, Miss.
William C. Prout.....Boston A.A., Boston 17, Mass.
E. L. Roberts.....B. Y. University, Provo, Utah
Norman Ross.....Illinois A.C., Chicago, Ill.
Perry Roehm.....2225 Short Street, New Orleans, La.
Frederick W. Rubien.....290 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.
Edwin F. Schaefer.....397 Glenwood Avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.
Wm. A. Schall.....Omaha Athletic Club, Omaha, Neb.
Roy D. Schooley.....304 Court House, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Albert Schweitzer.....1838 Arcade Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.
J. J. Shannon.....Pittsburgh Aquatic Club, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Seward Simons.....Wright-Collander Bldg., Los Angeles, Cal.

M. J. Slattery.....830 North 63rd Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
James E. Snyder.....5320 Chew Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Fred L. Steers.....1334 First National Bank Bldg., Chicago, Ill.
Lester C. Stevens.....Box 413, New Brunswick, N. J.
Dr. John E. Stoddard.....34 West Main St., Meriden, Conn.
C. W. Streit, Jr....Birmingham Athletic Club, Birmingham, Ala.
J. W. Stumpf.....27 Cornelia Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
John T. Taylor.....288 Oliver Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Thomas J. Tracy.....374 Dixwell Avenue, New Haven, Conn.
George J. Turner.....116 Chamber of Commerce, Baltimore, Md.
Norman E. Walter.....160 Highland Avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.
Tom Watts.....1838 Arcade Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.
Robert S. Weaver...1124 W. Washington Street, Los Angeles, Cal.
G. P. Wendell.....Omaha Athletic Club, Omaha, Nebraska
T. N. Wynne.....48 Monument Circle, Indianapolis, Ind

Active Association Members.

The New England Association of the A.A.U.
The Metropolitan Association of the A.A.U.
The Middle Atlantic Association of the A.A.U.
The Allegheny Mountain Association of the A.A.U.
The South Atlantic Association of the A.A.U.
The Central Association of the A.A.U.
The Southern Association of the A.A.U.
The Western Association of the A.A.U.
The Rocky Mountain Association of the A.A.U.
The Pacific Association of the A.A.U.
The Pacific Northwest Association of the A.A.U.
The Southern Pacific Association of the A.A.U.
The Hawaiian Amateur Athletic Association of the A.A.U.
The Inter-Mountain Association of the A.A.U.

The Indiana-Kentucky Association of the A.A.U.
The Niagara Association of the A.A.U.
The Adirondack Association of the A.A.U.
The Connecticut Association of the A.A.U.
The Southeastern Association of the A.A.U.
The Mid-Western Association of A.A.U.

Allied Members.

American Gymnastic Union.
Intercollegiate Association Amateur Athletes of America.
Military Athletic League.
Amateur Fencers' League of America.
National Cycling Association.
International Skating Union.
Union Internationale Des Societies Sportives Egyptiennes.
Union des Societies Francaises de Sports Athletiques.
United States Football Association.
Amateur Athletic Union of Canada.
Canadian Amateur Swimming Association
Catholic Young Men's National Union.
National Amateur Casting Association.
United States Amateur Hockey Association.

Holding Membership In

American Olympic Association.
International Amateur Swimming Federation (Federation International de Natation Amateur).
International Amateur Athletic Federation.
International Amateur Boxing Federation.
International Amateur Wrestling Federation.
International Amateur Gymnastic Federation.

CONSTITUTION

ARTICLE I.

This organization shall be known as the AMATEUR ATHLETIC UNION OF THE UNITED STATES.

ARTICLE II.

OBJECTS.

The objects of this Union are:

1. The encouragement of systematic physical exercise and education in the United States.
2. The improvement and promotion of athletic sports among amateurs.
3. The union of all eligible amateur athletic clubs, organizations or groups in the United States into such separate associations, with active membership and representation in this Union, as may, from time to time, be deemed best adapted to advance the cause of amateur athletics throughout the United States, and to foster and promote the interests of the several members.
4. The establishment and maintenance, by allied membership or otherwise, of alliances with associations of general or special jurisdiction, and composed of clubs or otherwise designated bodies of individual members, devoted wholly or partially to physical culture or to some specialty in athletics.
5. The establishment and maintenance throughout the United States of a uniform test of amateur standing, and uniform rules for the government of all athletic sports within its jurisdiction.
6. The institution, regulation and awarding of the amateur athletic championships of the United States.
7. The promotion of National, State and local legislation in the interest of the institution of public playgrounds, gymnasia, baths and fields for amateur sports in the United States.
8. The institution of a Bureau of Records covering all branches of amateur sport in the United States.

ARTICLE III.

JURISDICTION.

This Union recognizes all amateur sports and claims jurisdiction over the following classes:

1. Basket Ball.
2. Boxing.
3. Gymnastics.
4. Handball.
5. Running, including hurdle, obstacle racing and steeplechasing.
6. Walking.
7. Jumping.
8. Pole Vaulting.
9. Putting Shot and Throwing Hammer, Weights, Javelin and Discus.
10. Swimming.
11. Tug-of-War.
12. Catch-As-Catch-Can Wrestling.
13. Greco-Roman Wrestling.
14. Weight Lifting.
15. Volley Ball.

ARTICLE IV.

MEMBERS.

1. This Union shall consist of allied and active members.

2. Allied members are such associations (described in Section 4, Article II., of this Constitution) as may enter into alliance with this Union, as hereinafter provided.

3. Active members are the associations of the Amateur Athletic Union clubs, known as:

The New England Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Middle Atlantic Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The South Atlantic Association of the Amateur Athletic Union
The Central Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Southern Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Western Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Pacific Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Pacific Northwest Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Southern Pacific Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Rocky Mountain Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Hawaiian Amateur Athletic Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Inter-Mountain Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Allegheny Mountain Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Indiana-Kentucky Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Niagara Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Adirondack Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Connecticut Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Southeastern Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.
The Mid-Western Association of the Amateur Athletic Union.

And such other associations of the Amateur Athletic Union clubs as may from time to time be admitted to membership as hereinafter provided.

4. Until, by two-thirds vote of the Board of Governors of this Union, a change or changes shall be made in the allotment of territory, the territory of the several active members shall be as follows:

New England Association—Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island.

Metropolitan Association—New York, south of and including Sullivan and Dutchess Counties and that portion of Ulster County, south of Kingston; New Jersey, north of Trenton.

Middle Atlantic Association (Formed 1906)—New Jersey, south of and including Trenton; Delaware, Pennsylvania, east of and including Potter, Clinton, Center, Blair and Bedford Counties.

South Atlantic Association—Virginia, District of Columbia, Maryland, North Carolina.

Central Association—Illinois (except St. Clair and Madison Counties); Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota.

Pacific Association—California, north of but not including the counties of San Luis Obispo and Kern, 1921; Nevada.

Pacific Northwest Association (Organized June, 1905)—Washington, Alaska, Oregon, and the following counties of Montana and Idaho, transferred from Inter-Mountain Association, November, 1920: Montana—Lincoln and Missoula. Idaho—Boundary, Bonner, Kootenai, Shoshone, Binewah, Letah, Clearwater, Nez Perce and Lewis.

Rocky Mountain Association (Organized November, 1906)—Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico.

Southern Association—Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas (transferred back to Southern Association November 20, 1916, when Texas Association organized March, 1911, consisting of State of Texas, was disbanded.) Panama Canal Zone transferred from Southern Pacific Association, 1921.

Western Association—Missouri, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Kansas; St. Clair and Madison Counties, Illinois (St. Clair County transferred from Central Association to Western Association, November, 1905, Madison County transferred November, 1916).

Southern Pacific Association (Organized November, 1909)—Arizona; California, south of and including the counties of San Luis Obispo and Kern, 1921.

Hawaiian Association (Organized November, 1910, by territory taken from Pacific Association)—Territory of Hawaii, the five islands, Oahu, Hawaii, Maui, Kauai, and Molokai; Phillipine Islands (added November, 1921).

Inter-Mountain Association (Organized November, 1910, by territory taken from Pacific Northwest and Rocky Mountain Associations)—Utah, Montana, except Lincoln and Missoula counties, and Idaho, except Boundary, Bonner, Kootenai, Shoshone, Binewah, Letah, Clearwater, Nez Perce and Lewis counties. (These counties of Montana and Idaho were transferred to the Pacific Northwest Association November, 1920.)

Allegheny Mountain Association (Organized November 16, 1917, by territory taken from Central, South Atlantic and Middle Atlantic Associations; additional territory taken from Central Association, November 17, 1919, including westerly part of Ohio), all counties in Pennsylvania west of Potter, Clinton, Center, Blair and Bedford Counties; Campbell and Kenton Counties of Kentucky, transferred from Central Association, 1921, and the States of Ohio and West Virginia.

Indiana-Kentucky Association (Organized August 29, 1919, by territory taken from Central Association)—All of State of Indiana, Kentucky, except Campbell and Kenton Counties transferred from Western Association, 1922.

Niagara Association (Organized September 27, 1919, by territory taken from Metropolitan Association)—That portion of New York State west of and including Oswego, Onondaga, Cortland and Broome Counties.

Adirondack Association (Organized January 31, 1920, by territory taken from Metropolitan Association)—That portion of New York State east and north of Oswego, Onondaga, Cortland, Broome, Sullivan and Dutchess Counties, and also that portion of Ulster County north of and including the City of Kingston.

Connecticut Association (Organized September 17, 1920, by territory taken from the Metropolitan Association)—All the State of Connecticut.

Southeastern Association (Organized August 13, 1921, by territory taken from the Southern and South Atlantic Associations), South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee.

Mid-Western Association (Organized June 26, 1922, by territory taken from the Western and Central Associations), Nebraska, Iowa, North and South Dakota.

ARTICLE V.

CONDITIONS OF MEMBERSHIP.

1. An allied member may at any time be admitted by a two-thirds vote of the Board of Governors of this Union, upon such conditions, consistent with the provisions of this Constitution, as may be agreed upon between such proposed allied member and the Board of Governors.

2. An active member in addition to those named in Article IV may at any time be admitted in the following manner. Any eight or more clubs, organizations or groups of the character prescribed in sub-division 4 of Article II, desiring to form an association, may make an application therefor in writing to the Secretary-Treasurer stating:

(*a*) The territory which they desire included in such proposed association.

(*b*) The names of the clubs applying for the creation and admission of such association and whether or not they or any of them are members of an existing association of this Union.

(*c*) The reasons why the creation of such proposed associations is desired or desirable.

3. The application must further contain a request that upon the organization of such association it may be admitted to membership on conditions to be named by the Board of Governors of the Union.

4. If the territory proposed to be included in said association is a part of that already assigned to any existing association, such existing association shall have ten days' notice after the filing of said application before any action is taken thereon by the Board of Governors.

5. If said application shall be passed favorably by a two-thirds vote of the Board of Governors voting, the President and Secretary-Treasurer of the Union shall call a meeting of all the clubs so applying and all other clubs, members of an existing association located within the territory of such proposed association, upon not less than thirty days' notice, for the purpose of organizing such association and adopting the Constitution and By-Laws prescribed by the Union therefor.

6. Thereafter, upon the certification by the President and Secretary-Treasurer of the applying association that its organization has been completed and the Constitution and By-Laws have been adopted, said association shall be admitted to membership, said admission being granted upon the following express conditions which are a part of said act of admission:

(*a*) That such membership shall be subject to suspension or forfeiture in the event of failure to comply with any requirements of this Constitution or of any By-Law hereunder, or any decree or ruling of the Board of Governors or of the National Registration Committee; and that any decree of suspension or forfeiture, when affirmed by two-thirds of the Board of Governors voting, shall be final and binding.

(*b*) That it shall not make any amendment of its Constitution or By-Laws without first submitting the proposed amendment to the Board of Governors of this Union, and that any such amendment made without the vote of a majority of the Board of Governors shall be void.

(*c*) That in the event of its club membership being reduced to less than eight organizations, its membership in this Union shall cease, and this Union shall be entitled to allot its surviving clubs and territory to any other active member.

(*d*) That in the event of any clubs making formal application to be admitted, as a separate association, to active membership in this Union, this Union shall be empowered, in its discretion, by a two-thirds vote of its Board of Governors voting, to admit the same as an active member, and to allot its territory.

(*e*) That all games or athletic meetings given by such member and the qualifications of all persons competing at such meetings, either as members of its clubs or as unattached athletes, shall be in conformity with the "Conditions of Competition" prescribed by this Constitution, and the By-Laws and Rules adopted and prescribed by the Board of Governors.

7. The prescribed form of Constitution and By-Laws of each of the Associations is appended to this Constitution.

ARTICLE VI.

OBLIGATIONS, SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION OF MEMBERS.

1. The acceptance of allied membership in this Union by any allied Association shall operate as an agreement binding upon this Union and such allied member that both will abide by the terms of the alliance until either party, upon such notice as may be fixed in the terms of alliance, shall voluntarily withdraw therefrom.

2. The acceptance of active membership in this Union shall bind such member to abide by all the conditions thereof as set forth in Section 6 of Article V of this Constitution, and also all other provisions of this Constitution and of the By-Laws and Rules of this Union; and to accept and enforce all decisions of the Board of Governors and of the National Registration Committee.

3. The membership of any active member which shall violate any of the provisions of the Constitution, By-Laws or Rules of this Union, or any decision of the Board of Governors, or of the National Registration Committee, may be suspended by the Board of Governors until the next annual or special meeting of this Union, to which meeting said action of suspension shall be reported by the Secretary-Treasurer, when such suspension may be removed by a majority vote of all the active members voting, or by a two-thirds vote of all the active members voting, such active member may be expelled, and the territory thereof be reorganized or assigned to one or more members of this Union, consistently with the Constitution.

ARTICLE VII.

REPRESENTATION OF MEMBERS.

1. Every allied member shall be entitled (unless otherwise provided in the terms of alliance) to be represented at every meeting of this Union by not more than four delegates or alternates of such delegates, having, collectively, one vote.

2. Every active member must elect annually six delegates to represent it at meetings of the Union, and such delegates must be members in good standing of clubs belonging to such member, and may also elect six alternates of such delegates, who must be members of any of its own or of any other active member's clubs, except that no member of the Board of Governors shall be elected an alternate, and in no case shall any delegate or alternate represent more than one active or allied member. All the representatives of one active member shall collectively have one vote.

3. The election of every delegate and alternate with their addresses shall be duly certified by the principal executive officer of the active or allied member to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Union at least twenty days before any meeting which he may be called upon to attend, and for failure to make such certification the delegate or his alternate may be refused his seat at such meeting.

4. Any allied or active member may at any time, on notice addressed to the Secretary-Treasurer of this Union by the principal executive officer of such member, withdraw any or all of its delegates or alternates, provided a like number of delegates or alternates be at the same time substituted for those withdrawn; and if any delegate so withdrawn be at the time a member of the Board of Governors, the Board shall fill the vacancy as provided in Article VIII.

ARTICLE VIII.

GOVERNMENT.

1. The government and general direction of the affairs of the Union shall be committed to a Board of Governors constituted as follows: One representative from each allied member and five delegates-at-large, and each ex-President of the Union who shall have served a full term and is a member in good standing of an A.A.U. club; and each ex-Secretary of the Union who shall have served a full term and is a member in good standing of an A.A.U. club; three representatives from each active member and one additional representative from each active member for every ten clubs belonging to said active member in excess of the eight clubs required to constitute an active member, and one additional representative for the next fifteen clubs of like character, and one additional representative for the next twenty clubs and one additional representative for each twenty-five clubs in excess of fifty-three.

2. The Board of Governors shall be elected at each annual meeting of the Union for a term of one year, or until their successors are elected.

3. All members of the Board of Governors shall be elected from the duly elected delegates, and alternates who are members of clubs belonging to the active member which they represent.

4. The delegates of any active member present at the annual meeting may unanimously nominate at the time of such election representatives to the number to which it is entitled. The representatives so nominated shall be declared elected unless by a two-thirds vote of all the delegates or alternates voting another selection is made. In default of such nomination election shall be had by a majority vote.

5. At all meetings of the Board of Governors the member or members present from any association shall be permitted to cast the vote of the absent member or members unless such absentee shall have revoked this power by notice to the Secretary-Treasurer. If the members present do not agree, the votes of absentees shall be divided in the same proportion as the votes of the members present.

6. The Board of Governors, so elected, shall convene immediately following the annual meeting at which they shall have been elected and elect from their own number a President, four Vice-Presidents and a Secretary-Treasurer, each of whom shall serve for a term of one year or until his successor is chosen, and each of whom shall perform the duties prescribed by the By-Laws.

7. The Board of Governors, upon the occurrence of a vacancy therein from any cause, may elect, by a majority vote of members voting, a new member of said Board, but only from the member's delegation in which the said vacancy shall have occurred. Such member so elected shall, if he continues eligible, serve until the next annual meeting thereafter.

8. At the first meeting of the Board of Governors after each annual meeting of the Amateur Athletic Union, the President, with the advice and consent of the Board of Governors, shall appoint from among the membership of the active and allied members of the Union, five delegates-at-large, who shall have all rights and privileges of other members of the Board, except that the five delegates-at-large so appointed shall, collectively, have only one vote. The ex-Presidents with the ex-Secretaries of the Union shall, collectively, have one vote at all meetings of the Amateur Athletic Union and of the Board of Governors. No ex-President or ex-Secretary shall be permitted to vote as such, if he is representing at such meeting an active or allied member.

9. Whenever the Union shall be entitled to representation in an allied member, the President shall appoint such representative from among the membership of the active members of the Union.

ARTICLE IX.

DUTIES AND POWERS OF BOARD OF GOVERNORS.

The Board of Governors shall, in addition to the powers elsewhere in this Constitution prescribed, have power:

1. To admit to allied or active membership any association eligible under this Constitution applying therefor, if by a two-thirds vote they deem proper.

2. To prescribe and amend By-Laws and Rules for the government of the Union, not inconsistent with or beyond the scope of the provisions of this Constitution.

3. To impose and enforce penalties for any violation of the Constitution, By-Laws or Rules of the Union.

4. By a majority vote of members voting to remove any suspension or remit any penalty, pertaining to any person or organization.

5. To reject any entries to competition (if deemed objectionable) at any national championship meeting, and to delegate this power to its sub-committee.

6. By a two-thirds vote to remove from office on fifteen days' written notice any member of the Board of Governors who, by

neglect of duty or by conduct tending to impair his usefulness as a member of such Board, shall be deemed to have forfeited his position.

7. By a majority vote to declare vacant the position of any member of the Board of Governors (*a*) who shall have ceased to be a delegate, or (*b*) who shall have ceased to be a member of any club belonging to the member which elected him a delegate, or (*c*) when the member which elected him a delegate shall have ceased to be a member of this Union.

8. To fill vacancies in the Board of Governors occurring from any cause.

9. To collect the dues or funds of the Union and to expend the same.

10. To call regular and special meetings of the Union and to fix the time and place for holding all meetings not fixed by this Constitution.

11. To institute, locate, conduct and manage all amateur national championship meetings.

12. To establish and define rules for the government of athletic sports.

13. To explain, define and interpret any provision of this Constitution or any By-Law or Rule.

14. To appoint committees from its own number and from members of clubs within this Union or from its allied members.

ARTICLE X.

AMATEUR DEFINITION.

1. An amateur sportsman is one who engages in sport solely for the pleasure and physical, mental or social benefits he derives therefrom and to whom sport is nothing more than an avocation.

ACTS OF DISBARMENT.

A person shall cease to be eligible to compete as an amateur by committing any of the following acts:

(*a*) *Fraud*—By participating in any competition or exercise in any sport under an assumed name or by being guilty of any fraud or other grossly unsportsmanlike conduct in connection therewith.

(*b*) *Competing for Money*—By directly or indirectly receiving pay or financial benefits in consideration of or as a reward for participating in any sport in any public competition or exhibition or disposing of prizes for personal gain.

(*c*) *Coaching for Money*—By directly or indirectly receiving pay or financial benefits in consideration of or as a reward for instructing or preparing any person in or for any competition, exhibition or exercise in any sport when such act was not merely an incident to his main vocation or employment.

(*d*) *Capitalization of Athletic Fame*—By granting or sanctioning the use of one's name to advertise or promote the sale of or to act as the personal solicitor for the sale, or as the actual salesman, of sporting goods, prizes, trophies, or other commodities for use chiefly in or in connection with games or exhibitions in any sport, or

By engaging for pay or financial benefit in any occupation or business transaction wherein his usefulness or value arises chiefly from the publicity given or to be given to the reputation or fame which he has secured from his performances in any sport rather than from his ability to perform the usual and natural acts and duties incident to such occupation or transaction.

(*e*) *Competing Against or With Ineligible Persons*—

1. By participating in any public competition or exhibition as an individual and not merely as a member of a team against one or more persons ineligible to compete as an amateur in the sport in which such participation occurred, without having obtained as a condition precedent special permission to do so from the organization governing such competition or exhibition, unless it is the general practice or custom in such sport for such character of competition or exhibition to take place.

2. By participating in any public competition or exhibition as a member of a team upon which there are one or more members who have received, do receive or who are to receive directly or indirectly, pay or financial benefits for participating, without having obtained as a condition precedent the consent in writing thus to participate from the National Registration Committee, which, in the case of a college or high school student, may, with the consent and approval of the local registration committee, delegate authority to grant such consent, to the proper faculty authority of the university, college or high school of which he is at the time of such participation a matriculated student, upon filing such consent with the National Registration Committee.

3. By participating in any public competition or exhibition as a member of a team against another team one or more members of which are ineligible to compete as amateurs in the sport in which such participation occurred, unless the team competed against represents a well-established organization and also unless

the contest or exhibition is in a generally recognized sport and either between groups of players participating at one time or consists of a series of individual contests which, both as to the number and character thereof, constitute a generally recognized series of standard events.

PARDONING POWER.

1. The Board of Governors shall have the power to relieve a person of the effect of his commission of any of the acts by reason of which he would cease to be eligible to compete as an amateur, when it is shown to its satisfaction that such act was committed through ignorance (of the character—not consequences—thereof), inadvertence, or excusable error or was committed in a sport in which there was at the time of commission no general competition by amateurs or was made obligatory by military authority.

REINSTATEMENT TO ELIGIBILITY TO COMPETE AS AN AMATEUR.

2. (*aa*) One who has committed an act set down in Clause *a* of Section 1 shall never thereafter be permitted to compete as an amateur.

(*bb*) One who has committed an act set down in Clause *b* of Section 1 in connection with any of the sports or exercises enumerated in Article III of this Constitution shall never thereafter be permitted to compete as an amateur in any of the sports or exercises over which this Union has jurisdiction; but where such act was not committed in connection with any of the sports or exercises enumerated in said Article III, the Board of Governors is empowered to reinstate such person to eligibility to compete as an amateur in the sports and exercises over which this Union has jurisdiction upon it being shown to the satisfaction of said Board (1) that five years have elapsed since the commission of said act and (2) that the said person intends never to commit any further act or acts which would render him ineligible to compete as an amateur.

(*cc*) The Board of Governors is empowered to reinstate to eligibility to compete as an amateur in the sports or exercises over which this Union has jurisdiction one who has committed an act set down in Clause *c* of Section 1 upon it being shown to the satisfaction of said Board (1) that the instruction or preparation was not given in connection with any of the sports or exercises enumerated in Article III of this Constitution, or, if it was, that five years have elapsed since the giving of such instruction or preparation and (2) that the said person intends never to resume such instruction or preparation or to commit

any other act or acts which would render him ineligible to compete as an amateur, and the Registration Committees of the active members are authorized to immediately restore to eligibility to compete as an amateur any person in case such instruction or preparation was given solely to men in the service of the United States in connection with the World's War upon being satisfied that the said person intends never to commit any act or acts which would render him ineligible to compete as an amateur.

(*dd*) The Board of Governors is empowered to reinstate to eligibility to compete as an amateur in the sports and exercises over which this Union has jurisdiction one who has committed an act set down in Clause *d* of Section 1 upon it being shown to the satisfaction of said Board (1) that such person has ceased to commit any of the acts, or to engage in any of the pursuits or practices set down in said clause and (2) that said person intends never again to commit any of the said acts, or to engage in any of the said pursuits or practices.

(*ee*) The Board of Governors is empowered to reinstate to eligibility to compete as an amateur in the sports and exercises over which this Union has jurisdiction one who has committed any of the acts set down in Clause *e* of Section 1 upon it being shown to the satisfaction of said Board (1) that his said competition was not in any of the sports or exercises enumerated in Article III of this Constitution, or, if it was, that one year has elapsed since such competition, and (2) that such person intends never again to commit such act.

ARTICLE XI.

CONDITIONS OF COMPETITION.

1. It shall be a condition precedent to the right to compete in any athletic meeting, game or entertainment given or sanctioned by this Union that such competitor be an amateur who has not violated any of the provisions of the preceding Article defining amateur standing, except that any person who may have been guilty of a violation thereof and who has been duly reinstated as therein provided, may, from the time of such reinstatement only, be deemed an amateur.

2. No amateur shall be allowed to compete or exhibit at any athletic meeting, game or entertainment given or sanctioned by this Union unless he shall be a duly registered athlete, except that cadets of the United States Military Academy and midshipmen of the United States Naval Academy shall be eligible to compete in any athletic meeting, games or entertainment given

or sanctioned by this Union without registration, but all entries from such cadets or midshipmen must be accompanied by a certificate signed by the officer in charge of athletics at such academy that the entrant is an amateur according to the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States and is eligible and authorized to compete as a representative of such academy, and except that in case the United States Army or the United States Navy shall establish a system of registration similar to the system of registration adopted by the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States, which shall provide for an investigation and certificate that the person registered is an amateur according to the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States, such registration shall be deemed sufficient.

3. No amateur shall be permitted to represent an organization of which he is not a member, and no member of any club in this Union, or of any club in any district in this Union, shall be allowed to compete as a representative of such club in case he has within one year competed as a member of any other club then in this Union, unless such other club shall have disbanded or practically ceased to exist, or unless he has taken a bona fide residence in a district of this Union other than that of his original registration.

4. No amateur shall be eligible to compete for or enter any competition as a member of any club in the territory of any active member of this Union unless he shall have resided within the territory of said active member at least four months prior to the date of said competition.

5. No amateur shall be eligible to enter or compete in any district championship meeting unless he shall have been a bona fide resident of such district at least six months prior to the holding of such championship meeting; provided, however, that a registered athlete who has resigned from a club that is a member of the Amateur Athletic Union shall for one year after such resignation be entitled to compete in the championship meetings of the district in which he has been a bona fide resident for at least six months prior to the holding of such championship meetings, and provided also that any association may provide that no person shall be allowed to compete at a district championship as a representative of a club who was not a member of such club on November 20, 1911, unless he resides within a radius from the headquarters of such club of such number of miles, not less than one hundred, as may be determined by the By-Laws of such Association.

6. No person who has been registered in any association of the Amateur Athletic Union shall be eligible to compete for any

club in the territory of any other active member of this Union until four months after filing his application for registration, and shall not be eligible to compete in a district championship until six months after filing his application for registration.

7. The restrictions contained in Sections 3, 4, 5 and 6 shall not apply to undergraduates of an educational institution recognized as such by the Board of Governors when representing such institution in competition.

8. A student in actual attendance at an educational institution may represent either such institution or a club belonging to an active or allied member of this Union or may compete unattached. Such student shall not be required to register for competitions held under the rules of a recognized intercollegiate or interscholastic association, but such student must be registered for competitions held under the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union. When such registration is required he must be registered from his place of actual residence unless he elects to represent such institution in such A.A.U. competitions, in which case he may elect to consider such institution his residence for the purpose of such registration and he may thereafter transfer his registration to a club or other organization belonging to an active or allied member of this Union located in the district of his actual residence as follows: (*a*) between the first day of June and the first day of October, unless such institution closes prior to June first, in which case said period shall run from the close to the opening of the scholastic year as established by the certificate of the registrar of such institution filed with the Registration Committee at the time of applying for transfer, and (*b*) during the period of a semester in an institution permitting the attendance, in regular course, of students in semesters not consecutive, provided a certificate of the registrar of such institution is filed with the Registration Committee at the time of applying for transfer that such student is regularly enrolled in such institution, but is not required to attend such institution during said semester.

For the purposes of transfer of registration from the scholastic institution under this section the residence of such student, if he be a minor, shall be the residence of his parents, if any, or of his guardian, if his parents be dead, or, if he be an adult, his last place of abode at the date of the commencement of the semester immediately preceding his application for transfer.

At the termination of the period during which such student is permitted to represent a club or an organization other than his educational institution his registration may be retransferred to

said institution. If he competes for any club or other organization after the expiration of such period he forfeits his right to represent the educational institution in competitions governed by the rules of this Union.

A student who has been transferred from his educational institution under the provisions of this section shall not be eligible to compete in any junior championship unless he has been registered for the club for which he desires to compete at least three months before the date of said junior championship, unless he has been previously registered from said club and his registration has been transferred to his educational institution, in which case he shall be eligible to compete immediately upon the transfer of his registration back to his club. Such athletes, however, shall not be prevented from competing unattached in such junior championships.

9. A registered athlete regularly enlisted in the National Guard, Naval Reserve, United States Army or United States Navy, may, between the first day of November and the first day of May, upon receiving permission from the local registration committee, represent in open competition either or both his military or naval organization and the athletic club to which he belongs. Any points scored by him, however, shall count for his athletic club, except where a point trophy is advertised to be contested for by a military or naval organization, or in contests closed to military or naval organizations.

10. During the existence of an actual state of war, commissioned officers and enlisted men in the United States service shall be permitted to compete among themselves, or to participate in any public competition or exhibition as members of a team against another team all members of which are eligible to compete as amateurs in the sport in which such participation occurs, without registration, and without the amateur status of a contestant being affected by the fact that he competes with or against a professional, provided such competitions or exhibitions be for prizes other than money. And during the same period of time, such officer or man shall be permitted to represent his military or naval organization in open competition without registration upon signing and filing a certificate that he is an amateur according to the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States.

ARTICLE XII.

PRIZES.

1. No prizes shall be given by any individual, club, committee or association, or competed for or accepted by any athlete, except

suitably inscribed wreaths, diplomas, banners, badges, medals, timepieces and mantel ornaments, or suitably inscribed articles of jewelry, silverware, table or toilet service, unless authorized by the Registration Committee, and said prizes shall not exceed the cost of $35 for first, $20 for second, and $10 for third prize, unless by special permission challenge trophies or other similar prizes are authorized by the Registration Committee and a record kept of such authorization. Suitable team and individual prizes may be awarded for team competitions in a single specialty.

2. The prohibitions of this article shall not apply to tokens or prizes (other than money), composed in whole or in part of metal, and bearing inscriptions denoting the event or contest, in any case where such tokens or prizes shall have been given or sanctioned by this Union, or any of its members, or prior to the formation of this Union, by any recognized amateur organization; provided, that if any person shall, at any time after April 1, 1891, sell, pledge or exchange for any other thing, any such token or prize, he shall thereafter be ineligible, and he shall likewise be ineligible if at the time of the competition or entry therefor he be disqualified or under suspension by this Union, or any of its members, or any organization allied with or approved by it.

ARTICLE XIII.

SANCTIONS FOR MEETINGS AND REGISTRATION OF ATHLETES.

1. All games, meetings, benefits or entertainments of any kind where athletes compete or exhibit must be sanctioned, except where the same are held by a club which is a member of an association of this Union, or by an allied member of this Union, and the entries are confined to members of the club or of the allied member.

2. In no meeting, game, or entertainment that has been sanctioned as an open athletic meeting shall an athlete's entry be accepted unless he shall have received a numbered certificate of registration, stating that he is an amateur and eligible to compete in amateur sports. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to events that are "closed," that is, open only to members of a club, organization or group that is a member of any Association of this Union.

3. Each athlete to whom registration is granted shall receive a card on which shall be plainly written his name, his number and the date of expiration of his registration.

4. All organizations giving open games or competitions under Amateur Athletic Union rules and sanction must state on their announcements and entry blanks that no entries to open events

can be accepted except from registered athletes, and that no exhibition can be given by an athlete unless such athlete is registered.

5. The committee in charge of open athletic meetings must display the registration number of each competitor in a conspicuous manner before or after his name on the program.

6. Every active member of this Union shall elect a Registration Committee, to which shall be referred all matters within its territory pertaining to the registration and competition of athletes, and such Committee shall have power to govern and control the conduct of all meetings held by members of the Union or under the sanction of the Union.

7. Such Committees shall receive, examine and decide upon all applications for registration and shall have the power to grant or withhold sanction for athletic meetings and to impose penalties upon promoters of athletic meetings and upon athletes who compete or exhibit at the same without sanction of the Committee, and shall have the right of censorship on the character of prizes offered at athletic meetings and may withhold or withdraw the sanction, provided its decision in excluding any prize is not complied with. All sanctions must be signed by a member of the Registration Committee and a record thereof must be preserved by said Registration Committee in a book kept for such purpose.

8. All applications for registration must be signed by the applicant and be accompanied by a fee of 25 cents and endorsed by the Secretary or other official of the club of which said applicant is a member, unless he applies for registration as an unattached athlete. Should the applicant for registration not be a member of an athletic club, he must procure the endorsement of three reputable citizens of the locality in which he resides. All applications must be approved by a member of the Registration Committee within whose jurisdiction the applicant resides.

9. Such Committees can require an itemized statement of expenses, with receipts and vouchers, from any registered athlete or from any organization holding an athletic meeting under Amateur Athletic Union rules.

10. Every athlete when he registers shall state his residence and the club he wishes to represent, and he shall not be allowed to change his registration in any respect except upon notice in writing filed with the Registration Committee, which change, to be effective, must be approved by the Committee; upon such approval the change of registration shall be effective from the date of the receipt of the notice by the Committee, or if he has competed within one year as a representative of a club in this

Union, then from a date not less than one year subsequent to such competition. In all cases the athlete shall be officially notified of the change of registration. All applications for changes of registration must be accompanied by a fee of twenty-five cents.

11. The President of each active member shall be empowered to appoint athletic commissioners, each of whom shall have allotted to him territory within the territory of said active member and whose duties shall be such as is defined by the President and by the members of the Registration Committee and who will act as the representative of the Registration Committee, with power to grant temporary cards of registration and to grant sanctions and to temporarily disqualify athletes, and in the case of such disqualification to investigate and try the suspended athlete and report his findings to the Chairman of the Registration Committee of such Association for final action.

12. All registrations shall be in force for one year from date of registration, and to renew the same every athlete shall be required to fill out and sign a new application and he shall then be given a new number if registration is granted. The renewal application need not be endorsed, unless required by the Registration Committee.

13. When any registered athlete changes his residence from one district to another, he shall notify the Registration Committee of the district wherein he is registered and surrender his registration card, and such Registration Committee shall issue a transfer, showing the date of the application for transfer and the date of expiration of his registration, upon presentation of which transfer a new registration card for the unexpired period of his original registration, which shall be dated according to the date of the application for transfer, and shall be issued to him, free of charge, by the Registration Committee of the district of his new residence.

14. Every athlete, when competing in handicap events outside of the territory of the Association from which he is registered, shall forward with his entry a certificate from the handicapper of his particular handicap district showing his last three performances and his last three performances in the events for which he is entered. It shall be the duty of such handicapper to furnish such certificate on request of a registered athlete.

15. It shall be the duty of each Registration Committee to furnish to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Amateur Athletic Union on the first day of each week a list of all registrations granted during the preceding week, with numbers, names and addresses, and to forward duplicate lists to the official handicappers.

16. Each Registration Committee shall have the right in considering and determining questions that affect the amateur status of any athlete to act upon any kind of evidence, direct, circumstantial or hearsay, and may receive and act upon affidavits and in its discretion may consider common report sufficient basis for suspension or disqualification and shall have power to suspend permanently any amateur athlete who neglects within thirty days to answer to the satisfaction of the committee questions touching his amateur status.

17. It shall be the duty of the Registration Committee to make, or have made, inquiry regarding any athlete whose amateur status is questioned, and all charges shall be entered with the Chairman of the Committee, who shall provide for an investigation by one or more members of the Committee. Pending investigation, the athlete against whom charges are brought may be suspended. Suspicious circumstances, which are sufficient in the judgment of any member of the Committee, to make the status of any athlete a matter of reasonable doubt, may be the basis of investigation in the absence of formal charges. The member or members to whom the investigation is assigned shall immediately notify the athlete either in person or by registered letter, of the charges filed against him or set forth the circumstances which lead to a reasonable doubt and require an answer to the charges or a satisfactory explanation of the circumstances to be made at a time fixed in said notice. If the Committee shall find the athlete guilty it shall inflict such punishment as it may deem just.

18. Any person who shall refuse to appear or to testify before any Registration Committee upon any hearing or to answer any question which such Committee shall rule to be proper, shall be liable to suspension or such other discipline as the Committee may determine until he has purged himself of such refusal.

19. It shall be within the province of the Registration Committee to suspend from competition for such a time as it may deem proper any person guilty of unfair dealing in connection with athletic competition, ungentlemanly conduct, or for violation of the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union, or for officiating for compensation or reward at any athletic competition or contest.

The following, among other things, shall be considered as unfair dealing and ungentlemanly conduct:

Suppression of true figures from the handicapper: the use of obscene or profane language on the track or field; the doing of any act which tends to disturb or obstruct a competition or to bring this Union or amateur athletics into disrepute.

20. The decision of the Committee shall be final in all cases, subject only to appeal to the Board of Managers of the Association and thereafter to the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union. An appeal to the Board of Managers must be taken within five days after notice of the rendition of the decision. An appeal to the Board of Governors must be taken within ten days after notice of the rendition of the decision Any person interested may appeal.

21. In all cases where notices are required to be sent to a registered athlete, it shall be sufficient to mail the same in a postpaid envelope, addressed to him at the residence given in his application for registration; or, if he has filed with such Committee a written notice of change of residence, then at such changed residence.

22. The Registration Committee shall collect from applicants (in advance), except Amateur Athletic Union members, not less than Five Dollars each for granting sanctions for road races or cross-country races where no money is received for admission fees, and for open swimming meetings, and not less than Ten Dollars each for granting sanctions for all other open athletic meetings; but Registration Committees may grant free sanctions for basket ball games good for a limited period, not exceeding one year, and may grant free sanctions for municipal games and games given for charity.

23. It shall be the duty of each Registration Committee to pay over all moneys received for registration fees and sanctions to the Secretary-Treasurer of its Association on the first day of each month.

24. On the tenth day of each month, the Treasurer of each active and allied member shall pay to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Amateur Athletic Union the sum of five (5) cents for each certificate of registration issued during the preceding month, and one-third of all moneys received for sanctions granted during the preceding month.

25. Registration shall be granted to women for events confined exclusively to women. Registration may be refused to girls under the age of fourteen years.

ARTICLE XIV.

DUES AND EXPENSES.

1. Allied members shall be exempt from the payment of dues.

2. Each active member shall annually pay to the Secretary-Treasurer, on or before the annual meeting, as annual dues for

the ensuing year, a sum equal to $2.50 for each club member of such active member; provided, that every applicant for active membership shall remit with its application to the Secretary-Treasurer the amount of its annual dues, and shall not again be liable for the payment of dues until the year following the next ensuing annual meeting.

3. A failure to pay such dues within the time prescribed shall operate to forfeit the right to a representation of and a vote by the delinquent member at any meeting of the Union, and a continued indebtedness for dues or other charges for a period of two months shall operate as a loss of membership by the delinquent member.

4. The fiscal year of each active Association shall close on the third Monday of September of each year, and the representation of each active Association on the Board of Governors of the Union will be the number of clubs it remits for and certifies to be on its rolls as of the third Monday of September.

5. The receipts from dues and from all other sources shall be devoted to defraying the expenses of national championship meetings and other necessary expenses of the Union.

ARTICLE XV.

MEETINGS OF THE UNION.

1. The annual meeting of the Union shall be held at 10 o'clock A.M., on the third Monday of November of each year, in a place to be designated by a majority of the members of the Board of Governors voting. Not less than twenty days' notice of such meeting shall be given.

2. Special meetings of the Union may be called by a two-thirds vote of the Board of Governors, or upon the written request of at least one-quarter of all the members of the Union must be so called. Not less than ten days' notice thereof shall be given, such notice to contain the date and a statement of location of such meeting and the object thereof.

3. Notice of every meeting of the Union shall be sent by the Secretary-Treasurer of the Union to all delegates and alternates and to the Secretary-Treasurer of every allied and active member thereof; and every such member shall promptly notify the Secretary-Treasurer of the Union of any change in office or address of the Secretary-Treasurer; and a notice sent by the Secretary-Treasurer of the Union to the address last given to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Union shall be deemed a full compliance on his part with the Constitution and By-Laws as to sending such notices.

4. At all meetings of the Union a quorum shall consist of representatives from five members of the Union.

5. At all meetings of the Union the following shall be the order of business:

1. Roll Call of Delegates.
   Delegates arise and stand for one minute in memory of James E. Sullivan.
2. Reading of Minutes.
3. Treasurer's Report.
4. Reports of Committees.
5. General Discussion.
6. Resolutions, Orders and General Business.
7. Election of Board of Governors (if annual meeting).
8. Adjournment.

6. In the interval between two annual meetings of the Union, any action that might be lawfully taken at a special meeting may be so taken by mail or telegraph vote; provided, that where this Constitution requires a majority vote, the vote so taken must, to be effective, be a majority of all members of the Union voting and where this Constitution requires a two-thirds vote, the vote so taken must, to be effective, be a two-thirds vote of all members of the Union voting; and provided further, that in every instance such mail or telegraph vote shall be taken by the Secretary-Treasurer, and the ballot of each member must be preserved in his files.

ARTICLE XVI.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS.

1. The annual meeting of the Board of Governors shall be convened immediately after the adjournment of the annual meeting of the Union.

2. Special meetings must be called by the President upon request of not less than five members of the Board, not less than fifteen days' notice being given by the Secretary-Treasurer to each member of the Board, of such meeting and the object thereof. At any meeting of the Board of Governors a quorum shall consist of those who answer the roll call.

3. In the interval between two annual meetings of the Board any action that might be lawfully taken at a special meeting of the Board may be so taken by mail or telegraph vote; provided, that where this Constitution requires a majority vote, the vote so taken must, to be effective, be a two-thirds vote of all the members of the Board voting; and provided, further, that in

every instance such mail or telegraph vote shall be taken by the Secretary-Treasurer, and the ballot of each member of the Board must be preserved in his files.

ARTICLE XVII.

VOTING BY MAIL.

1. By the Board of Governors.

(*a*) The President may of his own motion, and upon the written request of any active or allied member of the Union, or of three members of the Board of Governors, must submit to a vote by mail any specific question or matter which might be passed upon at a special meeting of the Board. Provided, however, that no mail vote shall be taken upon the formation, organization or admission of a new association unless it is first consented to by the association, or associations, whose territory is affected. Such request shall be delivered to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Union and by him at once laid before the President.

(*b*) Where a vote by mail is required or decided to be taken as above, the Secretary-Treasurer shall mail to each member of the Board a clear statement of the question to be voted upon, with the request that each member send his vote thereupon to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Union; and the said request shall state upon what day the voting with the Secretary-Treasurer shall be closed (which shall not be less than thirty-five days after the mailing of said question). In cases where the Board of Governors may deem it necessary, a vote may be taken by telegraph instead of by mail; in such cases the vote to close within forty-eight hours. All mail and telegraph votes received by the Secretary-Treasurer shall be preserved and filed. The Secretary-Treasurer may at any time when sufficient votes have been received to either carry or reject a mail or telegraph vote, announce the result of the same and the result so announced shall be decisive.

(*c*) Within five days after the closing of said vote with the Secretary-Treasurer, said Secretary-Treasurer shall mail to each member of the Board a copy of the question and the result of the vote thereon, to wit: the number voting for and in opposition thereto, with a statement of whether said question has been carried or defeated.

2. By the Union.

(*a*) The President may of his own motion, and upon the written request of not less than three members of the Union, or direction of the Board of Governors of the Union, must submit to a vote by mail any specific question or matter which might

be passed upon at a special meeting of the Union. Such request shall be delivered to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Union and by him delivered to the President.

(*b*) In such a case the Secretary-Treasurer shall mail the question to the Secretary of each active and allied member of the Union, with a request in form as set forth in clause (*b*), paragraph 1, of this article. The Secretary of each member shall at once submit the question to its duly appointed and registered delegates to the Union (or alternates in proper cases), who shall indicate in writing thereupon, and said Secretary shall at once forward the same to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Union, who shall preserve and file all votes. Each active and allied member's vote shall count one, except that if, in any case, the voting delegates or alternates of any such member shall not agree, the proper fractional part of one vote shall be credited as cast upon the question or matter at issue.

(*c*) Within five days after the closing of said vote with the Secretary-Treasurer, said Secretary-Treasurer shall mail to each active and allied member of the Union a copy of the question and the result of the vote thereon, to wit: the number voting for and in opposition thereto, with a statement of whether said question has been carried or defeated.

ARTICLE XVIII.

REPORTS FROM ASSOCIATIONS.

Each Association of this Union must, within ten days after each meeting of the Association or its Board of Managers, mail to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Union a copy of the minutes of said meeting. The Secretaries of the several Associations of the Union must forward to the Secretary-Treasurer of the Union copies of all official notices issued from their offices, at the time of such issue, said notices to include all those sent to the members of the Board of Managers, as well as to the clubs of the Association.

ARTICLE XIX.

Wherever the word "club" is used in this Constitution or in the By-Laws adopted thereunder, it shall be construed to include any organization or group which is eligible to membership in an active member of this Union.

ARTICLE XX.

AMENDMENTS.

No amendment shall be made to the Constitution except at the annual meeting and by a two-thirds vote of the members voting.

All proposed amendments must be presented to the Secretary-Treasurer in writing at least fifty days before the annual meeting and forwarded immediately by the Secretary-Treasurer to the Chairman of the Legislation Committee, and all proposed amendments, together with the report of the Legislation Committee thereon, must be mailed by the Secretary-Treasurer to each duly certified delegate and to the chief executive officer of each allied member at least twenty days before the annual meeting.

BY-LAWS

I.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The officers of the Union, viz.: President, four Vice-Presidents and Secretary-Treasurer, shall be elected by ballot, by a majority vote, at the annual meeting of the Board of Governors.

II.

DUTIES OF OFFICERS.

1. The President must order meetings of the Board of Governors upon request of not less than five of the members thereof; shall preside at all meetings of said Board and of the Union, and generally shall perform such other duties as appertain to the office of President.

2. The Vice-Presidents in their order shall have all the powers and perform all the duties of President, in the absence or inability to attend of the latter.

3. The Secretary-Treasurer shall keep the records of the Union and the Board of Governors, conduct all official correspondence, issue notices of all meetings of the Union and said Board; keep a complete record of all athletic events held under the auspices of the Union, and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Constitution, By-Laws and Rules of said Union.

The Secretary-Treasurer shall receive all moneys of the Union and pay all bills approved by the President or the Board of Governors, provided that necessary minor expenses which may necessarily be paid by any committee, may be turned in to the Secretary-Treasurer as cash, if recorded in detail, duly attested by such committee and approved by the Board. He shall, whenever required by the Board or its Finance Committee, submit and turn over to said Board or Committee all moneys, accounts, books, papers, vouchers and records appertaining to his office, and shall turn the same over to his successor when elected.

He shall be bonded (at the expense of this Union) in a sum to be fixed by the Board of Governors at not less than $1,000.

III.

COMMITTEES.

1. At the first meeting of the Board of Governors after each annual meeting of the Amateur Athletic Union, the President,

with the advice and consent of the Board of Governors, shall appoint the following committees: Finance, Legislation, Records, a Committee for each sport over which the Union claims jurisdiction, and such other committees as may be deemed advisable.

In designating such Committees the President shall appoint thereto persons actively interested in the particular sports, who need not necessarily be members of the Board of Governors, but the majority of every such Committee shall be constituted of members of the Board of Governors, and the Chairman of each and every such Committee so appointed by the President shall be a member of the Board of Governors. Each Committee so appointed shall have jurisdiction over the championships in the particular sport it controls, subject, however, in all respects to the approval of the Board of Governors.

With the advice and consent of the Board of Governors the President shall also appoint a National Registration Committee, composed of the Chairman of the Registration Committees from each Association of the Amateur Athletic Union, an official representative of each allied member that uses a registration plan in co-operation with the Amateur Athletic Union, and an additional member who shall be Chairman of the Committee, and who must be a member of the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union.

2. The Finance Committee shall, within two weeks next following the first day of November in each year, audit and examine the accounts of the Secretary-Treasurer, and make its report to the Board of Governors prior to the annual meeting next ensuing said date, for the fiscal year ending on said first day of November. Said Committee shall also at any other times when requested by the Board, make an examination of the accounts of the Secretary-Treasurer, and report to the Board thereon, and may in such cases require the Secretary-Treasurer to turn over to it all moneys, accounts, books, papers, vouchers and records appertaining to his office.

3. To the Committee on Legislation shall be referred all proposed amendments to the Constitution, By-Laws, General and Athletic Rules. All such amendments the Committee shall consider and present in proper form for action, but this provision shall not prevent the Board of Governors from acting upon any amendment of which legal notice has been given if the Committee fail to consider the same and report upon it.

4. The Championship Committee shall prepare the annual schedule and shall have power to appoint sub-committees, whose members need not be members of the Board, to conduct and manage the various championships.

5. The National Registration Committee shall have power to determine all matters delegated to it by the Constitution, and shall take action in all cases involving the interpretation or enforcement of any article of the Constitution, By-Laws, rules and regulations which affect or relate to two or more members of the Amateur Athletic Union, and the decision of said Committee must be followed and obeyed until overruled by the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union.

6. The duties of other committees shall be such as are specified in the Constitution and By-Laws, or may be delegated to them by the Board.

IV.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

The order of business at all meetings of the Board of Governors shall be as follows:

(*a*) Roll Call.
(*b*) Reading of Minutes.
(*c*) Report of Officers and Committees.
(*d*) Unfinished Business.
(*e*) Election to Fill Vacancies.
(*f*) New Business, including Election of Trustees of **Surplus Fund.**

V.

CHAMPIONSHIP MEETINGS.

1. A field and track championship meeting shall be held annually at such time and place and including such events as may be determined by the Championship Committee.

2. All entries shall be sent to the Chairman of said Committee, which Committee may reject any entries it may deem objectionable.

3. Said Committee shall choose the officers at all championship meetings, deliver all prizes and decide, for that event only, all objections to eligibility and qualifications of entries, but must report the same to the Board of Governors at its next meeting.

VI.

TRIALS.

1. Original jurisdiction.

(*a*) In such cases as do not come under the jurisdiction of the Local Registration Committee and Board of Managers of any Association of the Amateur Athletic Union and where the Board of Governors has original jurisdiction, the complainant

shall submit to the Board his charges in writing and in detail, signed by himself. In case said charges are not deemed worthy of investigation the Board shall dismiss the case unless it shall see fit to request further information from the complainant.

(*b*) In case the Board shall deem such charges, either as originally submitted, or as amended, worthy of investigation, it shall forthwith send a copy thereof to the person charged, who shall, within fifteen days after the receipt thereof, file with the Secretary-Treasurer of the Union his answer in detail thereto, himself.

(*c*) The Board may, upon such charges and answers, dismiss such case; but if not, shall refer the same to a Committee, which Committee shall, upon not less than ten days' notice to both parties, appoint a time and place when evidence will be taken upon such charges, and shall have discretion to adjourn such hearing from time to time, as may seem just and proper.

(*d*) Within ten days after the closing of the evidence, such committee shall make and file its report with the Secretary of the Union, which report shall be submitted to the Board of Governors at its next meeting, at which due notice of the intended submission of such report can be given, unless a mail vote shall be taken upon the acceptance of the report, as hereinbefore provided, in which case a copy of the report and the evidence shall be mailed to each member of the Board of Governors, except the Trial Committee. In case no decision has been reached by the Board within ninety days after the charge was first filed by the complainant, the person accused shall be deemed to have been acquitted, and said charge shall stand as dismissed, as though formal action had been taken to that effect by a vote of the Board.

(*e*) Should the person charged fail to appear and defend, he shall be considered as having admitted the truth of the charges, and in case of such default, or his conviction, he shall suffer the penalty fixed by the Board of Governors under the Constitution of this organization.

(*f*) Should the accused be found innocent, he shall at once be so declared and the fact made public by the Board of Governors in such manner as it may determine. And in that case the expenses of such trial, or so much thereof as shall be determined by the Board of Governors, shall be paid by the complainant.

2. Appellate jurisdiction.

(*a*) In cases of appellate jurisdiction, all papers and documents, and the facts in writing upon which the decision appealed from was made, together with a copy of such decision

shall, on the request of the appellant and at his expense, be prepared and certified by the original trial tribunal and submitted to the Board of Governors.

(*b*) The Board shall thereupon, upon not less than ten days' notice to the appellant and respondent, hear argument itself, or by its committee, upon the question or matter involved, and may call for other or further evidence or witnesses, but such evidence or witnesses must be produced within a period to be fixed by the Board or its committee, which shall not be more than thirty days from the date of such first hearing.

(*c*) The final decision of the committee (if the trial be before a committee) shall be filed with the Secretary of the Union within fifteen days after the final hearing, and, in any case, the decision of the Board of Governors shall be rendered within thirty days after such final hearing, the vote being taken by mail, or at a special meeting, as shall be proper.

(*d*) In case either the appellant or respondent fails to appear at the first hearing, the appeal shall go against him by default, unless both should fail to appear, in which case the appeal shall stand dismissed. The Board of Governors may adjudge that the expenses of the appeal, or so much thereof as shall seem to them proper, shall be paid by the unsuccessful party. The decision upon such appeal shall be at once transmitted by the Secretary to every member of the Union, and shall be otherwise made public in such manner as the Board of Governors shall determine.

3. Refusal to testify.

Any person who shall refuse to appear to testify before the Board or its committee on any hearing or to answer any question which the Board or its committee shall rule to be proper, or to declare in writing his belief as to the amateur standing of any individual upon trial by the Union in the exercise of either its original or appellate jurisdiction, or any party who upon appeal shall fail to pay the expenses adjudged against him, shall be liable to suspension from competition or such other discipline as the Board or its Committee may determine until he has purged himself of such refusal.

VII.

AMENDMENTS.

These By-Laws may be amended at any meeting of the Board, or by mail or telegraph vote, by a majority of the members voting, provided that at least twenty days' notice shall have been given to every member of the Board of the proposed amendment.

GENERAL RULES

RULE I.

COMPETITION OF NON-RESIDENTS.

1. Any amateur athlete, not a resident of the United States, desiring to compete in any athletic competition under the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union, must submit to the National Registration Committee, through the Secretary of the Amateur Athletic Union, a certificate from the governing body (recognized by the Amateur Athletic Union) of the country wherein he resides that he is an amateur and eligible as such to compete in any amateur competition.

2. Such non-resident athlete shall apply to the National Registration Committee for a permit to compete under the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union, stating the place or places where he or she proposes to compete or exhibit, and the financial or other arrangements made for such appearance. The money required for traveling or other expenses for each appearance of such athlete must be deposited with the Chairman of the National Registration Committee, who shall pass same over to the athlete if the arrangements meet with the approval of the National Registration Committee. The athlete can only compete at such times and places as the permit calls for.

RULE II.

COMPETITION ABROAD.

1. Any amateur athlete, a resident of the United States, desiring to compete in amateur competitions in any other country, must, before such competition, secure from the National Registration Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States a permit, on petition of the club of which he is a member approved by the District Association wherein such club is located, that will authorize him to compete as an amateur in any other country.

RULE III.

PROFESSIONAL CONTESTS AND UNSANCTIONED COMPETITION.

1. Any club, a member of any Association of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States, which permits the competition of any member, or any team, under its club name or its club emblem, in unsanctioned sport or professional contest, or which persists in playing disqualified or suspended athletes, or which permits professionals to compete under its auspices in a sport over which such competition is announced as a competition between amateurs, shall be liable to forfeit its membership in such Association.

RULE IV.

SUSPENSION OR DISQUALIFICATION OF INDIVIDUALS.

1. Any person competing or exhibiting at open sports, or any athletic entertainment, including athletic meetings promoted by companies, incorporated bodies, individuals or associations of individuals, or in conjunction with a benefit, social or picnic entertainment, unless the same are given under the sanction of the Amateur Athletic Union or of one of its allied members, shall thereby disqualify himself from competing at any sports given under sanction of the Amateur Athletic Union.

2. The Registration Committee of the Association in whose territory the offense was committed shall have the power to reinstate anyone so disqualified, if it shall think fit.

3. No person shall be allowed to compete or exhibit at any meeting, open or closed, held under Amateur Athletic Union Rules while disqualified or under suspension of this Union, or any of its active or allied members.

4. Any person knowingly competing against one who is disqualified or under sentence of suspension by this Union, or any of its active or allied members, shall be held to have suspended himself until the expiration of such sentence, or for such period as the Registration Committee of the Association in whose territory the offense was committed may deem proper.

5. No application for reinstatement to full amateur status shall be entertained unless the applicant shall have abstained from all professional conduct for two years, and such application can be acted upon only at a meeting of the Amateur Athletic Union or of the Board of Governors. A two-thirds vote shall be necessary for reinstatement.

6. Any person receiving compensation for services performed in any capacity in connection with athletic games, or in an athletic club, will be ineligible to represent such club in games held under the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union until he shall have permanently abandoned such employment. The abandonment of such employment shall not entitle a person to compete as an amateur who is not eligible under Article X of the Constitution.

7. No person who, at any time since the organization of the Amateur Athletic Union, has knowingly become a professional shall be reinstated as an amateur.

8. Any member of any club of any of the Associations of the Amateur Athletic Union who shall have been expelled from said club for unpaid indebtedness shall not be eligible to compete in any games given by any Association of the Amateur Athletic Union, or by any club of any Association of the Amateur Athletic Union, until such indebtedness is liquidated.

9. In all cases where an athlete receives money to cover traveling expenses, whether from his own club or any other organization, he shall immediately, upon his return home, send to the Chairman of the Registration Committee of his own district a signed statement showing the amount received and an itemized account of his expenses. When any money is paid to an athlete for traveling expenses, the organization or committee making such payment shall be required to take a receipt therefor in duplicate, containing an itemized statement of such expenses, and forward immediately one copy thereof to the Chairman of the Registration Committee of the Association in which the athlete is registered, and one copy thereof to the Chairman of the Registration Committee of the Association in whose district the meeting is held, such receipts and statements to be kept on file by said chairmen respectively. Any athlete failing to promptly forward the statement, as required above, shall be liable to suspension; and any organization failing to secure and forward the receipt, as above provided, shall be liable to suspension or refusal of sanction as the case may be.

10. The traveling expenses which an athlete is allowed to ask for, receive or accept are limited to first class railroad fare, including parlor car and single berth sleeping car fares actually paid, and the amount actually paid for meals and lodging, which amount for meals and lodging shall not exceed $7,00 per day in any case during the time necessarily occupied in going to and returning from a meeting, and which amount for any single meal shall not exceed $2.00. In a case where the meeting is more than 150 miles from an athlete's home, expenses may also be allowed for not more than one day before and one day after the meeting, unless a longer period is specially approved by the local registration committee. No traveling expenses or payment of any kind for manager, trainer, rubber, friend or relative, and no payment for loss of time or wages, shall be asked for or received directly or indirectly, except that women swimmers may be allowed to ask for and receive actual traveling expenses for a chaperone, not to exceed the amount hereinbefore allowed for an athlete. Any athlete violating this rule shall thereby render himself ineligible for further competition as an amateur.

11. An athlete who permits anyone other than an officer of the club which he is entitled to represent in competition to make arrangements for his appearance at an athletic meeting shall thereby render himself ineligible for further competition as an amateur.

12. An athlete who desires to compete at any place more than twenty-five miles from his residence must receive a permit so to do from the Chairman of the Registration Committee of the Association in which the athlete is registered, who shall keep a record of the same, and upon the failure of the athlete to file, immediately upon his return home a statement as to the manner in which his expenses were paid he shall be considered to have suspended himself and he will be ineligible to compete

at any games until reinstated. Such permit shall state the dates and places when and where such athlete is allowed to compete. All negotiations for the appearance of such athlete shall be conducted with the club to which the athlete is affiliated or, in the case of an unattached athlete, with the registration committee of his local district, and such permit shall be filed with the registration committee of the district in which the games are held.

13. Any person receiving compensation for services performed as a lifeguard, bath or playground attendant, and in connection therewith, either as a duty or otherwise, coaches, instructs or exhibits, is automatically disqualified for further competition as an amateur. If no coaching, instruction or exhibitions are given, such employment does not disqualify, but such athlete shall be ineligible for competition during the period of such employment and until such employment is permanently abandoned.

RULE V.

OFFICIAL HANDICAPPERS.

1. It shall be the duty of the official handicappers to keep books containing the names and performances of all registered athletes in their districts and to handicap all handicap games or events. These books shall be the property of the respective Associations of the Amateur Athletic Union. The official handicappers shall check the entries of all novices without charge, being sure that they are registered.

2. They shall receive and handicap all entries furnished them by the proper parties up to the time they return their lists, but no entry shall be handicapped on the day of the games.

3. The Committee in charge of all open handicap games or events given under the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union must employ the official handicapper, and must furnish him with the original entry blanks and also a list of all entries in duplicate, and the handicapper must mark the handicaps on such lists as well as on the original entry blanks, and return one copy of such list with the entries to the Committee, retaining the other copy for comparison with the programme.

4. No competitor shall be allowed to start whose name is not on the printed programme, unless his name was omitted through error, and no change shall be made in the handicaps as shown on the programme, unless the handicap was erroneously printed, or omitted, or unless the handicapper makes the change, by written notification to the Referee and to the Clerk of the Course, before the competition starts in the event in which the change is made.

5. The total number of entries in all handicap events, added together, shall determine the number of entries, each name in each event counting separately, and the association or the handicapper, as the association may

determine, shall receive ten cents for each separate entry, but no meeting shall be handicapped for less than Five Dollars, and all fees for handicapping must be paid before the handicaps are delivered. The compensation of the handicapper shall be fixed by each association. Any Association, however, may make such charge as it deems wise for handicapping competitions open only to soldiers and sailors in active service and road races conducted by a member of such Association, where no revenue is derived other than from the entry fees.

6. The handicapper shall not be required to handicap an entry unless the entry blank is properly filled out showing past performances and registration number.

7. When for any reason the official handicapper shall fail to handicap any set of games, the entries shall be sent to the local member of the Registration Committee, who shall see that they are properly handicapped and returned.

RULE VI.

CHAMPIONSHIP MEETINGS.

TRACK AND FIELD.

1. The annual Track and Field Championships of the Amateur Athletic Union shall consist of a Senior Class and a Junior Class. The Senior Class shall be open to all registered amateur athletes and the Junior Class shall be open to any registered amateur athlete who has not won a first place at any Track and Field or Cross-Country Championship Meeting of the Amateur Athletic Union, or of the International Olympic Committee, or of the Intercollegiate Association of Amateur Athletes of America, or of the Intercollegiate Conference Athletic Association, or of the Pacific Coast Intercollegiate Conference, of of Canada, Australia, or any foreign country.

2. The fact that an athlete has been on a winning cross-country or relay team shall not disqualify him from the Junior Class in Track and Field Championships.

3. The winner of any event in the Junior Championships shall be ineligible for any further competition in the Junior Class. Nothing shall prevent an athlete entering both Senior and Junior Championships and competing in both classes the same day, provided he has not previously won a Senior Championship.

4. The annual Track and Field Championships shall be as follows:

a. **Outdoor Meeting**—Order of events.

100 Yards Run. Trials.
100 Yards Run. Semi-Finals.
120 Yards Hurdle. Trials.
120 Yards Hurdle. Semi-finals.

One-Mile Run.
440 Yards Run. Trials.
100 Yards Run. Final.
120 Yards Hurdle. Final.
Three-Mile Walk.
440 Yards Hurdle. Trials.
220 Yards Run. Trials.
220 Yards Run. Semi-finals.
440 Yards Run. Final.
220 Yards Hurdle. Trials.
220 Yards Hurdle. Semi-finals.
440 Yards Hurdle. Final.
Five-Mile Run.
220 Yards Run. Final.
220 Yards Hurdle. Final.
880 Yards Run.
Pole Vault for Height.
Putting 16-lb. Shot.
Running High Jump.
Running Broad Jump.
Throwing 16-lb. Hammer.
Throwing the 56-lb. Weight.
Throwing the Discus.
Running Hop, Step and Jump.
Throwing the Javelin.

If enough competitors do not answer roll call to make more than one heat in an event, such heat shall be considered the final.

b. **Indoor Meeting.**

The order of events shall be determined by the Championship Committee.

60 Yards Run.
300 Yards Run.
600 Yards Run.
1,000 Yards Run.
Two-Mile Run.
One-Mile Walk.
Running High Jump.
Relay Race. Teams of four men—First man to run 440 yards; second, 220 yards; third, 880 yards; fourth, 1 mile.
Standing Broad Jump.
Standing High Jump.
Putting 16-lb. Shot.
70 Yards Hurdle, 5 flights 3 ft. 6 in. high.

c. Ten-Mile Run. Outdoor.

d. Seven-Mile Walk. Outdoor.

e. Pentathlon.

f. Decathlon.

g. **All-Around Competition**—Order of Events.
Scoring on the percentage basis.

(1) 100 Yards Run.
(2) Putting 16-lb. Shot.
(3) Running High Jump.
(4) 880 Yards Walk.
(5) Throwing 16-lb. Hammer.
(6) Pole Vault for Height.
(7) 120 Yards Hurdle, 10 flights 3 feet 6 inches high.
(8) Throwing 56-lb. Weight for Distance.
(9) Running Broad Jump.
(10) One-Mile Run.

h. Steeplechase.

i. Relay Races.
440 Yards.
880 Yards.
One Mile.
Two Miles.
Four Miles.

j. One Mile Team Race. Teams of four men, running equal distances, and representing an active Association of this Union.

k. Two Mile Team Races. Teams of five; positions of first three to be counted.

5. The Championship Committee shall have the power to determine whether championships for the Junior Class shall be held in other than Outdoor Meeting, and shall also have the power to determine whether championships shall be held in one or both of the competitions under subdivisions "e," "f," "g," "h," "i," "j" and "k" in any one year.

CROSS-COUNTRY.

6. The Annual Cross-Country Championships of the Amateur Athletic Union shall consist of a Senior Class and a Junior Class. The distance shall be not less than 6 miles nor more than 6½ miles. The Senior Class shall be open to all registered amateur athletes, and the Junior Class shall be open to any registered amateur athlete who has not won a first place in running at a distance of 880 yards or over, at any Track and Field Championship Meeting of the Amateur Athletic Union, or of the Inter-

national Olympic Committee, or of any Intercollegiate Association, or of Canada, Australia, or any foreign country, or who has not been a member of a team winning the Senior or Junior Cross-Country Championship of the Amateur Athletic Union, or of the International Olympic Committee, or of any Intercollegiate Association, or of Canada, Australia, or any foreign country.

7. The fact that an athlete has been on a winning cross-country team shall not render him ineligible to the Junior Individual Cross-Country Championship.

8. In the Cross-Country Championships the prizes shall consist of individual prizes to first, second and third, and a team trophy for the team scoring the lowest number of points. Team entries are to be limited to eight men, and only the score of the first five members of the team shall count.

GENERAL.

9. The entries for all Amateur Athletic Union Championships shall close with the Chairman of the Championship Committee or such person as he may designate for that purpose. The winner of a Junior Championship shall be permitted to compete in any event in the Senior Championship in the same year, upon paying his entry fee. The Championship Committee shall have power to suspend any athlete who fails to pay his entry fee.

10. Protests affecting the right of any athlete to compete in any championship meeting shall be made to the Chairman before the championship meeting is held, and if the Committee deems it advisable, the athlete may compete under protest. The Committee may provide for a trial or hearing in relation to the protest, and its decision shall be final. The Committee shall also have absolute power to reject any entry. The Championship Committee may refer the case of a protested athlete to the Registration Committee of the Association in which the athlete is registered, if they deem it advisable.

11. The Championship Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States shall appoint the officials and manage all Championship Meetings.

12. If practicable, at least thirty days' notice of the time and place of holding each Championship shall be given to the Secretary of each active and allied member of the Amateur Athletic Union, who shall forthwith send notice thereof to each member of his own association.

13. In the Championships of the various Associations of the Amateur Athletic Union, eligibility to the respective Junior Classes shall be governed by the same restrictions as stated in paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11 and 12, and in addition thereto the winner of a first place in an Association Track and Field or Cross-Country Championship shall

be thereafter ineligible in the Junior Association Track and Field and Junior Association Cross-Country Championships, and the winner of a first place in running, at a distance of 880 yards or over, at an Association Championship, or who has been a member of a team winning a Junior or Senior Cross-Country Championship of any association, shall be thereafter ineligible in the Junior Association Cross-Country Championships, and the winner of a first place in any class in an Association Swimming Championship, shall be thereafter ineligible in the Junior Association Swimming Championships in such class, and the winner of a first place in any Individual Gymnastic Championship shall be thereafter ineligible in the Junior Association Individual Gymnastic Championship, but shall remain eligible for the Junior Association All-Around Gymnastic Championship, and may continue to compete in the other Junior Individual events for the purpose of scoring points for the All-Around Championship, his position, however, in such Individual events not to be counted and no prize to be awarded to him for such other Individual events.

14. The Championship Committee may also in its discretion hold championships in basket ball, boxing, gymnastics, handball, tug-of-war, volley ball, weight lifting, catch-as-catch-can wrestling, and Greco-Roman wrestling.

15. Championship Die Medal. Design. On the obverse side of a round medal shall be stamped a design representing "Fortuna," and the words, AMATEUR ATHLETIC UNION OF THE UNITED STATES, MDCCCLXXX VIII. On the reverse side there shall be stamped the word CHAMPION and symbols emblematic of various sports. Suitable space shall be provided upon which to engrave the event and year.

SIZE

The size of the Senior Medal shall be one and three-quarter inches (1¾) in diameter.

The size of the Junior Medal shall be one and one-half inches (1½) in diameter.

The size of the Team Medal shall be one and one-quarter inches (1¼) in diameter.

The silver and bronze medals shall be the same in diameter and thickness as the gold medals.

All gold medals shall be no less than ten karats.

QUALITY AND WEIGHT

Gold Senior Medals shall not weigh less than twenty-two pennyweights.

Gold Junior Medals shall not weigh less than eighteen pennyweights.

Gold Team Medals shall not weigh less than fourteen pennyweights.

Medals shall be attached with a red, white, and blue silk ribbon to a bar of the same quality of metal as the medal bearing the word "Championship."

RULE VII.

RECORDS.

1. No record shall be accepted unless timed by at least three official Timekeepers, or, in field events, unless measured with a steel tape by at least three Field Judges.

2. The Record Committee shall investigate every performance to which their attention is called and shall be empowered, in their discretion, to reject any record which shall not be supported by the affidavits of at least six officials certifying as to the place, time of day, state of weather, condition of path or field, force and direction of wind, level or grade of grounds, weight, measurement and material of implement, and correctness of announced time or distance.

3. No record claimed for the hammer, discus, shot, javelin or heavy weight shall be allowed unless it has been made with an implement which complies with the specifications for official implements adopted by the International Amateur Athletic Federation and the Amateur Athletic Union, and it must also be certified as to weight, measurement and material on the date of competition. Such implement must be stamped with the official seal of the Amateur Athletic Union as follows:

The Secretary of the Amateur Athletic Union shall be empowered to authorize the stamping of implements with the official seal of the Amateur Athletic Union and shall keep a record of all such authorization on file in his office.

4. The Record Committee is authorized to examine any performance if made under other than record conditions and if in the opinion of the Record Committee such performance is worthy of being recorded it shall be noted under "Noteworthy Performances."

5. No record shall be accepted unless made in open competition and in an event for which entries were regularly made upon the forms adopted by the Amateur Athletic Union, and where the event and entries appeared on the programme of the meeting.

TRACK AND FIELD.

6. In Track and Field Competition Amateur Athletic Union records shall be recognized only at the following distances and events:

RUNNING.

60 yards.
100 yards.
220 yards.
300 yards.
440 yards.
600 yards.
880 yards.
1,000 yards.
1,320 yards.
10 miles, and every 5 miles up to 25 miles.
1 hour.
2 hours.

1 mile.
2 miles.
3 miles.
4 miles.
5 miles.
6 miles.
7 miles.
8 miles.
9 miles.

100 meters.
200 meters.
300 meters.
400 meters.
500 meters.
800 meters.
1,000 meters.
1,500 meters.
2,000 meters.
3,000 meters.
4,000 meters.
Every 5 kilometers up to 40 kilometers.
1 hour.
2 hours.

5,000 meters.
6,000 meters.
7,000 meters.
8,000 meters.
9,000 meters.
10,000 meters.
15,000 meters.
20,000 meters.
25,000 meters.
30,000 meters.
40,000 meters.

WALKING.

1 mile.
2 miles.
3 miles.
4 miles.
5 miles.
6 miles.
7 miles.
1 hour.
2 hours.

8 miles.
9 miles.
10 miles.
15 miles.
20 miles.
25 miles.

1,000 meters.
2,000 meters.
3,000 meters.
4,000 meters.
5,000 meters.
6,000 meters.
7,000 meters.
1 hour.
2 hours.

8,000 meters.
9,000 meters.
10,000 meters.
15,000 meters.
20,000 meters.
25,000 meters.

HURDLES.

70 yards, six hurdles, 3 feet 6 inches high.

Ten hurdles each:

120 yards, 3 feet 6 inches high.
220 yards, 2 feet 6 inches high.
440 yards, 3 feet high.

110 meters, 3 feet 6 inches high.
200 meters, 2 feet 6 inches high.
400 meters, 3 feet high.

JUMPING.

Standing high jump, without weights.
Running high jump, without weights.
One standing broad jump, without weights.
Running broad jump.
Running hop, step and jump.

VAULTING.

Pole vault for height.
Pole vault for distance.

THROWING THE HAMMER.

Sixteen-pound hammer.

PUTTING THE SHOT.

Sixteen-pound shot.

THROWING THE WEIGHTS.

Fifty-six pound weight for distance. Fifty-six pound weight for height.

THROWING THE JAVELIN. THROWING THE DISCUS.

RELAY.

Four men to run equal distances.

440 yards.	2 miles.	400 meters.	3,200 meters.
880 yards.	4 miles.	800 meters.	6,000 meters.
1,760 yards.		1,600 meters.	

MEDLEY RELAY RACE.

Four men to run.

First man to run 440 yards. Third man to run 880 yards.
Second man to run 220 yards. Fourth man to run one mile.

RULE VIII.

POINT TROPHIES.

1. When a trophy, or prize, is given for points in road races or cross-country running, it shall be awarded to the club whose team scores the least number of points, such points to be counted according to the positions in which the representatives of such club finish. In case of a tie on points, the team whose individual member finished nearest to first place shall be the winner.

2. Positions of contestants who are not entered for a team prize and positions of contestants representing a club which does not finish a full team of five men, and positions of contestants who finish behind the fifth member of their team, shall not be counted.

3. In track and field competitions such trophy shall be awarded to the club scoring the greatest number of points on the basis of 5 points for first, 3 for second, 2 for third and 1 for fourth place.

4. When two or more clubs are tied in the number of points, the trophy shall be awarded to the club whose representatives score the greatest number of first places. If two or more clubs are still tied for points, then to the club whose representatives score the greatest number of

second places. If two or more clubs are still tied, the trophy shall be cut in equal parts. In Boxing and Wrestling competitions such trophy shall be awarded to the club scoring the greatest number of points on the basis of 5 points for first, 3 for second and 1 point to each contestant who unsuccessfully competed in the semi-final round.

5. When a trophy or prize is given for points scored by an individual athlete in track and field events it shall be awarded to the athlete scoring the greatest number of points on the basis of five points for the first, three for second, two for third and one for fourth place. When two or more athletes are tied in the number of points the trophy shall be awarded to the athlete who scored the greatest number of first places. If two or more individuals are still tied for points, then to the individual who scores the greatest number of second places. If two or more individuals are still tied the trophy shall be cut in equal parts.

6. Events not advertised on entry blanks, and events, other than novice events, which are not open to all registered athletes, shall not count in points scored.

RULE IX.

ELIGIBILITY TO LIMITED EVENTS.

1. The eligibility to compete in events that are limited to competitors who have never accomplished a certain time, distance or height in a given event, shall be determined by the competitor's record when the entries for such event closed.

2. In all competitions in which classification is by weight, competitors must weigh in for both trials and finals, within three hours of the beginning of each competition.

RULE X.

DEFINITION OF A NOVICE.

1. An athlete shall be held to be a novice in each of the classes specified in Article III of the Constitution until he shall have won a place prize, as distinguished from a team prize, other than a survivor's token, in a competition in that class open to the members of two or more clubs. He shall not, however, be eligible for a novice team after once having been a member of a prize winning novice team.

2. The winning of such a prize shall prevent his future competition as a novice in that class, although his entry may have been made before he lost his standing as a novice.

3. When in the opinion of the Registration Committee it is satisfactorily proven that an athlete has intentionally avoided winning a prize, he shall thereby forfeit his right to compete in future competitions as a novice in that class.

4. For the purpose of defining a novice in swimming, the winning of a prize in any one of the following classes does not affect an athlete's standing as a novice in any of the other classes: Free Style Swimming, Back Stroke, Breast Stroke, Diving, Plunge for Distance, Water Polo.

5. An athlete scoring points for his club in winning a point trophy in road races or cross-country running, who has not received an individual prize in such race shall still be eligible as a novice for an individual prize but cannot again score points for his club in a team competition for novices.

RULE XI.

ENTRIES.

1. All entries for competition held under Amateur Athletic Union rules must be made on the entry forms adopted by the Amateur Athletic Union.

2. An athlete who fails to compete after entering an event in a *bona fide* way, and according to the rules, shall be required to furnish a satisfactory excuse for such failure or render himself liable to censure or suspension by the local registration committee.

RULE XII.

PROFESSIONAL CONTESTS FORBIDDEN.

1. No professional contest or exhibition shall be allowed at any games, meetings or entertainments held under the auspices of the Amateur Athletic Union. A regularly employed instructor, however, may take part with his pupils in group exhibitions only.

2. No competition shall be held between an amateur and a professional, and where both amateur and professional contests are held at the same place and on the same day, all amateur events must either precede the professional events or *vice versa*.

3. This rule shall not apply to bicycling events given under the sanction of the National Cycling Association.

RULE XIII.

REPORT OF GAMES.

1. The Official Scorers at all games given under the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union shall be required to deliver to the Official Handicapper and to the Chairman of the Registration Committee of the Association in whose territory the games are held, within twenty-four hours after the close of the games, the official scores of all contests at such meeting. The Clerk of the Course at such meeting shall also be required to deliver in the same manner a complete list of all starters in each event. Any club that shall fail to file the necessary report of games shall be refused further sanctions until such report be filed.

RULE XIV.

ATHLETES' ATTIRE.

1. No athlete shall be allowed to wear the emblem of any club or organization which he is not eligible to represent in open competition under the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union.

2. Athletes in track and field events shall be required to wear trunks or breeches reaching to within four inches of the knee, and the clothing must be clean and so designed and worn as to not make an indecent display of the competitor's person. It shall be the duty of the Clerk of the Course to see that each and every contestant is properly attired, and under no circumstances shall athletes be allowed to dress or undress, except in the rooms or places provided for that purpose.

3. Competitors in swimming events shall be required to wear a regulation costume known as the A. A. U. racing suit, and in accordance with the following regulations: Men—Material shall be of dark color only. The suit shall extend not less than four inches below the crotch, and shall be cut in a straight line around the circumference of the leg. The armhole shall be cut no lower than four inches below the armpit. A supporter of dark color must be worn underneath suit. Women—Material shall be of dark color only. In the front, the suit shall be cut not lower than three and one-half inches below the pit of the neck. At the back of the neck it shall not be lower than the front. The armhole shall be cut not lower than two and one-half inches below the armpit and be cut not more than two inches from the crease of arm in front and back, and the shoulder strap at this point shall measure not less than two inches. The trouser leg shall extend half way from hip-bone to knee and be cut in a straight line around the circumference of the leg. Trousers may be shorter provided the suit has an attached skirt measuring half way to the knee. Contestants shall be required to come cloaked to the starting post and recloak immediately after emerging from the water.

RULE XV.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION.

1. In distance events exceeding five miles no competitor shall be allowed to start unless he is over eighteen years of age and has passed a physical examination to be made by a physician appointed by the club or organization holding the event.

RULE XVI.

RECOGNITION OF LEAGUES, FEDERATIONS AND GROUPS.

1. No Association of the Amateur Athletic Union shall be allowed to recognize any league, federation or group of clubs within its jurisdiction, unless the said league, federation or group of clubs is a member of the Association.

RULE XVII.

OPEN SPORTS.

1. Open sports are those in which the events are open to members of more than one club, school, college or other organization.

RULE XVIII.

SANCTIONS AND PRIZES.

1. All games, meetings, benefits or entertainments of any kind where athletes compete or exhibit must be sanctioned, except where the same are held by a club member of the Amateur Athletic Union or its allied bodies, and the entries are confined to members of the club giving such games, meetings, benefits or entertainments.

2. All organizations which have received sanction for any contest where prizes are stated on entry blanks, shall be required to send to the local registration committee, before the date of the games, a copy of the entry blank, and must state the value of the prizes to be given for each event.

3. No sanction shall be given to any organization which has failed to give prizes as stated on their entry blanks, and with every sanction granted, shall be sent a copy of Section 6, Article XI, of the Constitution and a copy of this rule.

RULE XIX.

IDENTIFICATION CARDS.

1. Cards of identification shall be issued annually by the Secretary of each Association to the members of the Registration Committee, the Official Handicapper, Assistant Handicappers and Athletic Commissioners, which shall entitle them to free admission to the field at all games held in their respective districts under the jurisdiction of the Amateur Athletic Union.

RULE XX.

COMPETITION DURING AN ACTUAL STATE OF WAR.

During the existence of an actual state of war registered athletes who are commissioned or enlisted in the United States service may represent their military or naval organization without transfer of registration and without affecting their right to subsequently represent the club from which they are registered, and entries from such athletes may be received and handicapped on the day of the competition, and such athletes shall be permitted to compete although their names are not on the printed programme.

ATHLETIC RULES

TRACK AND FIELD EVENTS.

RULE I.

OFFICIALS.

1. All amateur meetings shall be under the direction of

A Games Committee.
A Game Committee.
One Referee.
Two or more Inspectors.
Four or more Judges at Finish.
One Chief Field Judge.
Three or more Field Judges.
Three Timekeepers.
One Judge of Walking.
One Field Doctor.
One Starter.
One Clerk of the Course.
One Scorer.
One Press Steward.
One Official Surveyor.
One Marshal.

2. If deemed necessary, assistants may be provided for the Timekeepers, the Judge of Walking, the Clerk of the Course, the Scorer, the Press Steward and the Marshal, and an Official Announcer may also be appointed.

3. No official shall act in a dual capacity, nor shall any track team or club team manager act as an official at a track and field championship meet.

RULE II.

THE GAMES COMMITTEE.

1. In championship meetings, the Games Committee shall be appointed by the Championship Committee.

2. At any club meeting the Games Committee shall be appointed by the club holding the meeting.

3. This Committee shall provide a place properly laid out and measured to conform to all the requirements of these rules and shall also furnish all implements and equipment necessary for the satisfactory com-

petition of the events scheduled in the officials programme, and shall have jurisdiction of all matters not assigned by these rules to the Referee or other games officials.

RULE III.

REFEREE.

1. The Referee shall enforce all the rules and decisions of the Athletic Union, and shall decide all questions relating to the actual conduct of the meeting, the final settlement of which is not otherwise assigned by said rules.

RULE IV.

INSPECTORS.

1. It shall be the duty of an Inspector to stand at such point as the Referee may designate; to watch the competition closely, and in case of a foul or violation of the rules by a competitor or other person, to report to the Referee what he saw of the incident.

2. Such Inspectors are merely assistants to the Referee, to whom they shall report, and have no power to make any decisions.

RULE V.

JUDGES AT FINISH.

1. There shall be four or more Judges at Finish, who shall decide the order in which the competitors finish in the competition. In case of a disagreement, the majority shall decide. Their decision as to the order in which the men finish shall be final and without appeal. When possible, Judges shall stand at least six feet back from, and in line with the finish.

RULE VI.

FIELD JUDGES.

1. The Chief Field Judge shall see that all implements and equipments are in accordance with these rules and that the field events are conducted expeditiously.

2. The Field Judges shall measure, judge and record each trial of each competitor in all games, whose record is of distance or height. Their decision as to the performance of each man shall be final and without appeal.

3. In the javelin, hammer and discus competitions a distinctive flag shall be provided with which to mark the throws of each competitor, and a special flag to mark the existing world's record.

RULE VII.

TIMEKEEPERS.

1. Each of the three Timekeepers shall time every event. In case two of their watches agree, and the third disagrees, the time marked by the

two shall be official time. If all watches disagree, the time marked by the watch giving the middle time shall be the official time. Time shall be taken from the flash of the pistol.

2. Should assistants to the Timekeepers be provided, they shall perform like duties, but the time recorded by their watches shall only be accepted in the event of one or more of the watches held by the other Timekeepers failing to mark the time, in which case they shall be called upon in such order as may be previously decided upon, so that on all races, where possible, three watches shall record the time.

3. If, for any reason, only two watches record the time of an event, and they fail to agree, the longest time of the two shall be accepted as the official time.

RULE VIII.

JUDGE OF WALKING.

1. The Judge of Walking shall have sole power to determine the fairness or unfairness of walking, and his rulings thereon shall be final and without appeal. He shall caution any competitor whenever walking unfairly, the third caution to disqualify, except that he shall immediately disqualify any competitor when walking unfairly during the last 220 yards of a race. He shall control his assistants, and assign to them such of his duties as he may deem proper. See Rule XLVIII.

RULE IX.

CLERK OF THE COURSE.

1. The Clerk of the Course shall be provided with the names and the numbers of all entered competitors, and he shall notify them to appear at the starting line before the start in each event in which they are entered.

2. In case of handicap events from marks, he shall place each competitor behind his proper mark; shall immediately notify the Starter should any competitor attempt to advance himself after the Starter has warned them to "get ready;" and in time allowance handicaps shall furnish the Starter with the number and time allowance of each actual competitor. He shall control his assistants, and assign to them such duties as he may deem proper. In all track competitions run in lanes the choice of lanes shall be drawn for in each heat; in all other track competitions the positions shall be numbered from the curb or pole and shall be drawn for according to clubs in scratch events, and in handicap events the competitors shall be allotted their positions by the Clerk of the Course.

3. After the Clerk of Course has reported to the Referee the number of men ready to start in the trial heats of a race and the Referee has designated the number of men to compete in each heat and the number of heats to be run as well as the number to qualify in the final, additional men shall not be permitted to start.

RULE X.

SCORER.

1. The Scorer shall record the order in which each competitor finishes his event, together with the time furnished him by the Timekeepers, and the height or distance furnished by the Field Judges. He shall keep a tally of the laps made by each competitor in races covering more than one lap, and shall announce by means of a bell, or otherwise, when the leading man enters the last lap. He shall control his assistants, and assign to them such of his duties as he may deem proper.

RULE XI.

PRESS STEWARDS.

1. Press Stewards shall obtain from the Clerk of the Course and Scorer the names of all starters in each event, the names of all point winners, and the times or distances of each winning or record performance, and keep the press thoroughly informed of all doings of the meeting.

RULE XII.

OFFICIAL SURVEYOR.

1. The Official Surveyor shall survey the track and all courses for the distances which are to be contested and furnish a statement of same to the Games Committee or Referee before the games.

RULE XIII.

MARSHAL.

1. The Marshal shall have full police charge of the enclosure and shall prevent any but officials and actual competitors from entering or remaining therein. He shall control his assistants and assign to them their duties.

RULE XIV.

STARTER.

1. The Starter shall have entire control of the competitors at marks, and shall be the sole judge of fact as to whether or not any man has gone over his mark.

2. All races shall be started by the report of a pistol, except that in time handicap races the word "Go" shall be used.

3. All questions concerning the start shall be decided by the Starter.

4. When any part of the body of the competitor shall touch the ground in front of his mark before the starting signal is given, it shall be considered a false start.

5. If, in the opinion of the Starter, a false start has been made, he can recall the competitors by a second pistol shot, and penalize the offender or the offenders.

6. For all races up to and including 125 yards, the competitor shall be put back 1 yard for the first and another yard for the second attempt; in races over 125 yards and including 300 yards, 2 yards for the first and 2 yards for the second; in races over 300 yards and including 600 yards, 3 yards for the first and 3 yards for the second; in races over 600 yards and including 1,000 yards, 4 yards for the first and 4 yards for the second; in races over 1,000 yards and including 1 mile, 5 yards for the first and 5 yards for the second; in all races over 1 mile, 10 yards for the first and 10 yards for the second. In all cases the third false start shall disqualify the competitor from the event. In relay races the penalty shall be according to the distance the offender is to run in the race.

7. The Starter shall also rule out of that event any competitor who attempts to advance himself from his mark, as prescribed in the official programme, after the Starter has given the warning to "get ready."

8. The Starter must have at least two good cartridges in his pistol before starting a heat.

9. Should the Starter have occasion to warn the competitors on any point, he shall order the competitors to "stand up."

RULE XV.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCER.

1. The Official Announcer shall receive from the Scorer the result of each event and announce the same by voice or by means of a bulletin

RULE XVI.

THE COURSE.

1. Each competitor shall keep in his respective position from start to finish in all races on straightaway tracks. On races with tracks of one or more turns, he shall not cross in front of a competitor until he is two yards in advance of his nearest competitor.

2. In all outdoor championship races of the Amateur Athletic Union or any of its Associations, at any distance under and including 220 yards, each competitor shall have a separate course (at least 3 feet), properly roped, staked and measured, whether the race be run in a straight path or around one or more curves.

In all indoor championship races of the Amateur Athletic Union or any of its Associations, at any distance under and including 300 yards, each competitor shall have a separate course (at least 3 feet), properly marked and measured, whether race be run on a straight path or around one or more curves.

RULE XVII.

ATTENDANTS.

1. Except in distance races of five miles or over, no attendant or competitor who is not actually taking part in the race shall accompany any

competitor on the mark or in the race, nor shall any competitor be allowed, without the permission of the Referee or Judges, to receive assistance or refreshment from anyone during the progress of the race.

RULE XVIII.

THE COMPETITION.

1. Any competitor wilfully jostling, or running across, or obstructing another competitor so as to impede his progress, or competing to lose or to coach another competitor, either in a trial or final contest, shall forfeit his right to be in the competition, and shall not be awarded any position or prize to which he would otherwise have been entitled.

2. No competitor, after leaving the track, shall be allowed to rejoin a race either for the purpose of gaining a place or to pace or assist another competitor.

3. When, in any but the final heat of a race, a claim of foul or interference is made, the Referee shall have the power to disqualify the competitor who was at fault if he considers the foul intentional or due to culpable carelessness, and shall also have the power to allow the hindered competitor to start in the next round of heats, just as if he had been placed in his trial.

4. When, in a final heat, a claim of foul or interference is made, the Referee shall have the power to disqualify the competitor who was at fault, if he considers the foul intentional or due to culpable carelessness, and he shall also have the power to order a new race between such of the competitors as he thinks entitled to such a privilege.

5. Any competitor who shall refuse to obey the directions of the Referee or other proper official, or who shall conduct himself in a manner unbecoming a gentleman, or offensive to the officials, spectators or competitors at any meeting held under the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union, may be disqualified by the Referee from future competition at the meeting, and if the Referee thinks the offense worthy of additional punishment he shall promptly make detailed statement of the offense to the Registration Committee in whose territory the offense was committed.

RULE XIX.

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

1. The order of events, as laid down in the official programme, shall not be charged, nor shall the announced arrangement of heats in any event be added to or altered except by the Referee, who, however, shall have no authority after heats have been duly drawn or published in the programme, to transfer a contestant from one heat to another.

RULE XX.

POSTPONEMENTS.

1. The Referee shall have the power to call off or postpone to a future date any event even though the same has been actually commenced, if in his judgment the competition cannot be conducted or completed in a satisfactory manner and in fairness to the competitors.

2. Should any event have been actually commenced, it shall be conducted (between the competitors who reported on the first date) at a future date in the same manner as though the competition had never been started.

RULE XXI.

COMPETITORS.

1. All competitors shall report to the Clerk of the Course immediately upon their arrival at the place of meeting, and shall be provided by that official with their proper numbers, which must be worn conspicuously by the competitors when competing, and without which they shall not be allowed to start.

2. Each competitor shall inform himself of the time of starting, and shall be promptly at the starting point of each competition in which he is entered, and there report to the Clerk of the Course.

RULE XXII.

FIELD EVENTS.

1. The officials shall have the power to change the place of the competition in any field event if in their opinion the conditions warrant the same.

2. All measurements must be made with a steel tape.

3. In all scratch events the competitors shall take their trials in the order of their names as printed in the programme.

4. In all handicap events the competitor having the greatest allowance shall make the first trial, and so on, in regular order, up to the competitor at scratch or with least allowance, who shall have the last trial.

RULE XXIII.

WEIGHT EVENTS.

1. In all weight events thrown from the circle, except Throwing the Heavy Weight for Height, the competitor must stay in the circle until his attempt is marked by an official.

2. In all weight events thrown from the circle, the competitor may touch the inside of the circle.

3. The circle shall be 7 feet (2.134 meters) in diameter for all weight events except Throwing the Discus, which shall be thrown from a circle 8 feet 2½ inches (2.5 meters) in diameter. The circle shall be measured

from the inside, and in outdoor competitions shall be sunk almost flush with the ground. In indoor competitions the circle may be marked on the floor.

4. For outdoor competitions the surface inside of the circle shall be composed of earth or clay, firmly packed.

RULE XXIV.

THE FINISH.

1. The finish line shall be a line on the ground drawn across the track from finish post to finish post and the men shall be placed in the order in which any part of their bodies (i. e., "torso," as distinguished from the head, arms, feet or hands) crosses such line.

2. For the purpose of aiding the judges, but not as a finish line, there shall be stretched across the track at the finish, 4 feet (1.22 meters) above the ground, a worsted string which shall not be held by the judges, but fastened to the finish post at either side, so it will always be at right angles to the course and parallel to the ground.

3. No competitor shall be considered to have finished unless his entire body shall have crossed the finish line.

RULE XXV.

TRACK MEASUREMENT AND THE DIRECTION OF RUNNING.

1. All distances run or walked shall be measured upon a line 12 inches outward from the inner edge of the track, except that in races on straight-away tracks the distance shall be measured in a direct line from the starting mark to the finish line. There must be a border of board, rope, cement, or other material.

2. The direction of the running shall be left hand inside.

RULE XXVI.

USE OF IMPLEMENTS.

1. A competitor may use his own implement, provided the same complies with the specifications hereinafter set forth, except that in all competitions with the javelin, only javelins provided by the Games Committee may be used.

2. No competitor shall be permitted to use the implement of another competitor without the special consent thereto given by the owner of such implement.

RULE XXVII.

OFFICIAL PEGS.

1. In events where cross-bars and pegs are to be used, pegs shall be without rings and of uniform thickness and must not extend more than 3 inches from the uprights. The cross-bar must be of wood, the ends of which must not project more than 6 inches beyond the pegs.

RULE XXVIII.

PROTESTS.

1. Protests against any entered competitor may be made verbally or in writing to the Games Committee or any member thereof before the meeting, or to the Referee during the meeting. If possible, the Committee or Referee shall decide such protests at once. If the nature of the protest or the necessity of obtaining testimony prevents an immediate decision, the competitor shall be allowed to compete under protest, and the protest shall be decided by the Games Committee within one week, unless its subject be the amateur standing of the competitor or his eligibility to compete, in which case the Games Committee must report such protest within forty-eight hours to the member of the Registration Committee in whose territory the games are being held.

RULE XXIX.

TIES AND DEAD HEATS.

1. (a) If two or more competitors tie at any height in the standing or running high jump, or pole vault, an additional trial at such height shall be allowed, and, if the tie is still unbroken, the bar shall be lowered to the previous height cleared and one more trial allowed.

(*b*) The bar shall then be raised or lowered until the tie is decided, allowing one trial at each said height.

(*c*) In case of a tie in any field event for distance, an additional trial shall be given to decide the ties.

2. In case of a dead heat in any scratch track event the competitors shall not be allowed to divide the prize or points, or to toss for them, but must compete again at a time and place appointed by the Referee.

3. In handicap contests, in both track and field events, the award shall be given to the competitor who received the least allowance. In case of a tie or dead heat between two or more competitors who received the same allowance, the decision shall be made as in scratch contests.

JUMPING.

RULE XXX.

RUNNING HIGH JUMP.

1. The Field Judges shall decide the height at which the jump shall commence, and shall regulate the suceeding elevations.

2. Three jumps are allowed at each height, and a failure at the tihrd attempt shall disqualify.

3. A competitor may commence at any height above the minimum height.

4. At each successive height each competitor shall take one trial in his proper turn; then those failing, if any, shall have their second trial jump in like order, after which those having failed twice shall make their third trial jump.

5. A competitor may decline to jump at any height in his turn, and by so doing, forfeits his right to again jump at the height declined.

6. A fair jump is one where the head of the contestant does not go over the bar before the feet and is not below the buttocks in clearing the bar.

7. The jump shall be made over a bar resting on pegs projecting from the uprights, and when this bar is removed from its place it shall be counted as a trial jump.

Neither diving nor somersaulting over the bar shall be permitted.

8. A line shall be drawn 3 feet in front of the bar and parallel therewith, to be known as a balk line, and stepping over such line, in any attempt, shall be counted as a "balk," and two successive "balks" shall be counted as a trial jump.

9. As soon as a competitor makes a spring in order to jump, this shall be counted as a trial jump.

10. The distance of the run before the jump shall be unlimited.

11. All measurements shall be made perpendicularly from the ground to the upper side of the bar where it is lowest.

12. The employment of weights or grips of any kind is forbidden.

13. A competitor may place a mark for his take-off in running broad or running high jump.

14. The uprights shall not be moved during the competition unless the judges consider the take-off has become unsuitable. Such change, however, shall be made only after a round has been completed.

15. The uprights shall be at least 12 feet (3.66 meters) apart.

16. The take-off ground about the jump must be level.

RULE XXXI.

STANDING HIGH JUMP.

1. The feet of the competitor may be placed in any position, but shall leave the ground only once in making an attempt to jump. When the feet are lifted from the ground twice, or two springs are made in making the attempt, it shall count as one trial jump without result. A competitor may rock forward and backward, lifting heels and toes alternately from the ground, but he may not lift either foot clear from the ground or slide it along in any direction on the ground.

2. With these exceptions, the rules are the same as those for the Running High Jump.

RULE XXXII.

RUNNING BROAD JUMP.

1. The length of the run is unlimited. Each competitor shall be allowed three jumps, and the five best shall be allowed three more jumps. Each competitor shall be credited with the best of all his jumps.

2. When jumped on earth the take-off shall be from a joist sunk flush with the ground, the outer edge of which shall be called the scratch line. In front of the scratch line, over a width of 3.94 inches (10 centimeters), the ground shall be sprinkled with soft earth or sand to make it slightly higher than the take-off joist. The measurement of the jumps shall be made at right angles from the scratch line, or scratch line extended, to the nearest break in the ground made by any part of the body of the competitor.

3. If any competitor swerves aside at the taking-off line, or the line extended, or touches the ground in front of the take-off joist with any part of his shoe or foot, such jump shall not be measured, but it shall be counted against the competitor as one jump.

4. A line shall be drawn 6 feet in rear of the scratch line, to be known as the balk line, and stepping, or falling, over such line, or such line extended, in any attempt, shall be counted as a "balk," and two successive "balks" shall be counted as a trial jump.

5. The rules for the Running High Jump shall govern, where applicable.

RULE XXXIII.

STANDING BROAD JUMPS.

1. (See rules for the Standing High Jump, as well as, where applicable, for the Running Broad Jump.)

RULE XXXIV.

HOP, STEP AND JUMP.

1. The competitor shall first land upon the same foot with which he shall have taken off, the reverse foot shall be used for the second landing, and both feet shall be used for the third landing.

2. In all other respects, the rules for the Running Broad Jump shall govern.

RULE XXXV.

POLE VAULT.

1. The height of the bar at starting and at each successive elevation shall be determined by the Field Judges.

2. Each competitor shall be allowed three jumps at each height, and the competitor who fails at the third attempt shall be disqualified.

3. A competitor may commence at any height above the minimum height. He must, however, jump at every following height until he has

forfeited his right to compete further except in the all-around and decathlon competitions.

4. The vault shall be made over a bar resting on pegs.

5. As soon as a competitor has left the ground for the purpose of making a jump, the jump is counted as a trial.

6. A line shall be drawn 15 feet in front of the bar and parallel therewith, to be known as the balk line, and stepping over such a line, or such line extended, in any attempt, shall be counted as a "balk," and two successive "balks" shall be counted as a trial jump.

7. Any competitor shall be allowed to dig a hole not more than one foot in diameter at the take-off, in which to plant his pole. A wooden box or stopboard sunk in the ground may be allowed.

8. A competitor must not, in the moment that he makes jump, or after leaving the ground, place his lower hand above the upper one or move the upper hand higher up on the pole. If the competitor clears the bar and in doing so the pole should remove same, it shall be considered as a failed try. No attendant shall be allowed to touch the pole unless it is falling away from the bar or uprights.

9. Poles may have a binding, but must not have any further support for the hands.

10. If the uprights are moved, they shall not be moved more than two feet in any direction, and not more than one hole may be made by a competitor. The take-off ground about the jump shall be level.

11. The uprights shall be at least 12 feet (3.66 meters) apart.

12. All measurements shall be made perpendicularly from the ground to the upper side of the bar where it is lowest.

13. In the pole vault, if in making a trial the competitor's pole is broken, it shall not count as a trial.

14. The rules governing the Running Broad Jump shall also govern the Pole Vault for Distance, except that when the man leaves the ground successive "balks" shall be counted as a trial jump.

Note—If the uprights are moved, the Field Judges should make a re-measurement, because if there is any inequality in the ground at all, changing the uprights may make a difference varying from one inch to a quarter of an inch, and a competitor should not be allowed to obtain an advantage in that way.

THROWING.

RULE XXXVI.

THROWING THE DISCUS.

1. All throws, to be valid, must fall within a 90 degree sector marked on the ground.

2. It shall be a foul throw if the competitor, after he has stepped into the circle and started to make his throw, touches with any part of his

body or clothing the ground outside the circle before the discus strikes the ground. It shall also be a foul if the competitor steps on circle.

3. The measurements of each throw shall be made from the nearest mark made by the fall of the discus to the inside circumference of the circle on a line from such mark made by the discus to the center of the circle.

4. Each competitor shall have three trial throws, and the best five shall have three more. Each competitor shall be credited with the best of all his throws.

RULE XXXVII.

PUTTING THE SHOT.

1. The shot shall be put from the shoulder with one hand only, and it must never be brought behind the shoulder.

2. In the middle of the circumference of the circle, at the front half thereof, shall be placed a stop-board, firmly fastened to the ground. In making his puts, the feet of the competitor may rest against but not on top of this board.

3. A fair put shall be one in which no part of the person of the competitor touches the top of the stop-board, the top of the circle, or the ground outside the circle.

4. The measurement of each put shall be taken at the circle from the nearest mark made by the fall of the shot to the inside of the circumference of the circle on a line from such mark made by the shot to the center of the circle.

5. Foul puts and letting go the shot in making an attempt shall be counted as trial puts without result. It shall also be foul if the competitor steps on the circle, or leaves the circle before his throw has been marked.

6. Each competitor shall have three trial puts, and the best five shall have three more. Each competitor shall be credited with the best of all his puts.

7. The use of a harness for the hand composed of a leather strap around the wrist and small fingers from the wrist across the palm of the hand around each finger shall not be permitted.

8. No device of any kind which can be used as a support in aiding to put the shot shall be allowed.

RULE XXXVIII.

JAVELIN THROWING.

1. The throwing shall take place from behind a scratch line properly marked, which shall be a board 2¾ inches (7 centimeters) in width and 12 feet (3.66 meters) in length, sunk flush with the ground.

2. The javelin must be held by the grip, and no other method of holding is admissible.

3. No throw shall be counted in which the point of the javelin does not strike the ground before any part of the shaft.

4. The throw is measured from the point at which the point of the javelin first strikes the ground to the scratch line or the scratch line produced.

5. Each competitor shall have three trial throws, and the best five shall have three more. Each competitor shall be credited with the best of all his throws.

6. The thrower must not place his foot or feet upon the board.

7. In javelin throwing the competitor must not cross the line until his throw has been marked.

8. In throwing the javelin, if the javelin breaks while in the air, it shall not count as a trial.

9. For championship competition only javelins provided by the games committees must be used.

RULE XXXIX.

THROWING THE HEAVY WEIGHT.

1. In making his throw, the competitor may assume any position he chooses and use both hands.

2. Foul throws and letting go the weight in an attempt shall count as trial throws without result.

3. It shall also be a foul if the competitor steps on the circle, or leaves the circle before his throw has been marked.

THROWING FOR DISTANCE.

4. A fair throw shall be one where no part of the body of the competitor touches the top of the circle or the ground outside the circle.

5. The measurement of each throw shall be taken at the circle from the nearest mark made by the fall of any part of the weight or handle to the inside edge of the circumference of the circle on a line from such mark to the center of the circle.

6. Each competitor shall have three trial throws, and the best five shall have three more. Each competitor shall be credited with the best of all his throws.

THROWING FOR HEIGHT.

7. A barrel head 3 feet in diameter shall be suspended horizontally in the air.

8. The Field Judges shall determine the height at which the barrel head shall be fixed at the beginning of the competition, and at each successive elevation.

9. A fair throw shall be one where no part of the body of the competitor touches the ground outside the circle before the weight touches the barrel head, and where any part of the weight or handle touches any part of the barrel head.

10. The measurement of each throw shall be from the ground perpendicularly up to the lowest part of the barrel head.

11. The method of competition shall be the same as in the Running High Jump.

RULE XL.

THROWING THE HAMMER.

1. All throws to be valid must fall within a 90 degree sector marked on the ground.

2. A fair throw shall be where no part of the body of the competitor touches the ground outside the circle.

3. It shall also be a foul if the competitor steps on the circle or leaves the circle before his throw has been marked.

4. Each competitor shall have three trial throws, and the best five shall have three more. Each competitor shall be credited with the best of all his throws.

5. The measurement of the throws shall be from the nearest edge of the first mark made by the head of the hammer to the inside circumference of the circle on a line from such mark made by the hammer to the center of circle.

6. Letting go of the hammer in an attempt, or touching the ground outside the circle with any portion of the body while the hammer is in hand, are foul throws, which shall not be measured but which shall count as throws.

7. In hammer throwing, if the hammer breaks while in the air, it shall not be considered a throw.

RULE XLI.

METHOD OF MEASURING.

1. In all weight events and broad jumps, that portion of the tape showing the feet and inches must be held by the official at the take-off or at the circle.

HURDLES.

1. Different heights, distances and number of hurdles may be selected for hurdle races.

2. In the 70 yards and 120 yards hurdle race, each hurdle shall be 3 feet 6 inches high. They shall be placed 10 yards apart, with the first hurdle 15 yards distant from the starting point, and the last hurdle 15 yards before the finishing line. In the 220 yards hurdle race 10 hurdles shall be used, each hurdle to be 2 feet 6 inches high. They shall be placed 20 yards apart with the first hurdle 20 yards distant from the starting mark, and the last hurdle 20 yards before the finishing line.

3. In the 440 yards hurdle race 10 hurdles shall be used, each hurdle to be 3 feet in height. The first hurdle shall be placed 40 yards from the scratch mark, the remaining hurdles shall be placed 40 yards apart, and the distance from the last hurdle to the finishing line shall be 40 yards.

4. In the 110 meter hurdle race there shall be 10 hurdles, each hurdle 1.06 meters (3 feet 6 inches) high. The distance from the scratch mark to the first hurdle shall be 13.72 meters (15 yards); the remaining hurdles shall be placed 9.14 meters (10 yards) apart, and the distance from the last hurdle to the winning post shall be 14.02 meters (46 feet).

5. In the 400 meter hurdle race, there shall be 10 flights of hurdles, each hurdle to be 3 feet in height. The first hurdle shall be placed 45 meters (49.213 yards) from the scratch mark, the remaining hurdles shall be placed 35 meters (38.277 yards) apart, and the distance from the last hurdle to the winning post shall be 40 meters (43.745 yards).

6. In hurdle races of other distances and with different numbers of hurdles, the hurdles for distances up to and including 120 yards, shall be 3 feet 6 inches high and be placed 10 yards apart, with the first hurdle 15 yards distant from the starting point. In distances exceeding 120 yards and not more than 220 yards, the hurdles shall be 2 feet 6 inches high and shall be placed 20 yards apart, with the first hurdle 20 yards distant from the starting point. In distances exceeding 220 yards the hurdles shall be 3 feet in height and shall be placed 40 yards apart, with the first hurdle 40 yards from the starting point.

7. In making a record it shall be necessary for the competitor to jump over every hurdle in its proper position, and no record shall be allowed unless all the hurdles remain standing after the competitor clears them.

8. A competitor knocking down three or more hurdles or any portion of three or more hurdles in a race shall be disqualified. A competitor who runs around or trails his leg or foot alongside any hurdle shall be disqualified.

9. In all championship hurdle races of the Amateur Athletic Union, or any of its Associations, up to and including 300 yards, each competitor shall have separate hurdles and a separate course marked out and measured independently, whether races are run straightaway or with turns.

RULE XLIII.

MARATHON RACE.

1. The Marathon Race shall be run on high roads. The start and finish may be on the athletic grounds.

2. Each competitor must send with his entry a medical certificate, from a physician of standing, certifying to his fitness to take part in a race of this kind.

3. No competitor, either at the start or during the progress of the race, may take any so-called drugs on pain of immediate disqualification.

4. A competitor must at once retire from the race if ordered to do so by a member of the medical staff, officially appointed.

RULE XLIV.

RELAY RACES.

1. A line shall be drawn 10 yards on each side of the starting line of each relay to be known as the starting zone. Within this zone each runner must pass the baton to the succeeding runner. No member of a relay team in order to relieve his team mate can run outside of such zone. The baton must be passed, not thrown or dropped by a competitor and picked up by the one succeeding him. Violation of any of these rules by any competitor shall disqualify the team. The baton must be carried throughout the entire distance of the race.

2. No man can run two relays in any one team.

3. The composition of a team cannot be changed after a trial heat has been run. No change can be made in the order of running, except in relay races where each competitor runs the same distance.

4. The positions of the teams must be drawn for.

5. In all relay races an announcement must be made as to the distance each competitor is to run in his relay. Any competitor failing to run the distance required shall cause his team to be disqualified.

6. In the case of a handicap relay race the runner on the first relay is allowed the total handicap allowed each team.

7. In all relay races where each competitor runs the same distance, not more than six athletes may be entered for each team, and the team of four to start must be selected from the six men entered.

8. In medley relay races where each contestant runs a different distance, eight men may be entered on a team, two for each distance to be run, and the team of four to run will be formed by selecting one athlete out of the two entered for each distance to be run.

9. In all handicap medley races the longest distance must be run first.

10. All teams entered in relay races shall be lettered, commencing with the letter "A." If any organization shall enter more than one team, each team shall have a different letter and it shall be the duty of the clerk of the course to check each individual member of said teams to see that they are wearing the proper letter.

11. Unless otherwise stated on the entry blanks issued for an Athletic Meeting, relay teams shall be composed of representatives of one club, school, college or athletic organization.

RULE XLV.

TEAM RACES.

1. In track team races the maximum number of starters on a team and the number of men whose positions are to count shall be stated on the entry blank. The team scoring the least number of points according to the positions in which the members of the team finish whose positions are to count shall be the winner. Positions of other members of a team

and positions of members of a team which does not finish at least the number whose positions are to count shall not be counted. In case of a tie on points the team whose individual member finished nearest to first place shall be the winner. If necessary, such races may be divided into trial heats and a final heat. If trial heats are run, only those members of the teams qualifying shall be eligible to compete in subsequent heats whose positions were counted in the qualifying scores.

RULE XLVI.

CROSS-COUNTRY RACE.

1. The race shall be cross-country on a course properly marked and surveyed. The start and finish may be within the athletic grounds.

2. The course must be properly marked, preferably with red flags to the left and white flags to the right, which must be observable from a distance of 125 yards. In all other respects the rules governing track competitions shall apply.

RULE XLVII.

STEEPLECHASE RACE.

1. There shall be five jumps, including a water jump, to each quarter mile.

2. The hurdles shall be not more than 3 feet high. The hurdles at the water jump shall be firmly fixed.

3. Each competitor shall go over or through the water and any one who steps to one side or the other of the jump shall be disqualified. The competitor must clear each jump, but may vault each obstacle.

RULE XLVIII.

WALKING.

1. Walking is a succession of steps and, in contradistinction to running (wherein both feet may be off the ground at the same time), in walking there must always be contact with the ground with some portion of one of the feet.

2. In track races the following code of rules governing walking must be adhered to, or else disqualification will ensue:

(*a*) Leg Action—As the foremost foot in taking a step touches the ground, the knee must not be bent. The heel must touch the ground first and the toe be the last portion of the foot to leave it. It is imperative that the heel of the foremost foot must touch the ground before the toe of the other foot ceases to have contact with it.

(*b*) Carriage of Body—The body must be kept strictly upright.

Note—Discretionary power is given to the judge or judges of walking to decide whether, in the event of the body being inclined forward, such attitude is the result of fatigue or arises from some cause beyond the

control of the competitor; and if it be, and he or they are convinced that the rule has been broken for such reason only, and that the competitor is still walking fairly otherwise, disqualification need not necessarily follow from this cause alone.

(*c*) Carriage of Arms—The arms may be held in any way the walker likes, but it is advised that they be carried well up.

3. A disqualified competitor must at once leave the track.

RULE XLIX.

300 YARDS RACE.

In races of 300 yards and over, rest of half an hour shall be allowed between the heats and the semi-final, and another half hour between the semi-final and the final heats.

Note—The 200 meter run not being one of the events in the Decathlon competition is not included in the Decathlon table, but a special table has been prepared for this event and will be found at the end of the Decathlon table.

COMBINED COMPETITIONS.

RULE L.

PENTATHLON.

1. The competition comprises the following events: Running Broad Jump, Throwing the Javelin, 200 meters flat race, Throwing the Discus, and 1,500 meters flat race. The events shall be contested in the above-mentioned order.

2. Three trials only are allowed in both jumping and throwing. Three foul trials in any event shall disqualify a contestant from further participation.

3. In the 200 meters flat race, groups of three men are formed by lot. If the number of runners is such that after the groups have been arranged one man is over to run alone, one man shall be drawn by lot from among the remaining competitors to run against him.

4. In each event the winner shall receive 1 point, the second man 2 points, etc.

5. Points are counted according to the result obtained. In the event of a tie, the competitors need not compete again. If thus two or more obtain the same result, those so tieing receive the same points, and the next man receives a point corresponding to the position in which he finishes relative to all the other competitors.

6. All compete in the first three events. The total points of the competitors are counted, and the twelve best (i. e., those with the lowest numbers of points) shall qualify to compete in the Discus Throwing. If the

counting of the points results in a tie for the twelfth place, all such may start in the Discus Throwing.

7. The points of the competitors entitled to compete in the Discus Throwing shall then be counted again with reference to their relative order in each of the first three events, their points being counted as if they alone had competed without reference to the placing of other competitors. The Discus Throwing and 1,500 meters flat shall then be started with the points thus awarded.

8. After the Discus Throwing, the six best compete in the 1,500 meters flat race, to be run in one heat.

9. If more than one tie for the sixth place after the Discus Throwing, all such may compete in the 1,500 meters flat race.

10. In the flat races, the time for each competitor shall be taken with three watches.

11. The winner shall be the one who, on the completion of the 1,500 meters flat race, has obtained the lowest total points in the five competitions.

12. If at the end of the competition one or more of the competitors obtain the same number of points, their respective positions shall be determined by the valuation of their result according to the Decathlon table.

RULE LI.

DECATHLON.

1. The competition comprises the following events: 100 meters flat, Running Broad Jump, Putting the Weight, Running High Jump, and 400 meters flat, on the first day. Hurdle Race (110 meters), Throwing the Discus, Pole Vault, Throwing the Javelin, and 1,500 meters flat, on the following day. The events shall be contested in the above mentioned order.

2. Three trials only are allowed in both jumping and throwing.

3. Both in the 100 meters and 400 meters flat races, as well as in the hurdle race, three or four competitors start in each group. On the other hand, in the 1,500 meters race, five or six shall start. However, the Referee shall have the right, in case of necessity, to make alterations.

4. The composition of the groups is decided by lot.

5. The time for each competitor shall be taken with three watches.

6. The winner shall be the one who has obtained the highest number of points in the ten divisions.

7. For a result similar to the best result obtained at the 1912 or previous Olympic Games, 1,000 points will be awarded. Other results are valued in accordance with Decathlon table. If a result exceeds the best "Olympic" result, correspondingly higher points will be awarded.

8. How to score the Decathlon. (See pages 120-125.)

RULE LII.

ALL-AROUND COMPETITION.

1. The competition comprises the following events: 100 yards run, putting 16-lb. shot, running high jump, 880 yards walk, throwing 16-lb. hammer, pole vault for height, 120 yards hurdle (10 flights, 3 feet 6 inches high), throwing 56-lb. weight for distance, running broad jump, one mile run. The events shall be contested in the above-mentioned order. Each event shall be started five minutes after the event preceding it has been contested.

2. In each event the World's best amateur record on the Amateur Athletic Union record book in 1893, when the scoring tables were adopted by this Union, shall be taken as a maximum, for which 1,000 points will be allowed. Then a standard or limit is established, and performances equal to or worse than these standards score nothing. For performances between the maximum and the limit, points are allowed in accordance with graded table shown in Section 7. For a performance exceeding the record, correspondingly higher points will be awarded.

3. Three trials only are allowed in both jumping and throwing.

4. In the 100 yards run and 120 yards high hurdle race, the time of the winner only is taken and the other contestants must be scored by their distance back of the winner. The final 10 yards of the course is marked off with whitewash lines one foot apart. The judges shall station themselves in such positions as will enable them to note accurately the distance from the finish line of the second, third, and fourth men at the moment the first man touches the tape. Not more than four men shall start in any heat. If there are more than four men in the competition they shall be divided into heats of not more than three starters. The fastest three men, as nearly as the officials can judge, shall be placed in one heat; the next three in speed in the next heat, and so on down to the slowest three for the last heat. When the judges announce the distances between the contestants, the scorers shall allow points as follows:

100 yards—To the first man, the points allowed in the table for his time; to the second, third and fourth men, the points allowed for the first man's time, less seven points for each foot that each man is behind the winner.

120 yards high hurdle—To the first man, the points allowed in the table for his time; to the second, third and fourth men, the points allowed for the first man's time less five points for each foot that each man is behind the winner.

5. In the 880 yards walk and one mile run the time for each competitor shall be taken by three watches.

6. The winner shall be the one who has obtained the highest number of points in the ten divisions.

7. How to score the All-Around. (See pages 134 to 141.)

RULE LIII.

TUG-OF-WAR WITHOUT CLEATS.

1. The teams shall consist of equal numbers of competitors. The rope shall be of sufficient length to allow for a pull of twelve feet, and for twelve feet slack at each end, together with four feet for each competitor; it shall be not less than four inches in circumference and shall be without knots or other holdings for the hands. A center tape shall be affixed to the center of the rope, and six feet on each side of the center tape a side tape shall be affixed to the rope. A center line shall be marked on the ground, and six feet on each side of the center line a side line parallel thereto. At the start the rope shall be taut and the center tape shall be over the center line and the competitors outside the side lines. During no part of the pull shall the rope be tied or in any way crossed by the anchor man, nor shall he wilfully place either hand on the ground.

2. There shall be one Judge and two Inspectors who shall be responsible for seeing that the rules are properly carried out. The Judge shall start the competition by word of mouth and take charge of the center and side lines, and give effect to the result of any pull by blowing a whistle. The Inspectors shall take charge of the teams and see that members of such teams do not wilfully touch the ground with any part of the body other than the feet, and report to the Judge any infringement of this rule. It shall be in the discretion of the Judge to disqualify the offending team and award the pull in question to the opposing side, or he may disqualify the offending team from the competition. A pull shall be won when one team shall have pulled the side tape of the opposing side over their own side line, or if any portion of the foot of any competitor of the opposing side goes beyond the center line. In the event of both teams leaving go of the rope before either side has pulled the side tape of the opposing side over their own side line, the pull shall be declared no pull and shall not constitute one of the requisite numbers of pulls. No competitor shall make any hole in the ground with his feet, or in any other way, before the start. In all competitions confined to certain weights, two Clerks shall be appointed who shall be responsible to the Judge for the correct weighing of the competitors before the start. All heats shall be won by two pulls out of three. All competitors shall wear boots or shoes as per regulation; heel and sides of heel (i. e., from the face to the seat) shall be perfectly flush. No prepared boots or shoes, heel plates (sunken or otherwise), projecting nails, tips, springs, Blakeys, rubbers, points, hollows or projections of any kind shall be allowed.

3. No gloves or adhesive substance whatever shall be used on the hands or ropes.

4. If there be more than two teams entered for a competition, the drawing shall be held immediately before the contest to determine the order in which the team shall pull and the method of drawing and the awarding of prizes shall be the same as prescribed in the Rule for Tug-of-War with Cleats.

RULE LIV.

TUG-OF-WAR WITH CLEATS.

1. The Tug-of-War shall be pulled on 8 wooden cleats, each 22 inches long, 6 inches high, and at least 4 inches thick. These shall be set on edge and bolted to a board base and shall be at least 6 feet 6 inches apart, with the first cleat, on each side of a central clamp, at least 6 feet distant therefrom.

2. The clamp shall be equidistant from the first cleat on either side and shall be of sufficient strength to hold the rope in position until released, but not make an appreciable kink in the rope.

3. The rope used shall be of manila, three-stranded, and not less than 4½ nor more than 5 inches in circumference.

4. No mechanical device shall be used for holding the rope, but a belt may be worn to protect the body of the anchor man, although the flanges to hold the rope in place around the belt shall not be constructed so as to bind on the rope in any position that the anchor may assume. The belt shall not weigh more than 20 pounds.

5. No knot of any kind shall be tied in the rope, and the rope shall not be passed more than once around the body of the anchor.

6. Leather shields and gloves may be used by the contestants and adhesive substances may be put on the same.

7. Competitors shall not use weights in unlimited pulls, but in pulls limited to specific weights, competitors may use weights, provided the total weight of the team, including the weights, does not exceed the weight limit.

8. When the competition is limited to teams of given weight, competitors shall be weighed immediately before competing and shall be weighed as they pull, viz: including clothing, shoes, belt, etc.

9. In no case shall any man pull on more than one team in a competition, and no substitute shall be allowed to pull on any team that has pulled a trial.

10. The standard time limit for each pull shall be five minutes, and a rest of not less than ten minutes shall be allowed each competitor between trial pulls. A shorter or longer time limit may be agreed upon in other than championship contests.

11. Any position may be assumed by the competitors before the start, which shall be made by pistol fire after the teams have been first notified to "get ready."

12. In case a team gains 3 feet from its opponent, it shall be awarded the pull.

13. Immediately before the competition the captains of the opposing teams shall draw their numbers and compete in a preliminary round to reduce the number of competing teams to 2, 4, 8, 16, and so on. (Thus if there are 3, 5, or 9 teams, have one preliminary pull to reduce to 2, 4, or 8; if 6 or 10 teams, have two pulls to reduce to 4 or 8; if 7 or 11 teams,

have three pulls to reduce to 4 or 8, and so on). Teams drawing a bye on the first drawing shall receive the lowest numbers on the second drawing, thus if there be one bye drawn such team shall receive number 1; if two byes are drawn such teams shall receive numbers 1 and 2 for the second drawing, and if there be three byes, such teams shall receive the numbers 1, 2 and 3 in the second drawing. In all drawings where numbers 1, 2, 3, 4 and so on are drawn, number 1 competes with number 2, 3 with 4, and so on. When the class is brought to a multiple of 2, 4, 8 or 16 the drawings proceed regularly to the final pull.

14. The winner of the final pull receives first prize, the loser receives the second prize, and the two teams which were defeated by the teams winning the first and second prizes in the previous round of pulls, shall again pull to determine the winner of the third and fourth prizes. Where only three teams compete, the team drawing the bye shall pull off for second prize if defeated by the winner of the first round.

SPECIAL EVENTS.

RULE LV.

POTATO RACE.

1. Upon the starting line there shall be placed for each competitor one receptacle not more than two feet in height, and having an opening not more than 36 inches in circumference. Upon a straight line drawn from said receptacle at right angles to the starting line shall be placed, at distances of two yards apart, eight light objects, ovoid in shape, having the greatest diameter not to exceed four inches and the smallest diameter not less than two inches. The first of said objects shall be placed two yards from the receptacle.

Each competitor must pick up each of said objects singly and place the same in his own receptacle and after having picked up one of said objects he must deposit it in the receptacle before picking up another. After all the objects are placed in the receptacle the competitor must cross the finish line, which shall be five yards behind the receptacle.

In handicap competitions, the marks shall be given from behind the starting line.

THREE-LEGGED RACE.

2. Two competitors standing beside each other shall have their inside legs strapped together just above the ankles and also above the knees with strong canvas or leather straps.

SACK RACE.

3. Competitors must be in and covered by a strong sack extending up to and tied around the neck. Hands must be inside. The sack must measure three feet wide by five feet in length.

RUNNING HIGH JUMP FROM SPRINGBOARD.

4. The highest point of the springboard shall not be more than 20 inches from the floor. In all other respects the rules governing the Running High Jump shall apply.

RUNNING HIGH DIVE.

5. The competitor shall spring from the floor, pass head foremost over the cross-bar. He may land on the floor or mat. He cannot be caught by an assistant. In all other respects the rules governing Running High jump shall apply.

RUNNING HIGH DIVE FROM SPRINGBOARD.

6. The springboard shall be as specified under Running High Jump from springboard. In all other respects the rules governing the Running High Dive shall apply.

RUNNING LONG DIVE.

7. The competitor, in alighting shall strike his hands first, and shall then do a forward roll. In all other respects the rules governing the Running Broad Jump shall apply.

FENCE VAULT.

8. A mattress shall be suspended from the bar. The competitor shall stand on the floor. His hands must be on the bar when the spring is made. In making the spring, his feet shall leave the floor but once. There must be no stop in the motion of the trunk until the floor is reached. No part of the person may touch the suspended mattress. No part of the person, excepting the hands, shall touch the bar. The head must not be carried below the lower surface of the bar. In all other respects the rules governing the Running High Jump shall apply.

RUNNING HIGH KICK.

9. The competitor must spring from the floor and his foot must kick the tambourine. In all other respects the rules governing the Running High Jump shall apply.

DOUBLE KICK.

10. Should be done the same as the High Kick, excepting that both feet must touch the tambourine at the same time. There shall be no assistance in alighting. In all other respects the rules governing the Running High Jump shall apply.

RUNNING HITCH AND KICK.

11. The competitor must spring from the floor and kick the tambourine with the same foot from which the spring is made. He must alight upon the same foot, and make at least two complete hops before touching anything with any other part of his person. In all other respects the rules governing the Running High Jump shall apply.

LVI.

SWIMMING, DIVING AND WATER POLO RULES

All National Championships and all Open Amateur Swimming, Diving and Water Polo competitions held in the United States are conducted under the following rules. These rules are practically the same as the International Rules under which Olympic Games competitions are conducted.

SWIMMING RULES.

1. Officials.
2. The Bath.
3. The Course.
4. The Race.
5. Breast Stroke Swimming.
6. Back Stroke Swimming.
7. Plunge for Distance.
8. Miscellaneous.
9. Protests.
10. Classes of Competition.
11. Championship Events.
12. Records.
13. Handicaps.
14. Costumes.

RULE I. OFFICIALS.

For all races there shall be a starter, a referee, a clerk of the course, and not less than three judges and three timekeepers, a scorer, announcer, and one or more inspectors.

(a) The Starter shall have full control of the competition until the signal to start is given. Before starting the race the starter shall satisfy himself that the other officials are in their places. The starter shall explain to each contestant before the race:

(1) The signal or word which is to be given to start the race.
(2) The distance to be covered and where the race will terminate.
(3) If in open water, he shall point out the objects to be rounded, and in what manner.

Competitors starting before the signal shall be disqualified unless they return to the same position from which they started and restart.

The start shall be made in this fashion. The swimmers lined up and informed as above, will be commanded, "Get Ready," when the starter sees all are set, the gun shall be fired. In indoor meets the signal to start may be given by word of mouth.

The start in all races shall be made with a dive except in back stroke races which shall be as provided for in rule (6). The starting stations shall be drawn for, Number 1 starting from the right facing the course.

(b) The Judges shall have jurisdiction over the competitors immediately the signal to start has been given, and they shall decide the winner and the places of those competing.

(c) The Referee shall enforce all the rules and decisions of the Amateur Athletic Union, and shall decide all questions relating to the actual conduct of the meeting, the final settlement of which is not otherwise assigned by said rules.

(d) The Timekeepers shall take the time of the race according to the regulations of the rule (4, section f) and rule (12), records.

Officials for championships shall be appointed by or approved by the Swimming Committee.

RULE II. THE BATH:

The end walls of the bath shall be parallel and must be built perpendicular to the bottom, and so constructed that the competitors can push off in turning with the hands or feet. The walls shall extend at least three feet below the surface of the water.

The starting platform shall not exceed 2 feet 6 inches in height from the level of the water for indoor competition; in open water it shall not exceed five feet, but in either case the height must not be less than eighteen inches. The surface of the starting platform should be covered with cocoanut matting or some similar material.

RULE III. THE COURSE:

For competition in open water, the course shall be marked off distinctly and visibly. The starting and finishing lines shall be at right angles to the course, and must be firm. There shall be turning boards at both ends of the course, which shall be as wide as the course, extending not less than 3 feet under water and 12 inches above surface. If the finish is not at the end of the course, it must be at a firmly fastened pole or rope suspended not less than 2 feet above the surface of the water, and decorated with streamers or flags so as to be visible to the contestants.

RULE IV. THE RACE:

(a) Obstructing another competitor by swimming across or otherwise interfering shall disqualify the offender, subject to the discretion of the referee.

(b) Should a foul endanger the chance of success of a contestant, the referee shall have power to allow him to swim in the next round, or should the foul occur in the final he may order it reswum. In case of a collusion to foul another contestant, the referee may, at his discretion, disqualify the contestant for whose aid the foul was committeed, as well as the contestant doing the fouling.

(c) When turning the swimmers must touch the end of the bath or course with one hand in free style and backstroke swimming, or both hands simultaneously in breaststroke, as described in Rule V.

(d) Standing on the bottom during a race shall not disqualify a competitor, but he must not walk or spring from the bottom.

(e) For all free style and backstroke events each competitor shall have at least five feet of clear space unobstructed by steps, ladders, fountains or overhanging pieces which will interfere with swimming or turning. For breaststroke events each swimmer shall have a seven-foot lane. The referee shall see that this rule is strictly enforced.

(f) For competitions where the finish of the race is not at a solid wall or object, but where a rope or pole can be touched, a hand finish shall be used. Wherever a rope or pole cannot be used for the finish and in all intermediate distances, the head finish shall be taken.

RULE V. BREASTSTROKE SWIMMING:

(a) Both hands must be pushed forward together and drawn backwards simultaneously. The body must be kept perfectly on the breast, the shoulders in a plane parallel with the surface of the water. The head shall not turn to either side. The shoulders must at all times be at right angles to the line of forward progress.

(b) The feet shall be drawn up together, the knees bent and open. The movement is continued with a rounded and outward sweep of the feet, bringing the legs together.

(c) When touching at the turn, or in finishing a race, the touch must be made with both hands simultaneously.

(d) Any competitor introducing a sidestroke movement is to be disqualified.

Note.—In the breaststroke the movements of both sides of the body are to be identical, and executed simultaneously. Anything that one foot does, the other must be doing at the same time. Not keeping the shoulders level, hunching one in front of the other, extending one hand out for the turn or finish, engaging the water with the instep of one foot and the sole of the other, all these are indications of improper form and the user thereof should be disqualified.

RULE VI. BACKSTROKE SWIMMING:

The competitors shall line up in the water, facing the starting end, with both hands resting on the end or rail of the bath. At the signal for starting they shall push off and swim upon their backs throughout the race.

Any competitor turning over before his hand has touched the end of the course, for the purpose of turning or finishing, shall be disqualified.

RULE VII. PLUNGE FOR DISTANCE:

The maximum height of take-off for the plunge for distance shall be limited to eighteen inches above the surface of the water.

A plunge shall be a standing dive, made head first from an indicated firm take-off (i.e., diving base), free from spring. The body is to be kept motionless—face downward—and no progressive action to be im-

parted to it other than impetus of the dive. During the plunge the hands of a competitor shall be kept together.

The plunge shall terminate, if the competitor has not already raised his face above the surface of the water, at the expiration of 60 seconds, or such time as may have been previously announced by the promoting body. The duration of such plunge shall be reckoned from the time the competitor dives from the take-off.

At the finish of any plunge the competitor must leave the water as quietly as possible. Anyone disturbing the water so as to interfere with the progress of the competitor following will be disqualified.

The distance traversed in a plunge shall be measured along a straight line, at right angles to the diving base, to a line parallel to the diving base, over the farthest point reached by any portion of the competitor's body while fulfilling the above conditions.

In championship or level contests each competitor shall be allowed three plunges, and the farthest plunge shall win. In handicaps, the number of plunges shall be left to the discretion of the promoting club.

When a competitor touches the side of the tank or pool, his distance shall be taken and he shall be compelled to stop.

A line may be made or painted along the bottom of the pool or tank to enable the competitors to guide themselves.

RULE VIII. MISCELLANEOUS:

There shall be no coaching of contestants from the time they are placed in the care of the starter until the race is finished. Officials shall be appointed to call lengths where there are no signs provided.

In relay races competitors other than the first swimmer shall not start until touched by an official appointed for that purpose, who shall touch the contestant on the leg below the knee the instant his teammate has concluded his lap.

Points in the Championships shall count as follows:

First in swim, plunge or dive	5
Second in swim, plunge or dive	3
Third in swim, plunge or dive	1
First in relay race	10
Second in relay race	6
Third in relay race	2
First in Water Polo	15
Second in Water Polo	9
Third in Water Polo	3

The medley and penthathlon shall count as swims.

At the completion of the indoor and outdoor racing seasons, points shall be totalled for the championships and the team champion announced.

All winners of National Swimming Championship first place medals and the team winning on total points shall also be awarded a suitably

inscribed certificate signed by the President of the Amateur Athletic Union and the Chairman of the Swimming Committee.

RULE IX. PROTEST:

Any protest or complaint shall be lodged with the referee within thirty minutes after the race.

Appeals from decisions on protests and complaints in the case of local meets and local championships shall be considered by the District Association Swimming Committee, in case of National Championships, by the National Swimming Committee.

RULE X. CLASSES OF COMPETITION:

The Annual Swimming Championships of the Amateur Athletic Union shall consist of a Senior Class and a Junior Class. The Senior Class shall be open to all registered amateurs from any country. The Junior Class shall be open to all registered athletes who have not won a first place in the class of events as hereinafter described, in any National Swimming Championship of the Amateur Athletic Union, or of any foreign country, or a first place in any Intercollegiate Association Championships, or at the Olympic Games.

For the purpose of defining eligibility to the Junior or Novice Classes, aquatic events shall be divided into six classes, as follows:

1. Free style.
2. Backstroke.
3. Breaststroke.
4. Diving.
5. Plunge for distance.
6. Medley and Pentathlon.

The winner of one event in the Junior Championships in any of the said classes shall be ineligible for further competition as a junior in such class. The fact that a swimmer has been on a winning relay or polo team shall not disqualify him from the junior classes.

A novice is only barred from competition in the class in which he has won a prize.

RULE XI. CHAMPIONSHIP EVENTS:

The following events shall be held as National Championships junior and senior classes:

(a) Indoor, Men—Free style events—50 yards; 100 yards; 220 yards; 500 yards.

Backstroke, 150 yards; Breaststroke, 220 yards; Fancy Diving from Springboard; Plunge for Distance; Relay, 220 yards, four men; Relay, 400 yards, four men; Pentathlon; Medley Swim; Water Polo.

(b) Indoor, Women—Free style events—50 yards; 100 yards; 220 yards; 500 yards.

Backstroke, 100 yards; Breaststroke, 100 yards; Fancy Diving from low Springboard; Fancy Diving from 10 foot Springboard; Plunge for Distance; Relay, 200 yards, four women; Relay, 400 yards, four women; Pentathlon; Medley Swim.

(c) Outdoor, Men and Women—50 yards; 100 yards; 220 yards; 440 yards; 880 yards; One Mile; Long Distance; Relay, 400 yards, four swimmers; 150 yards Backstroke; 220 yards Breaststroke; Pentathlon; Medley; High Platform Dive; Fancy Diving from 10 foot Springboard.

Junior championships are to be held at the discretion of the swimming committee.

Outdoor championships are to be held over a properly staked-off course not less than a hundred yards in length and shall be held in open still water, or in tidal waters at high tide, or in an outdoor pool which fulfills the conditions. The ends of the course must be made fast to prevent swaying and changing of the course, and must have turning boards at least three feet below the surface of the water.

The long distance championship may be held over a straight course, and in running water. The distance shall be selected with a view of making the time of the race not less than an hour, and not more than two and a half hours.

Indoor championships shall be held in baths not less than twenty yards in length.

Unless otherwise determined by the Swimming Committee, not more than one free style championship may be held on the same day, and no event save the relay or polo on the day the pentathlon or medley swim is held.

Unless otherwise determined by the swimming committee the indoor championships shall be held between February 1st and April 30th, and the outdoor championships between July 15th and September 15th.

Dates for all indoor championships shall be decided upon, and the Chairman of the National Swimming Committee notified thereof, not later than February 1st. The dates for all outdoor championships shall be decided upon, and the Chairman of the National Swimming Committee notified thereof, not later than June 1st. A failure to set the date of any championship within the time prescribed shall cause such event to be withdrawn and re-awarded.

Outdoor championships shall be held in water not lower than sixty-two degrees in temperature, and indoor championships in water not lower than sixty-six.

No smoking shall be permitted in enclosed baths during programme where championships are being held.

The holder of a national championship shall be entitled to receive from the organization holding the meet full expenses for competing in the meet, if in the opinion of the swimming committee, the champion is in condition to defend the title.

A fee of $10.00 shall accompany each application for a championship event.

An entry fee of $2.00 per entry shall be charged for each senior individual event; $1.00 per entry for each junior individual event; $10.00 per team in water polo and $4.00 per team in relay championships. All such payments to be made in advance.

PENTATHLON.

(a) The Pentathlon consists of 100 yards any style except breast and back. 100 yards backstroke, 100 yards breaststroke, 500 yards any style and the 50 yard life saving race, to be contested in the order named.

(b) The 50 yard life saving race is to consist of a 25 yard swim to the subject and a 25 yard tow using any hold. The subject's face and mouth must be kept above the water subject to the decision of the judges. The subject is to be the same for each competitor. Three judges are to be named by the Referee and the three judges shall agree upon the holds and the nature of the contest. Each contestant shall swim separately and have his time taken. If a turn is required, the competitor must touch the wall above the water with one hand.

(c) The clerk of course shall draw the contestants before each event and they shall be assigned to lanes or compete in the order in which they have been drawn.

(d) Each competitor must compete in every one of the five events. The contest will be decided on points according to the place number of the contestants in each race which shall be added, and the one with the lowest total shall be declared the winner. Should a competitor be disqualified he shall be assigned to the last place in the contest. In the event of a tie, the competitors need not compete again. If two or more obtain the same result, those so tieing receive the same points and the next man receives a point corresponding to the position in which he finishes relative to all other competitors. An interval of at least five minutes shall be allowed between events.

The MEDLEY swim shall be a race of three hundred yards, 100 yards each of breaststroke, backstroke and free style, swam in the order named. Rules pertaining to back and breaststroke swimming will obtain in this contest.

RULE XII. RECORDS:

In swimming competitions Amateur Athletic Union records shall be recognized over the following distances:

FREE STYLE—50, 100, 150, 220, 300, 440, 500, 880, 1000 yards and one mile.

BACKSTROKE—100 and 150 yards.

BREASTSTROKE—100 and 220 yards.

RELAY RACING—Club teams of four and five men, each to swim equal distances of 50 and 100 yards.

PLUNGING—The time consumed in plunging distances of sixty and seventy-five feet, and the greatest distance covered in one minute.

There shall be three records for each distance in yards, recognized as American Amateur records. They shall be (1) 20-yard pool records, (2) short-course records (made over courses 25 yards up to 50 meters, approximately 55 yards), and (3) long-course records (made over courses 50 meters and up.)

For 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 1000 and 1500 meters free style, 100, 200, 400 meters backstroke, and 100, 200, 400 and 500 meters breaststroke, only short and long-course records will be recognized.

American Amateur records can only be made in still water, or in tidal water where the swimmer has not been aided by the tide.

A record can be made in scratch competition, or in handicap races provided the contestant is timed by three or more time-keepers who start their watches when the signal for the record-attempter to start is given, or in a specially appointed race against time, decided in public and duly fixed and advertised at least three days before the attempt or race. No competitor shall start whose name is not entered, and no one, whether entered or not, shall join the competition after it has started.

The time shall be taken by three or more time-keepers, who shall be appointed or approved by the swimming committee. In case two of the three agree, that time shall be taken as the official time. In cases of difference between the three, the average time shall be taken. The names of the time-keepers must appear in the advertisement of the attempt on the record. The course must be measured at the time and certified correct by a surveyor or a duly qualified official appointed or approved by the swimming committee.

The contestant shall apply to the referee to have the paper blanks filled out for records.

All claims for records must be made within fourteen days after the performance, applications to go to the chairman of the swimming committee who shall have authority to pass on them provisionally, subject to their ratification by the National Record Committee at the annual meeting, or by mail vote.

Every holder of an American Amateur record shall be presented with a certificate signed by the President of the Amateur Athletic Union and the chairman of the National Swimming Committee immediately on the record being passed by the committee.

No claim for record can be considered unless the contestant wear recognized costume with supporter.

RULE XIII. HANDICAPS:

In all handicap competitions a check starter shall be appointed, whose duty it shall be to see that no competitor start before his proper time. He shall report any violation of this rule to the referee, who shall disqualify the offender should his finish affect the result of the race.

The competitor who has the lowest handicap may choose the side of the course he wishes to swim on. The others, in order of their handicaps, shall be arranged alongside of the scratch man. When two or more are on the same mark they shall draw for position.

In case of a dead heat the competitor with the lowest handicap shall be declared the winner. In case a dead heat occurs between two contestants from the same mark, the tie shall be decided by a swim-off on the same day, or the one refusing to swim shall be given the next lowest prize.

RULE XIV. REGULATION COSTUME:

Men—Must be of a dark color, with supporter underneath. Suit must be cut in a straight line around circumference of leg. For races longer than a mile in open water contestants may wear a pair of trunks reaching from waist to a point at least two inches below the crotch, with the bottom cut in a straight line around the circumference of the leg. A supporter must be worn with this costume also.

Women—Suit must be of dark color with skirt attached. Leg is to reach four inches from crotch, and be cut in straight line around the circumference of the leg. Suit shall be cut not lower than 3½ inches from pit of neck in front, and shall not be lower in back than in front. The armhole shall be cut not less than 2½ inches below the armpit, and not more than 2 inches from the crease of the arm in front and back.

Note.—These measures are approximate, the idea being to bar costumes which are immodest, or will attract undue attention and comment. The referee shall have the power to bar from competition offenders under this rule until they appear properly costumed.

DIVING REGULATIONS.

1. Spring Boards.
2. High Diving Platforms.
3. Depth of Water.
4. Spring-board Championship Contests.
5. High Diving Championship Contests.
6. Judges.
7. Judges' Duties.
8. Calculating Committee.
9. General Rules.
10. Protests.
11. Spring-board Diving Table.
12. High Diving Table.
13. Sample Score Cards.

1. There shall be a low board, not less than 2 feet 6 inches and not more than 4 feet above the surface of the water, and a high board not less than 9 feet 6 inches nor more than 11 feet above the surface of the water. The boards must be slightly elastic and not more than 13 feet nor less than 10 feet long, 20 inches wide and covered with suitable matting. The boards shall project at least 3 feet 6 inches beyond the edge of the bath.

2. High Diving Platforms shall be rigid and fixed free from spring; they shall be at least fifteen feet long and six feet wide, covered with cocoanut matting, and have the back and sides surrounded with a hand-rail. The front of each platform shall project at least three feet from the edge of the platform immediately underneath, at standard heights of from 14 to 16 feet, and from 24 to 27 feet for men, and 20 to 22 feet for women.

The platforms shall be subject to the approval of the judges appointed for each competition.

3. The depth of the water shall be at least 7 feet underneath a low board and at least 9 feet underneath 9 feet 6 inches to 11-foot board.

4. The program for championships shall consist of the following dives: Running front dive, back dive, running forward jackknife, back jackknife and six voluntary dives. Voluntary dives must be selected from not less than four of the thirteen groups of Diving Table "A." No voluntary dive, however, shall be a repetition of any of the compulsory dives. Same voluntary dive shall not be done running and standing.

5. Championship High Diving Contests shall comprise four compulsory dives ad four voluntary dives.

(a) The compulsory dives shall be:

1. Running plain dive (14-16 foot platform).
2. Backward somersault (14-16 foot platform).
3. Standing plain dive (24-27 foot platform).
4. Running plain dive (24-27 foot platform).

(b) The voluntary dives shall be chosen from the high diving table and may be performed from either height. Compulsory dives may not be repeated for voluntary ones, and the same voluntary dive can be done from only one height. The same voluntary dive shall not be done running and standing.

6. Each judge shall award points for the execution of every dive as follows:

Unsatisfactory	1—2 points
Deficient	3—4 points
Satisfactory	5—6 points
Good	7—8 points
Very good	9 points
Excellent	10 points

No competitor shall be allowed to repeat a dive in which he failed.

7. Judges' Duties. In marking the award the judges shall consider:

(a) The whole of the figure and the execution of the dive (proper carriage, confidence, good form) .

1. The carriage is excellent when natural and easy, but at the same time it must express force and energy; the attitude of the body shall be erect; the chest well expanded and the back hollow; the head must be held upright between the shoulders, the legs absolutely closed, feet outstretched and the fingers not spread apart.

2. The take-off shall be executed with an upward and outward spring, full of confidence and power.

(b) The entry into the water is good when the body enters in a faultless position, not too flat, too stiff or overthrown. The build of the

contestant should be taken into consideration when the amount of splash enters into the matter.

8. Calculating Committee. The judges have to note only the award of points according to the execution of the dive. The fixing of the result shall follow through a calculating committee as follows: The points awarded for each voluntary dive shall be multiplied by the points allowed for the degree of difficulty in each case as specified in the following diving tables:

After the total points for each competitor has been found and checked as being correct, the competitors shall be placed on each card in the order in which they finish on that card. 1 shall be given to diver scoring the greatest number of points, 2 to the diver scoring the second greatest number of points, etc. If two competitors score the same number of points on any one sheet, their place numbers shall be added, and each given one half. For instance: If two competitors receive the same number of points, which is the second largest on the diving card of a judge, their place numbers 2 and 3 shall be added, and each competitor shall be given 2½, and the next following competitor shall receive 4. The place numbers given to the respective competitors by each of the judges shall be added together, and the competitor showing the lowest total of place numbers shall be declared the winner.

Should two or more competitors receive the same placing figure sum, the majority of judges shall decide; should thus another tie occur, the points awarded by all judges shall be totalled and the contestant with the highest total will be declared the winner.

The calculating committees shall checkup to see whether the voluntary dives selected by the competitor correspond with the rules for voluntary dives. Wrong selection, or omission of any dive shall cause disqualification.

9. General Rules:

(a) All dives must be executed by competitors without assistance from or suggestions being made by trainers or anyone present at the time.

(b) Before the contestant steps on the board the announcer shall call his name clearly and the dive that he is about to perform. The contestant shall be given plenty of time to prepare himself for the execution of the dive.

(c) The order of the start shall be decided by ballot.

(d) Only the Amateur Athletic Union diving tables, printed in connection with these rules shall be used to select from.

10. Protests (see Swimming Rules).

11. SPRINGBOARD DIVING TABLE.

DIVING TABLE "A"

No.	Name of Dive.	Degree of Difficulty — Arms on Entering the Water: Rigid L.B.	Rigid H.B.	Laid by Sides L.B.	Laid by Sides H.B.	Arm Close to Sides Throughout Dive L.B.	Arm Close to Sides Throughout Dive H.B.
	(A). Dives with take off forward and forward turn or take off backward, standing backward with backward turn.						
	I. FOOT DIVES.						
1.	Forward jump, feet together standing	1.0	1.0	...	...	...	...
2.	Forward step and running	1.0	1.0	...	...	...	...
	II. FALLING OFF.						
3.	Falling dive, forward	...	1.1	...	...	...	1.1
4.	Falling dive, backward	...	1.2	...	...	...	1.2
	III. HEAD DIVES (HEADERS)						
5.	Header forward, standing	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.4
6.	Header forward, running	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5
7.	Header forward, running take off with 1 leg	1.2	1.3	...	...	...	...
8.	Header backward	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.6
9.	Hunch dive, standing	1.3	1.4	...	...	...	...
10.	Hunch dive, running	1.3	1.4	...	...	...	...
	IV. SCREW DIVES (TWISTS)						
11.	½ Screw forward, standing	1.5	1.6	...	...	1.6	1.7
12.	½ Screw forward, running	1.5	1.6	...	...	1.6	1.7
13.	½ Screw backward, standing	1.4	1.5	...	...	1.5	1.6
14.	1 Screw forward, standing	1.9	1.9	...	...	1.9	2.0
15.	1 Screw forward, running	1.9	1.9	...	...	1.9	2.0
16.	1 Screw backward, standing	1.9	2.0	...	...	1.9	2.0
	V. PIKE DIVES FORWARD (JACKKNIFE DIVE)						
17.	Pike dive, standing	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7
18.	Pike dive, running	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8
	VI. BORER DIVES (JACKKNIFE DIVES WITH ½ OR 1/1 TURN)						
19.	½ Borer forward, standing	1.9	1.8	...	...	...	...
20.	½ Borer forward, running	1.8	1.9	...	...	...	...
21.	1 Borer forward, standing	...	2.0	...	...	...	...
22.	1 Borer forward, running	...	2.0	...	...	...	...
	VII. SOMERSAULTS.						
	(N.B.—The body must enter the water stretched out, irrespective of take-off.)						
23.	1 Somersault forward, standing	...	...	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7
24.	1 Samersault forward, running	...	...	1.4	1.7	1.6	1.8
25.	1½ Somersault forward, standing	1.8	1.6	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.9
26.	1½ Somersault forward, running.....	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9
27.	Double somersault forward, standing	...	...	...	2.0	...	...
28.	Double somersault forward, running	...	...	...	2.0	...	...
29.	1 Somersault backward	...	...	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7
30.	1½ Somersault backward	...	1.9	...	2.0	...	...
31.	Double somersault, backward	...	...	...	2.0	...	...
31a.	2½ Somersault forward	2.0	2.0	...	...	...	...
	(B). Dives with take-off backward and forward turn.						

Abbreviations: L. B., low board; H. B., high board.

No.	Name of Dive.	Degree of Difficulty — Arms on Entering the Water: Rigid L.B.	Rigid H.B.	Laid by Sides L.B.	Laid by Sides H.B.	Arm Close to Sides Throughout Dive L.B.	Arm Close to Sides Throughout Dive H.B.
	VIII. PIKE DIVE, BACKWARD (JACKKNIFE BACKWARD)						
32.	Pike dive, backward	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7
	IX. BORER DIVE, BACKWARD (JACKKNIFE BACKWARD WITH HALF TWIST)						
33.	½ Borer, backward	1.9	1.8	...	...	...	...
	X. PIKE SOMERSAULTS (JACKKNIFE BACKWARD WITH FORWARD SOMERSAULTS.						
34.	1 Pike somersault	...	...	1.9	1.7	...	...
35.	1½ Pike somersault	...	2.0	...	2.0	...	...

No.	Name of Dive.	Degree of Difficulty — Arms on Entering the Water: Rigid L.B.	Rigid H.B.	Laid by Sides L.B.	Laid by Sides H.B.
	(C). Dives with take off forward and turn backward. (Headers backward, standing facing water or running.)				
	XI. AUERBACH (ISANDER, FLYING DUTCHMAN OR HALF GAINER) HEADERS, BODY STRAIGHT.				
36.	Auerbach headers, standing, take off from one foot	...	1.9	...	2.0
37.	Auerbach headers, standing, take off from both feet	...	2.0	...	2.0
38.	Auerbach headers, running, take off from one foot	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.9
	XII. AUERBACH (ISANDER, FLYING DUTCHMAN AND HALF GAINER WITH JACKKNIFE) PIKE DIVES.				
	(Headers with bending and stretching in the hips.)				
39.	Auerbach Pike dive, standing, take off from one foot	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9
40.	Auerbach Pike dive, running, take off from one foot	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9
41.	Auerbach Pike dive, standing, take off from both feet	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9
42.	Auerbach Pike dive, running, take off from both feet	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
	XIII. AUERBACH (MOLLBERG) SOMERSAULTS.				
	(Somersaults backwards, standing facing the water, or running.)				
43.	1 Auerbach (Mollberg, Flying Dutchman Somersault or Full Gainer) somersault, standing, take off from one foot with jackknife	...	...	1.9	1.8
44.	1 Auerbach (Mollberg, Flying Dutchman Somersault or Full Gainer) somersault, running, take off from one foot with jackknife	...	...	1.8	1.8
45.	1½ Auerbach (Mollberg, Flying Dutchman 1½ or 1½ Gainer) somersault, running, take off from one foot	...	2.0	...	...
46.	1 Auerbach (Mollberg) somersault, standing, take off from both feet, body straight	...	...	1.8	1.8
47.	1 Auerbach (Mollberg) somersault, running, take off from both feet, body straight	...	...	2.0	2.0

HIGH DIVING.

1. Rigid platforms of three heights shall be used. First height not less than 14 ft. nor more than 18 ft. above the surface of the water. Second height over 18 ft. and not more than 24 ft. above the water. Third height over 24 ft. and not more than 30 ft. above the surface of the water. Platforms shall be not less than 10 ft. in length and 6 ft. wide, covered with suitable matting. The back and sides of the platform shall be provided with a railing and each must project not less than 3 ft. 6 in. beyond the edge of the platform underneath.

2. The depth of water at the point of entry shall be not less than half the height of the platform from which the dives are to be made, with a minimum of 10 feet.

3. Conditions of competitions, namely, listing of compulsory dives, number of voluntary dives and height of boards must be stated in the entry blank.

4. The program for national championships shall consist of the following four compulsory dives:

(1) Running plain dive from the second height.
(2) Backward somersault from the second height.
(3) Standing plain dive from the third platform.
(4) Running plain dive from the third platform and six voluntary dives to be selected from the following diving tables, and to be performed from any of the three heights named.

5. All conditions of competition referred to under springboard diving shall apply to high board diving.

HIGH DIVING TABLE "B"

For Fancy High Diving from Rigid Platforms

Name of Dive.	Degree of Difficulty		
	First Height	Second Height	Third Height
I. STANDING DIVES, BODY FACING THE WATER.			
1. Forward somersault	1.1	1.3	1.6
2. 1½ forward somersault	1.1	1.3	1.6
3. Double forward somersault	1.2	1.4	1.8
3a. 2½ forward somersault	1.3		1.5
II. STANDING DIVES, BODY FACING THE PLATFORM.			
4. Backward spring and forward dive, body straight.	1.0	1.0	1.1
5. Backward spring and forward somersault with jackknife	1.3	1.3	1.5
6. Backward spring and 1½ forward somersault with jackknife	1.5	1.5	1.8
7. Backward head dive	1.1	1.3	1.9
8. Backward somersault, body straight	1.1	1.1	1.7

Name of Dive.	Degree of Difficulty		
III. HANDSTANDING DIVES.	Height First	Height Second	Height Third
9. Armstand dive	1.1	1.2	1.3
10. Armstand backward fall dive	1.1	1.3	1.8
11. Armstand and somersault	1.2	1.3	1.4
12. Armstand with forward cut through	1.1	1.2	1.5
IV. RUNNING DIVES.			
13. Flying somersault	1.2	1.5	1.9
14. Flying forward somersault (well pointed head dive finished with somersault (knees drawn up during somersault)	1.2	1.5	2.0
15. 1½ forward somersault, body bent in hips	1.2	1.4	1.8
16. Isander's dive (Flying Dutchman or Half Gainer) body straight	1.3	1.6	2.0
17. Mollberg's dive (Flying Dutchman, Somersault or Full Gainer), knees drawn up	1.2	1.4	1.8

PLAIN HEADER.

Starting position in the standing dive: the body straight, the head well up, the feet together, the arms stretched along the sides and the fingers closed.

The take-off must be bold and confident, with the body thrown upwards and outwards.

The bearing in the air: the head must be held well up, but not bent backwards; the chin must not be drawn in.

The body must be straight, with the back slightly hollowed, but not bent backwards; the legs must be straightened and kept together, with the toes pointed and the inner sides of the feet together.

The arms must be stretched out in a line with the shoulders and kept well up, so that the chest is expanded; they must not, therefore, hang below the body; neither must they be drawn too far backwards. The arms must be kept still until just before the entry into the water, when they must be rapidly brought together and extended beyond the head in a line with the body.

The entry into the water: the bearing of the body must remain unaltered. Bending at the hips, knees or ankles will result in a loss of points. When the body meets the water, the whole of the falling movement must then take place in the longitudinal direction of the body; forward, backward and downward bending of the legs will entail a loss of points. The arms must be kept extended and together until the whole of the body is in the water, so that the entry into the water is accompanied by as little splash as possible. There must be a good bearing, with the arms and legs extended in a line with the body; the fingers not spread apart and the toes well pointed.

The run must be easy, with the body in an even line; without jump or change of foot; the arms must hang easily by the side and must not be carried out laterly before the spring takes place.

1 and 15. Single Forward Somersault During the dive, the arms must be kept extended laterally. The trunk of the body must be kept straight and the bending made at the hips; bending the knees during the passage through the air will result in a deduction of points. During the entry into the water, the arms must be kept stretched along the sides.

2 and 17. One and a half Forward Somersault. The trunk must be kept straight with the legs together and with the toes pointed. At the highest point of the dive, the body is bent from the hips; bending the knees will result in a loss of points. The arms must be kept stretched outwards until the somersault has been concluded and the body straightened again. The entry into the water as in Plain Header.

3. Two and a half Forward Somersault. The hips are bent, but bending the knees will result in a loss of points. The trunk must be straight, with the legs together and the toes pointed. The arms must be kept stretched outwards until the somersaults have been concluded and the body straightened again. The entry into the water as in Plain Header.

4 and 18. Isander's Dive, Flying Dutchman or Half-Gainer. Immediately after the take-off, the arms are carried rapidly above the head and remain extended beyond the head until the diver has completely entered the water; at the take-off the legs are thrown forwards and upwards, whereupon the back is slightly hollowed until a perpendicular position has been attained, so that the entry into the water becomes the same as in a Plain Header.

5 and 19. Mollberg's Dive, Flying Dutchman Somersault or Full Gainer. At the take-off the legs are thrown forwards and upwards, and a backward somersault is turned. During the dive, the arms are kept stretched outwards, and then, at the entry into the water, stretched along the sides. Bending at the hips or knees will result in a loss of points.

6. Backward Spring and Forward Dive. During the dive, the arms must be kept stretched outwards; the body is cast outwards and upwards, is bent at the hips and then rapidly straightened; bending of the knees during the passage through the air will result in a loss of points. The entry into the water, which must take place with the back turned towards the platform and the face from it, shall be as in a Plain Header.

7. The same dive, with somersault. The bearing of the arms and body as in the preceding dive. In the entry into the water, the body must be kept erect with the head well up and the arms stretched along the sides; the soles of the feet must not strike the surface of the water or a loss of points will result.

8. The same dive, with one and a half somersault. The bearing of the arms and body as in the preceding dive. The entry into the water similar to No. 6

Rule common to dives 6—8. The body must be straightened before any part of it has touched the surface of the water.

9. Backward Head Dive. During the dive, the arms must be held extended beyond the head; the back must be slightly hollowed, with the legs stretched and together, and with the toes pointed, the head in a natural position. In the entry into the water the hands must be held together, with the fingers closed as in Rule 15.

10. Backward Somersault. During the dive, the arms must be kept stretched outwards; the back hollowed with the legs well stretched and held together and the toes well pointed; bending at the hips and knees during the passage through the air will result in a loss of points. In the entry into the water the arms must be held stretched along the sides; the toes pointed well downwards; head well up.

11. Armstand Dive. Starting position: the body, with the back hollowed and with the legs stretched above the head, is supported on straightened arms. When the body is perfectly balanced, the legs are carried slightly backwards, and the body is pushed outwards by the arms. After the take-off, the arms must be kept stretched downwards. The bearing of the body and the entry into the water, are the same as in Plain Header.

12. Armstand Backward Fall Dive. The starting position as in the preceding dive. The legs are carried backwards and over, and, when the body has reached a suitable position, the take-off is effected by a push with the arms, which are afterwards kept extended above the head until, just before the entry into the water, they are stretched along the sides. The body must be kept straight, with the back hollowed slightly; the legs straight and together; the toes pointed; the head in a natural position.

13. Armstand and Somersault. The starting position and the take-off as in the preceding dive. When the somersault is made the hips are bent slightly. Bending the knees during the passage through the air will result in a loss of points. After the take-off, the arms must be kept extended outwards. The entry into the water is the same as in Plain Header.

14. Armstand with Forward Cut Through. The starting position as in the preceding dive. When the body is perfectly balanced, the legs are cut through the arms, and the body is borne outwards by a push-off from the arms. The legs must be kept straight and together after the cut

through, the toes pointed, the head in a natural position, and the arms stretched along the sides.

Rules common to all the armstanding dives. The manner in which the starting position is taken up will not be judged, but, if the body is not balanced at the first attempt, points will be deducted. If the dive is made without the body having been properly balanced in the starting position, the dive will be marked below 6 points (or good dive).

16. Flying Forward Somersault (well defined header then somersault). During the dive the arms must be kept extended beyond the head, which must be kept well up; the somersault shall be made halfway between the highest point of the dive and the surface of the water, and it must be executed rapidly, by drawing the arms quickly close into the body, the hips and the knees being bent as much as possible. The hands ought not to clasp the knees. Then the body is rapidly straightened and the arms are stretched close to the sides in the entry into the water; the toes pointed and the head well up.

In order to obtain the highest points in this dive there must be a well defined header before the somersault and a somersault made as rapidly as possible. The straightening out of the body after the somersault, and before the entry into the water, must be so easily distinguishable that the diver can be plainly seen with his arms along his sides.

HOW TO SCORE A DIVING COMPETITION.

(Suggestions for Score Cards)

Blanks for voluntary dives to be supplied by the club holding the competition. After filling them out and signing them, competitors deliver them to the clerk of the course. The announcer announces each voluntary dive from these blanks when the respective competitor's turn comes, and the diving judges must see that the dive nominated shall be performed. After the competition these blanks are turned over to the diving scorers.

VOLUNTARY DIVES USED IN SCORE CARD, PAGE 100.

The following samples of voluntary dives give an idea of combinations. Voluntary dives must be selected from not less than four of the thirteen groups of diving table "A" on pages 92 and 93:

	Number in Table	Description.	Grade of Difficulty
1.	23	Forward, 1 Somersault, standing	1.7
2.	29	Backward Somersault, arms laid by sides	1.6
3.	36	Flying Dutchman, standing, take-off 1 foot	1.9
4.	42	Flying Dutchman, running, with Jackknife, take-off both feet	2.0
5.	45	Auerbach, 1½ Somersault, running, take-off 1 foot	2.0
6.	20	Jackknife, forward, with Half Twist, standing	1.8

Competitor's Signature:

S. Jones.

VOLUNTARY DIVES.

	Number in Table	Description.	Grade of Difficulty
1.	36	Flying Dutchman, take-off 1 foot	2.0
2.	42	Auerbach Pike Dive, take-off both feet	2.0
3.	45	1½ Flying Dutchman, standing	2.0
4.	31	Double Somersault, backward	2.0
5.	30	1½ Backward	2.0
6.	35	Backward Jackknife, with 1½ Forward Somersault	2.0

Competitor's Signature:

W. Smith.

VOLUNTARY DIVES.

	Number in Table	Description.	Grade of Difficulty
1.	23	Forward, 1 Somersault, standing	1.7
2.	35	Backward Jackknife, with 1½ Forward Somersault	2.0
3.	38	Flying Dutchman, running take-off 1 foot	1.8
4.	37	Flying Dutchman, standing take-off both feet	2.0
5.	15	Full Twist, forward, running	1.9
6.	19	Jackknife, forward, with Half Twist, standing	1.8

Competitor's Signature:

J. Brown.

VOLUNTARY DIVES.

	Number in Table	Description.	Grade of Difficulty
1.	35	Backward Jackknife, with 1½ Forward Somersault	2.0
2.	23	Forward, 1 Somersault, standing	1.7
3.	38	Flying Dutchman, running take-off 1 foot	1.8
4.	30	Backward, 1½ Somersault, arms laid by sides	2.0
5.	15	Full Twist, forward running	1.9
6.	33	Jackknife, Backward, with Half Twist	1.8

Competitor's Signature:

W. Black.

SAMPLE SCORE CARD AS FILLED OUT BY JUDGE WHITE AND DIVING SCORERS.

The Judge awards points for the four Compulsory Dives and also for the six Voluntary Dives, writing the points for the latter in the column under heading "Judge's Award." The number of each Voluntary Dive selected by the competitor (listed on pages 92 and 93) is written in first column, and the group number in next column.

He follows this procedure for each competitor listed on the card. When the competition is finished the Judge hands the card to the Calculating Committee (see page 91), who write the "Degree of Difficulty" figures set forth in table on page 92, which multiplied by the figure of the "Judge's Award" gives the number of points secured by the competitor. (A "Ready Reckoner" for scoring "Difficulty of Dives" will be found on page 101.) The points for each competitor, including those for the "Compulsory Dives" shown in last column, are added.

NAME *Jones*					NAME *Smith*					NAME *Brown*					NAME *Black*				
No.	COMPULSORY DIVES			POINTS	No.	COMPULSORY DIVES			POINTS	No.	COMPULSORY DIVES			POINTS	No.	COMPULSORY DIVES			POINTS
1	RUN. FRONT DIVE			7	1	RUN. FRONT DIVE			9	1	RUN. FRONT DIVE			8.5	1	RUN. FRONT DIVE			9.5
2	BACK DIVE			8	2	BACK DIVE			10	2	BACK DIVE			9	2	BACK DIVE			9
3	RUN. FOR'D DIVE			9	3	RUN. FOR'D DIVE			10	3	RUN. FOR'D DIVE			9.5	3	RUN. FOR'D DIVE			10
4	BACK JACK-KNIFE			9	4	BACK JACK-KNIFE			10	4	BACK JACK-KNIFE			9.5	4	BACK JACK-KNIFE			10
	VOLUNTARY DIVES					VOLUNTARY DIVES					VOLUNTARY DIVES					VOLUNTARY DIVES			
	NO. IN TABLE	JUDGES AWARD	DEGREE OF DIFF.			NO. IN TABLE	JUDGES AWARD	DEGREE OF DIFF.			NO. IN TABLE	JUDGES AWARD	DEGREE OF DIFF.			NO. IN TABLE	JUDGES AWARD	DEGREE OF DIFF.	
5	23	VII	7	1.7	11.9	5	36	XI	2	2.0	4.0	5	23	VIII	9	1.7	15.3	5	35	X	7	2.0	14.0
6	29	VII	9	1.6	14.4	6	42	XII	3	2.0	6.0	6	35	X	7.5	2.0	15.0	6	23	VII	9	1.7	15.3
7	36	XI	8	1.9	15.2	7	45	XIII	1	2.0	2.0	7	38	XI	10	1.8	18.0	7	38	XI	10	1.8	18.0
8	42	XII	4	2.0	8.0	8	31	VII	0	2.0	0.0	8	37	XI	10	2.0	20.0	8	30	VII	9.5	2.0	19.0
9	45	XIII	1	2.0	2.0	9	30	VII	6	2.0	12.0	9	15	IV	6	1.9	11.4	9	15	IV	6	1.9	11.4
10	20	VI	7	1.8	12.6	10	35	X	8	2.0	16.0	10	19	VI	7.5	1.8	13.5	10	33	IX	7.5	1.8	13.5
TOTAL POINTS 97.1					TOTAL POINTS 79.0					TOTAL POINTS 129.7					TOTAL POINTS 129.7				
PLACE NO. 3					PLACE NO. 4					PLACE NO. 1½					PLACE NO. 1½				
CHECKED BY. A. McCarthy					JUDGE'S SIGNATURE A. H. White														

Judges Green and Rose also filled out score cards, which at the close of the competition were collected by the Calculating Committee, and a summary of the total points made.

SUMMARY

	Jones		Smith		Brown		Black	
JUDGE.	POINTS	PLACE	POINTS	PLACE	POINTS	PLACE	POINTS	PLACE
White	97.1	3	79.0	4	129.7	1½	129.7	1½
Green	97.0	3	88.0	4	132.4	1	128.2	2
Rose	99.3	3	92.0	4	129.2	2	131.2	1
TOTAL	293.4	9	259.0	12	391.3	4½	389.1	4½
FINAL PLACING		3RD		4TH		1ST		2ND
AVERAGE POINTS	97.8		86.33		130.43		129.70	
SCORERS' SIGNATURES:	A. Wilson		B. Gordon		A. Van Dyke			

The result of the competition is determined by adding the place numbers of each competitor, the one having the lowest total of place numbers winning. In the event that there is a tie for place numbers the competitor having the greatest average number of points wins. In the above summary, Brown and Black having the same total of place numbers, the average total of points decides the competition, and Brown wins.

READY RECKONER FOR SCORING DIFFICULTY OF DIVES.

	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4
1.	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4
1.5	1.8	2.1	2.25	2.4	2.55	2.7	2.85	3.	3.15	3.3	3.45	3.6
2.	2.4	2.8	3.	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.8	4.	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.8
2.5	3.	3.5	3.75	4.	4.25	4.5	4.75	5.	5.25	5.5	5.75	6.
3.	3.6	4.2	4.5	4.8	5.1	5.4	5.7	6.	6.3	6.6	6.9	7.2
3.5	4.2	4.9	5.25	5.6	5.95	6.3	6.65	7.	7.35	7.7	8.05	8.4
4.	4.8	5.6	6.	6.4	6.8	7.2	7.6	8.	8.4	8.8	9.2	9.6
4.5	5.4	6.3	6.75	7.2	7.65	8.1	8.55	9.	9.45	9.9	10.35	10.8
5.	6.	7.	7.5	8.	8.5	9.	9.5	10.	10.5	11.	11.5	12.
5.5	6.6	7.7	8.25	8.8	9.35	9.9	10.45	11.	11.55	12.1	12.65	13.2
6.	7.2	8.4	9.	9.6	10.2	10.8	11.4	12.	12.6	13.2	13.8	14.4
6.5	7.8	9.1	9.75	10.4	11.05	11.7	12.35	13.	13.65	14.3	14.95	15.6
7.	8.4	9.8	10.5	11.2	11.9	12.6	13.3	14.	14.7	15.4	16.1	16.8
7.5	9.	10.5	11.25	12.	12.75	13.5	14.25	15.	15.75	16.5	17.25	18.
8.	9.6	11.2	12.	12.8	13.6	14.4	15.2	16.	16.8	17.6	18.4	19.2
8.5	10.2	11.9	12.75	13.6	14.45	15.3	16.15	17.	17.85	18.7	19.55	20.4
9.	10.8	12.6	13.5	14.4	15.3	16.2	17.1	18.	18.9	19.8	20.7	21.6
9.5	11.4	13.3	14.25	15.2	16.15	17.1	18.05	19.	19.95	20.09	21.85	22.8
10.	12.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.

Example: If a judge awards 7.5 for a 2.3 dive the result 17.25 is found at a glance.

WATER POLO.

RULE I. FIELD OF PLAY.

The distance between the goals shall not exceed 30 yards or be less than 19 yards; the width shall not be more than 20 yards and shall be of even width throughout the field of play. The two-yard and four-yard penalty lines and the half distance shall be clearly marked on both sides of the field of play.

RULE II. DEPTH.

The water shall not be shallower than 3 feet.

RULE III. GOALS.

Goals posts shall be fixed at each end of the field of play. These must be at least one foot from the end of the bath or from any obstruction. The width between the posts to be 10 feet, and the cross-bar to be 3 feet above the surface when the water is 5 feet or over in depth; when the water is less than 5 feet in depth, the cross-bar to be 8 feet from the bottom. Nets must be attached to the goal posts in such a way as to close the whole goal area, and hang below the surface of the water. The back of the net must be at least one foot behind the goal line and hung from the height of the cross-bar. Goal posts and nets must be provided by the home team.

RULE IV. THE BALL.

The ball shall be leather-covered and must be round and fully inflated, and shall measure not less than 27 inches and not more than 28 inches in circumference. It shall be waterproof, with no strapped seams outside and no grease or other objectionable substance on the surface. The ball must be furnished by the home team.

RULE V. CAPS AND FLAGS.

One team shall wear white caps and the other team dark blue caps. Both goalkeepers shall wear red caps with quarterings of his own side's colors. A red flag and a white flag shall be provided for each goal scorer, and a dark blue and a white flag for the referee. The whole of the above to be provided by the home team.

RULE VI. OFFICIALS.

The officials shall consist of a referee, two umpires, a timekeeper, and two goal scorers.

RULE VII. REFEREE.

The duties of the Referee shall be:

(a) to start the game.
(b) to stop all unfair play.

(c) to decide all cases of dispute.
(d) to declare foul and generally see that these rules are carried out.
(e) to decide upon all goals, corner throws and goal throws, whether signified by the goal scorer or not.
(f) goals, fouls, and other stoppages of the game shall be signified by whistle.

The Referee's decision on questions of fact is final, and in all cases must be carried out during the game.

Note.—A Referee may alter his decision providing such alteration be notified before the ball is again in play. A Referee has power to stop play at any period of the game, if in his opinion the behavior of the players or spectators or other exceptional circumstances prevent the match from coming to a proper conclusion.

RULE VIII. UMPIRES.

There shall be two umpires, who shall act as assistants to the Referee. After having tossed for choice of ends, they shall station themselves at a point near their respective ends, where they may best be able to detect fouls at their end of the field of play and report them to the referee.

RULE IX. GOAL SCORERS.

The goal scorers, having tossed for choice of ends, shall stand at the side and in a line with the front of each goal, and when they consider that the entire ball has passed through the goal posts, or over the goal line, at their respective ends, only, they shall signify the same to the Referee, a red flag denoting a corner; a white flag denoting a goal throw; and both flags to denote a goal The goal scorers shall not change ends, and shall keep the score of goals of each team at their respective ends.

RULE X. TIMEKEEPER.

The timekeeper must be provided with an ordinary stop watch and a whistle, which must be provided by the home team. He shall notify half-time and time by whistle, and the signal shall take immediate effect.

RULE XI. TIME.

The duration of a match shall be 14 minutes, seven minutes each way. Three minutes shall be allowed at half-time for change of ends. When the ball crosses the goal line, whether it be a goal, corner throw or goal throw, it shall be dead until the restart of the game, or until it leaves the hand of the player taking the throw, and all such time shall be deducted. Time occupied by disputes or fouls, or when the ball is thrown from the field of play, or lodges on an obstruction, as per Rule XXI., shall not be reckoned as in the time of play.

RULE XII. TEAMS.

Each side shall consist of seven players, who shall wear drawers, or costumes, with drawers underneath the costumes. In baths no oil or grease or other objectionable substance shall be rubbed on the body.

RULE XIII. CAPTAINS.

The captains shall be playing members of the teams they represent, they shall agree upon all preliminaries, and shall toss for choice of ends; the loser of the toss shall have choice of colors. If they are unable to agree upon any point, the Referee shall decide if for them.

RULE XIV. STARTING.

The players shall enter the water and place themselves in a line with their respective goals. The Referee shall stand in a line with the center of the course, and having ascertained that the captains are ready, shall give the word "GO," and immediately throw or release the ball into the water at the center of the field of play. From the start or restart a goal cannot be scored until the ball has been handled, viz., played with the hand below the wrist, either by two members of one team, in which case the scorer shall be within half distance of the goal attacked, or by a player of each team. An attempt on the part of the goalkeeper to stop the ball when it has been handled by the players of one team only, and shot from over half distance shall not constitute handling, and should the ball cross the goal line, a goal throw shall be awarded.

RULE XV. SCORING.

A goal shall be scored by the entire ball passing beyond the goal posts, and under the cross-bar. If, on the notification of half-time or time, the ball be not fully through the goal posts, no goal shall be allowed.

A goal may be scored by the head or feet, provided the ball has been previously handled by two players, as provided for in Rules XIV. and XVIII.

RULE XVI. ORDINARY FOULS.

It shall be a foul:

(a) to touch the ball with both hands at the same time.
(b) to hold the goal posts, rail or side, during any part of the game.
(c) to walk about the bath.
(d) to stand on or touch the bottom during any part of the game, unless for the purpose of resting.
(e) to interfere with an opponent or impede him in any way, unless he is holding the ball.
(f) to hold the ball under the water when tackled.
(g) to jump from the bottom or push from the side—except at starting or restarting—in order to play the ball or duck an opponent.

(h) to hold, pull back, or push off from an opponent.
(i) to turn on the back and kick at an opponent.
(j) to assist a player at the start or restart of the game, or for any player to push off from any part of the goal posts.
(k) for the goalkeeper to go more than four yards from his own goal line, or to take a goal throw improperly. (Rule XXI.)
(l) to throw the ball at the goalkeeper or to an attacking player within two yards of goal, from a free throw. (Rule XXI.)
(m) to refuse to play the ball at the command of the Referee after a foul or after the ball has been thrown from the field of play.
(n) to touch the ball before it has reached the water, when thrown in by the Referee. See Rules XVIII and XXII.

Note; *Clause E*—Dribbling or striking the ball is not "holding," but lifting, carrying, pressing under water, or placing the hand under or over the ball when actually touching, is holding. Dribbling the ball up and through the posts is permissible.

RULE XVII. WILFUL FOULS.

If, in the opinion of the Referee, a player commits an ordinary foul—Rule XVI.—wilfully, or one of the following specified offenses, the Referee shall at once order him out of the water until a goal has been scored.

It shall be considered a wilful foul:

(a) to start before the word "GO."
(b) to deliberately waste time.
(c) for a player to keep up a position within two yards of his opponent's goal-line.
(d) to deliberately change position after the Referee has blown the whistle to stop the game and until the ball is again in play.
(e) to deliberately splash in the face of an opponent.
(f) to strike at the ball with the clenched fist.

Any player ordered out of the water for misconduct or for a wilful foul, shall not re-enter until a goal has been scored, nothwithstanding that half-time may intervene, or extra time be played, and then only with the consent of the Referee.

Note.—In the event of a Referee ordering a player out of the water and such player refusing, the game shall be stopped, the match awarded to the other side, and the offending player reported to the body governing the competition.

RULE XVIII. FREE THROWS.

The penalty for each foul shall be a free throw to the opposing side from the place where the foul occurred. The Referee shall declare a foul by blowing a whistle and exhibiting the color of the side to which

the free throw is awarded. The player nearest to where foul occurred shall take the throw. The other players shall remain in their respective positions from the blowing of the whistle until the ball has left the hand of the player taking the throw. A free throw shall be such as, in the opinion of the Referee, allows all players to see when the ball leaves the hand of the thrower. In the event of illness or accident or of one or more players from each team committing a foul so nearly at the same moment as to make it impossible for the Referee to distinguish who offended first, he shall have the ball out of the water and throw it in as nearly as possible at the place where the foul occurred, in such a manner that one member of each team may have equal chance of playing the ball. In such cases the ball must be allowed to touch the water before it is handled. In all cases where a free throw is allowed under this Rule and Rules XVI., XVII., XX., XXI. and XXII., the ball must be handled, i. e., played with the hand below the wrist, by more than one player before a goal can be scored.

RULE XIX. PENALTY THROW.

A player wilfully fouled when within four yards of his opponent's goal line, shall be awarded a penalty throw, and the player who commits the offense must be ordered out of the water until a goal has been scored. The player to whom a penalty throw is awarded shall proceed to any point on the four-yard line and await the signal of the Referee by whistle.

In the case of a penalty throw, it shall not be necessary for the ball to be handled by any other player before a goal can be scored, but any player within the four yard line may interrupt a penalty throw.

RULE XX. GOALKEEPER.

The goalkeeper may stand to defend his goal, but he must not throw the ball beyond half-distance; the penalty for so doing shall be a free throw to the opposing side from half-distance at either side of the field of play. The goalkeeper must keep within four yards of his own goal line or concede a free throw from the four-yard line to his nearest opponent. The goalkeeper is exempt from Clauses A, C, D and G, in Rule XV., and Clause F, in RULE XVII., but he may be treated as any other player when in possession of the ball. Except when injury or illness compels him to leave the water—when Rule XXIII. shall apply—the goalkeeper can only be changed at half-time. In the event of a goalkeeper being ordered out of the water, his side cannot appoint another goalkeeper except at half-time, as defined above, and any player defending the goal in his place shall not come under the special limitations and exceptions attached to a goalkeeper.

RULE XXI. GOAL AND CORNER THROWS

A player throwing the ball over his own goal line shall concede a free corner throw to his opponents, and such free corner throw shall be taken

from the two-yard line at the side of the bath, by the player on the opposing side nearest the point where the ball leaves the field of play. If attacking side throws the ball over, it shall be a free goal throw to their opponents' goalkeeper, who must pass the ball to another player or beyond the two-yard line. The whistle must be blown immediately the ball crosses he goal line, and from that time until the ball leaves the hand of the player taking the free throw, all players must remain in their respective positions.

Note.—If a goalkeeper puts the ball in play by free throw, and, before any other player has handled, regains possession, and allows it to pass fully through his goal, a corner throw shall be awarded to the opposing side.

RULE XXII. OUT OF PLAY.

Should a player send the ball out of the field of play at either side, it shall be thrown in any direction from where it went out by one of the oposing side, and shall be considered a free throw. The player nearest the point where the ball leaves the field of play must take the throw. Should the ball strike or lodge in an overhead obstruction, it shall be considered out of play, and the Referee shall then stop the game and throw the ball into the water under the said obstruction. The ball must be allowed to touch the water before it is handled, and must be handled by more than one player before a goal can be scored.

RULE XXIII. LEAVING THE WATER.

A player leaving the water or sitting or standing on the steps or sitting on the side of the bath in which the match is being played, during the progress of the game, except in case of illness or accident or by permission of the Referee, shall not re-enter the water until a goal has been scored, or until half-time. Any player having left the water must have the permission of the Referee before re-entering, and he may only re-enter at his own goal line. A player leaving the water during the progress of the game, without the permission of the Referee, or refusing to re-enter the water at the request of the Referee, shall be deemed guilty of misconduct, and be liable to suspension by the body governing the particular match in which he is competing.

RULE XXIV. DRAWINGS.

If there be more than two teams entered for a competition, a drawing shall be held immediately before the contest to determine the order in which the teams shall play, and the method of drawing shall be according to the Bergvoll system.

RULE XXV. ENTRIES.

No club shall be allowed to enter more than one team in a championship competition.

LVII

BOXING

SECTION 1. In all boxing competitions the ring shall not be less than 16 feet nor more than 20 feet square, and shall be formed of posts and ropes, the latter to extend in triple lines 2, 3 and 4 feet from the floor of the ring. The floor of the ring shall extend beyond the lower rope for a distance of not less than 2 feet. Posts must be properly padded and padding on floor shall be not less than one inch in thickness extending one foot beyond the ring ropes.

SEC. 2. Competitors must box in light shoes without spikes and wear athletic trunks. Swimming costume is prohibited. A competitor will be excluded from competing unless properly attired and wearing protection cup. The boxing glove to be not less than six ounces in weight in all classes under 175 lbs. and not less than eight ounces in weight in all classes, 175 lbs. and over.

No competitor will be permitted to take part in a boxing tournament unless examined by a physician immediately before the contest. A physician must be in attendance during the entire tournament.

SEC. 3. Championship weights to be: Fly, 112 lbs. and under; Bantam, 118 lbs. and under; Feather, 126 lbs. and under; Light, 135 lbs. and under; Welter, 147 lbs. and under; Middle, 160 lbs. and under; Light Heavy, 175 lbs. and under; Heavy, any weight. If upon weighing in it is found that an entrant is more than one-half pound over the required weight, he shall not be permitted to compete in that class.

SEC. 4. An athlete who fails to compete after entering an event shall be required to furnish a satisfactory excuse for such failure or render himself liable to censure or suspension by the local Registration Committee. Any athlete who weighs in and then fails to compete without an excuse satisfactory to the Registration Committee shall be suspended for a period of six months. Competitors shall weigh in within three hours of a contest. Weighing shall cease in each class when the drawing for bouts in that class commences. Competitors shall sign their names to a weighing list upon weighing in and whenever demanded by the Referee.

SEC. 5. The Boxing Committee of each Association of the Amateur Athletic Union shall prepare an official list of competent boxing officials to serve as Referees, Judges, Weighers, Timers, Announcers, and Clerks of Boxing. All tournaments must be conducted by officials selected from this official list, or by officials specifically approved by the Boxing Committee; and in every tournament the officials shall be selected or approved by the Boxing Committee.

SEC. 6. In all competitions the number of rounds to be contested shall be three. The duration of each round shall be three minutes. The interval between each round shall be one minute. The Referee may order an additional round of three minutes as provided in Section 10.

SEC. 7. A competitor failing to immediately respond to the call of "Time" at the beginning of any round shall be disqualified by the Referee and the bout awarded to his opponent.

SEC. 8. Immediately before the contest competitors who have weighed in shall draw numbers to determine the bouts they take part in. The drawing to be as follows: Have the first preliminary round to reduce the number of competitors to 2, 4, 8, 16, and so on. (Thus if there are three competitors, have one preliminary bout to reduce to two; if five, have one bout to reduce to four; if six, have two bouts to reduce to four; if seven, have three bouts to reduce to four; if nine, have one bout to reduce to eight; if ten, have two bouts to reduce to eight; if eleven, have three bouts to reduce to eight, and so on.) Competitors drawing a bye on the first drawing on each day, shall receive the lowest numbers on the second drawing. Thus, if there be one bye drawn, such competitor shall receive number 1; if two byes are drawn such competitors shall receive numbers 1 and 2 for the second drawing, and if there be three byes, such competitors shall receive the numbers 1, 2 and 3 in the second drawing. In all drawings where numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, and so on, are drawn, number 1 competes with number 2, 3 with 4, and so on. When the class is brought to a multiple of 2, 4, 8 or 16, the contest proceeds regularly to the final bout. Where the competition is not concluded in one day, there shall be a new drawing for each subsequent round of bouts started on a following day. The winner of the final bout receives first prize and the loser receives second prize.

TABLE OF BOUTS AND BYES, APPLYING TO SECTION 8.

No. of Competitors	Bouts	Byes	No. of Competitors	Bouts	Byes
5	1	3	23	7	9
6	2	2	24	8	8
7	3	1	25	9	7
8	4	..	26	10	6
9	1	7	27	11	5
10	2	6	28	12	4
11	3	5	29	13	3
12	4	4	30	14	2
13	5	3	31	15	1
14	6	2	32	16	..
15	7	1	33	1	31
16	8	..	34	2	30
17	1	15	35	3	29
18	2	14	36	4	28
19	3	13	37	5	27
20	4	12	38	6	26
21	5	11	39	7	25
22	6	10	40	8	24

SEC. 9. Each competitor shall be entitled to the assistance of two seconds only, and no advice or coaching shall be given to any competitor by either of his seconds, or by any other person during the progress of any round. For a violation of this section the Referee may disqualify the competitor who is so advised or coached.

SEC. 10. The judges shall award at the end of each of the rounds five points to the better competitor and a lesser number to the other competitor according to his merits. When the competitors are equal, the maximum number must be given to each. At the end of each bout, the Judges' scoring papers shall be collected by the Announcer. In cases where both Judges give one competitor the most points, the winner shall be announced. Should the Judges disagree, the Announcer shall collect from the Referee the slip of paper upon which he has marked the name of his choice. The Referee and Announcer shall inspect the three ballots and if two out of the three ballots agree, the decision shall be so announced. Should the three ballots disagree, the Referee shall order an extra round of three minutes. After this round, the Judges shall mark the name of their choice on a scoring paper without scoring points and if both Judges agree, the winner shall be announced. If the Judges still disagree, the Referee must decide in favor of one of the contestants.

FORM TO BE USED FOR JUDGES' SCORING PAPER.

Tournament..... Date.....

Class.....lbs.

Competitor.....			Competitor.....	
Round	Points	Remarks	Points	Remarks
1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	.....	....	.....	.....
3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total Points.		Total Points.		

I award bout to.....

.....

(Judge must sign name here.)

Judges shall sit at opposite corners of the ring. Each official shall reach his decision without conferring in any manner with any other official or person.

SEC. 11. The Referee shall have the power to caution or disqualify a competitor for any infringement of rules and to stop a round, if in his opinion, a man is outclassed or unfit to continue and that man shall be deemed to have lost the bout.

In the event of a competitor being down, his opponent shall retire to the farthest corner and shall not recommence boxing until told to do so by the Referee. A man is to be considered down when he is on one foot or both feet if at the same time any other part of his body is touching the ground. The Referee shall not allow a competitor to continue further who remains down ten seconds.

SEC. 12. The decision of the Judges or the Referee, as the case may be, shall be final.

SEC. 13. In all competitions the decision shall be made in favor of the competitor who displays the best style and obtains the greatest number of points. The points shall be: For attack; direct clean hits with the knuckle part of the glove closed of either hand, or any part of the front or sides of the head or body above the belt. For defense: guarding, slipping, ducking, counter-hitting or getting away. Where points are otherwise equal, consideration to be given to the man who does the most leading off.

SEC. 14. The Referee may disqualify a competitor who is boxing unfairly, by kicking, gouging, or hitting with the open glove, hitting with the inside or butt of the hand, the wrist or elbow, hitting or catching hold below the waist, hitting when down (one knee and one hand or both knees on the floor), striking an opponent on the back of the neck or on the spine or over the kidneys, holding with one hand and striking, butting with the head or shoulders, hitting when in clinches, wrestling or roughing at the ropes, using offensive and scurrilous language, or not obeying the orders of the Referee.

SEC. 15. Any athlete who competes in a boxing contest of a longer duration than provided for in these rules shall be suspended for such a period as the Registration Committee shall decide.

SEC. 16. Only soft cotton or linen bandages shall be used, and shall be confined to three thicknesses for the protection of the hands. Bandages to be supplied by the organization holding the competition and are subject to approval of the Referee. Bandaging must be supervised by an official appointed for that purpose and gloves must be adjusted at the ringside.

SEC. 17. In the event of any questions arising not provided for in these rules, the Referee shall have full power to decide such questions and also to interpret the rules.

LVIII

WRESTLING

CATCH-AS-CATCH-CAN

SECTION 1. In all wrestling competitions the ring shall not be less than 16 feet nor more than 24 feet square, and shall be formed of posts and ropes, the latter extending in triple lines, 2, 3 and 4 feet from the floor of the ring. The floor of the ring shall extend beyond the lower rope for a distance of not less than 2 feet. Posts must be properly padded and padding on floor shall be not less than one inch in thickness and extend one foot beyond the ring ropes. The padding must be covered with a suitable wrestling rug, properly secured.

In place of holding wrestling in a ring it is preferable to conduct it as provided in International Olympic Rules as follows: "The wrestling shall take place on the ground or on a platform raised not more than 4 feet, and of a size not less than 26 feet square."

SEC. 2. Competitors shall be decently clad in close fitting garments without sleeves and with athletic supporters beneath their tights. Competitors may be barefooted or wear socks and shoes, these to be of soft leather or canvas and rubber and to carry no projecting metal work. Belts or garters with metal fastenings or rings upon the fingers shall not be worn, and the Referee shall see that a competitor's finger nails are trimmed short, and that he has not upon his person any bandange, oil, grease, resin, or any other substance likely to cause injury or distress to his opponent or advantage to himself.

SEC. 3. Classes to be 112 lbs. and under; 118 lbs. and under; 126 lbs. and under; 135 lbs. and under; 147 lbs. and under; 160 lbs. and under; 175 lbs. and under; and Heavy, any weight. If upon weighing in, it is found that an entrant is more than one-half pound over the required weight he shall not be permitted to compete in that class.

SEC. 4. An athlete who fails to compete after entering an event shall be required to furnish a satisfactory excuse for such failure or render himself liable to censure or suspension by the local Registration Committee. Any athlete who weighs in and then fails to compete without an excuse satisfactory to the Registration Committee shall be suspended for a period of six months. Competitors shall weigh in within three hours of a contest. Weighing in shall cease when the drawing for bouts in that class commences. Competitors shall sign their names to a weighing list upon weighing in and whenever demanded by the Referee.

SEC. 5. The Wrestling Committee of each Association of the Amateur Athletic Union shall prepare an official list of competent wrestling officials

to serve as Referees, Weighers, Timers, Announcers, and Clerks of Wrestling. All tournaments must be conducted by officials selected from this official list, or by officials specifically approved by the Wrestling Committee; and in every tournament the officials shall be selected or approved by the Wrestling Committee.

SEC. 6. One fall shall decide each bout. A fall shall terminate the bout and in no case shall the duration of a preliminary bout exceed 10 minutes. A fall shall terminate the final bout which in no case shall exceed 15 minutes. If no fall has been obtained by either contestant at the termination of the bout, the Referee must award the bout to the competitor who shows the best qualities, or who has acted mostly upon the aggressive.

The duration of a bout shall be limited to ten minutes at the expiration of which, if no fall has been gained (a fall immediately terminating the bout) the decision shall be given on points. While the bout is in progress, the Timekeeper shall clearly and loudly call the passing of each successive minute. If for any reason the temporary stoppage of a bout occurs, the Timekeeper shall deduct such time from the regular time of bout.

A fall shall be defined as the placing of a contestant's two shoulders on the mat at the same moment for a sufficient period of time for the Referee to be satisfied that both are actually touching or have touched. Rolling falls shall not count.

SEC. 7. The bout shall commence with the call of "Time" by the Timekeeper, when the contestants shall shake hands, leave hold, step back, and at once be presumed to be on the defensive. The contestants may may take hold how and where they please, subject to the following restrictions: The hair, flesh, ears, private parts, or clothes may not be seized. Twisting of fingers and toes is forbidden. Striking, kicking, gouging, hair pulling, butting, strangling are prohibited, and any grip that endangers life or limb, or has for its object the punishing of an opponent, or inflicting such pain as might force him to give the fall, will not be allowed. Any fair hold, grip, lock or trip is allowed except the Double Nelson, Strangle, Flying Mare with the palm uppermost, the Toe Hold with a twist, the Double Wrist Lock, the Hammerlock and an Arm or Foot up the back with a Bar.

SEC. 8. Immediately before the contest, competitors who have weighed in shall draw numbers to determine the bouts they take part in. The drawing to be as follows: Have the first preliminary round to reduce the number of competitors, to 2, 4, 8, 16, and so on. (Thus, if there are three competitors, have one preliminary bout to reduce to two; if five, have one bout to reduce to four; if six, have two bouts to reduce to four; if seven, have three bouts to reduce to four; if nine, have one bout to reduce to eight; if ten, have two bouts to reduce to eight; if eleven, have three bouts to reduce to eight, and so on.) Competitors drawing a bye

on the first drawing on each day shall receive the lowest numbers on the second drawing. Thus, if there be one bye drawn, such competitor shall receive the number 1; if two byes are drawn, such competitors shall receive numbers 1 and 2, for the second drawing, and if there be three byes, such competitors shall receive the numbers 1, 2 and 3 in the second drawing. In all drawings where numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, and so on are drawn, number 1 competes with number 2, 3 with 4, and so on. When the class is brought to a multiple of 2, 4, 8, or 16, the contest proceeds regularly to the final bout. Where the competition is not concluded in one day, there shall be a new drawing for each subsequent round of bouts started on a following day. The winner of the final bout receives first prize and the loser receives second prize.

TABLE OF BOUTS AND BYES, APPLYING TO SECTION 8.

No. of Competitors	Bouts	Byes	No. of Competitors	Bouts	Byes
5.....	1	3	23.....	7	9
6.....	2	2	24.....	8	8
7.....	3	1	25.....	9	7
8.....	4	..	26.....	10	6
9.....	1	7	27.....	11	5
10.....	2	6	28.....	12	4
11.....	3	5	29.....	13	3
12.....	4	4	30.....	14	2
13.....	5	3	31.....	15	1
14.....	6	2	32.....	16	..
15.....	7	1	33.....	1	31
16.....	8	..	34.....	2	30
17.....	1	15	35.....	3	29
18.....	2	14	36.....	4	28
19.....	3	13	37.....	5	27
20.....	4	12	38.....	6	26
21.....	5	11	39.....	7	25
22.....	6	10	40.....	8	24

SEC. 9. Each competitor shall be entitled to the assistance of two seconds only and no advice or coaching shall be given to any competitor by either of his seconds, or by any other person during the progress of any bout. For a violation of this section, the Referee may disqualify the competitor who is so advised or coached.

SEC. 10. For persistent retreating beyond the boundary of the mat, the Referee is empowered to disqualify the offender. For using or

attempting to use a Foul Hold after two cautions have been given by the Referee, the offender shall be disqualified. But, if in the course of a competition, in the judgment of the Referee, a competitor shall have given evidence of his intention to try to gain victory by the use of foul holds, for such attempt, whether two cautions have been given during the bout or not, the Referee shall disqualify such competitor from further competition. For refusing to break any hold when so ordered by the Referee, the offender shall be disqualified. For using oil, grease, etc. (see Sec. 2), the offender shall be disqualified.

SEC. 11. For all competitions there shall be a Referee, two Judges, a Timekeeper and two Weighers and Clerks of Wrestling. The Judges shall not have the power to award a fall, but shall each keep a record of the points gained by the opponents in each and any contest, and in the event of no fall being obtained, the contest shall be decided in accordance with the Judges' scoring, which shall be given in writing and computed on the following basis:

Aggressiveness on feet	2 points
Aggressiveness on mat	3 points
Bringing opponent to mat and getting on top	2 points
Getting out from underneath and up on feet	1 point
Getting out from underneath and getting on top	2 points

(A competitor is considered on top when he is in position to take the Referee's hold.)

In the event of the Judges not being in agreement or their award of points being equal, the Referee must give a definite decision in favor of one of the contestants. Decision as to a fall, which of course, terminates a bout, shall rest with the Referee only. Apart from the aforementioned powers of the Judges, the entire control of the bout lies in the hands of the Referee, whose decision shall be final and subject to no appeal.

SEC. 12. No bandages or straps of any kind shall be used on hands, arms or head.

SEC. 13. Any athlete who competes in a wrestling contest of longer duration than provided for in these rules shall be suspended for such period as the Registration Committee shall decide.

SEC. 14. In the event of any question arising not provided for in these rules, the Referee shall have full power to decide such question and also interpret these rules.

SEC. 15. If one or both of the contestants get wholly beyond the boundary of the mat, the Referee shall order the contestants back to the center and in a standing position. The position they shall take on the mat shall be left to the discretion of the Referee, who shall take into consideration their positions when they left the mat.

LIX

GRECO-ROMAN.

The rules governing Catch-as-Catch-Can Wrestling with the exception of Section 7, shall apply. The following section is substituted for Section 7 of the Catch-as-Catch-Can Wrestling rules:

Before the beginning of the competition, the opponents are standing in opposite angles of the mat. From there they shall approach, shake with the right hand, turn around and start the wrestling. After the bout they shall shake hands again.

The contest begins and ends at the signal of the Arbiter or the Referee.

Wrestlers are forbidden to take hold of each other below the hips, and no part of the opponents body, with exception of the hands and arms, may be seized except with the flat hand. It is forbidden to touch his face, i.e., from the upper edge of the eyebrows to the mouth. Furthermore, it is forbidden to seize by the throat, costume, belt, or cincture, to trip, strike, hit, kick, scratch, and pull the hair.

At a backward grasp in standing attitude, the attacker must go on his knee before letting any part of the opponent's upper body touch the carpet. A bridge must be squeezed down. Thus, when the opponent has made a bridge, it is forbidden to lift him up and dash him down. With the hammerlock and backhammer holds it is forbidden to raise the forearm higher than at right angles with the upper arm. For using of a prohibited hold, the Judges shall order the competitors to start the wrestling afresh, in standing attitude or on the mat, according to their position at the moment when the foul hold was being used. But should this hold make the contest take an unfavorable turn for the offender, the bout may proceed uninterrupted.

The Referee is to intervene, when especially dangerous grips are used, such as strangling, wringing of arms, twisting of fingers, and gripping of special fingers.

The Referee shall decide whether a grip is too dangerous to be permitted.

A competitor who touches the carpet with both shoulders at the same time, even in rolling falls, is defeated. The fall, however, must be obviously marked.

LX

GYMNASTICS

FLYING RINGS, HORIZONTAL BAR, SIDE HORSE, PARALLEL BARS, LONG HORSE, TUMBLING, ALL-AROUND, INDIAN CLUB SWINGING, AND ROPE CLIMBING.

1. The competition shall be conducted by a Referee and a jury composed of three Judges, whose decision shall be final and without appeal. The Judges must place themselves apart from each other, and as far as practicable, on opposite sides of the competitors, in order to observe the general form of the competitors.

2. The competitors shall draw lots and then perform in rotation. Complete gymnastic costume must be worn by all competitors.

3. In all individual events each competitor shall perform two different exercises of his own selection or combination.

4. Except in case of accident to the apparatus, no second trials shall be allowed.

5. Each Judge, without consultation, shall mark each performance on regularly ruled and official score sheets, with one column to score approach and retreat and another to score the difficulty of the exercise, beauty of the combination and the execution and general form of the competitor. The total for a perfect performance shall be 100 and the basis for marking shall be as follows:

Approach and Retreat	10 points
Difficulty of exercise and beauty of combination	40 points
Execution and general form of competitor	40 points
Finish or ending	10 points

6. The winner of the competition shall be the one having obtained the highest aggregate number of points; next highest second, and so on. In event of a tie for any place, the Referee shall order each competitor so tied to perform one additional exercise, to be selected by the competitor, with the same Judges officiating.

7. Each competitor's combinations on the Side Horse, Flying Rings, Parallel Bars and Horizontal Bars shall be judged from the time he begins his combination until he again wholly or in part places his weight upon the mat.

8. In Tumbling, a competitor's combination shall end when he leaves the mat.

9. In the competition on the Flying Rings the competitor must perform one still and one swinging exercise and will be allowed to touch the mat on the last swing, if necessary, for his finish; it being understood that any decision concerning accidental touching or brushing the mat shall be left to the discretion of the Judges and that approach and retreat be counted as heretofore.

10. The Referee shall determine the suitability of all apparatus used.

11. The All-Around Championship includes competition on the Horizontal Bars, Parallel Bars, Side Horse, Long Horse and Flying Rings. Each competitor shall also perform one free calisthenic exercise without apparatus of not more than two minutes' duration.

12. The winner of the All-Around Championship shall be the competitor who obtains the highest aggregate number of points; next highest second, and so on. In the event of a tie for any place, the Referee shall order each competitor so tied to perform one additional exercise in each event, the exercise to be selected by the competitor, with the same Judges officiating. In the event that a competitor also competes for a prize in an individual event the scorer shall count his two best marks from each Judge as his All-Around score.

13. Indian Club Swinging. Clubs weighing one and one-half pounds each shall be used and each competitor shall be allowed four minutes for a performance. The dropping of a club shall end the exercise and the contestant performing at least three minutes shall lose proportionally on a basis of 25 points per minute. The basis for marking shall be as follows: Variety, difficulty and beauty of combination, 50 points; execution and general form of competitor, 50 points. Clubs shall be furnished by the Committee.

14. Rope Climbing. (*a*) The rope shall not have any assisting devices, such as knots, balls, etc.

(*b*) The rope shall pass through a metal tambourine and the distance from the floor to the tambourine shall be twenty-five feet.

(*c*) The start shall be by pistol shot and the time taken when the competitor strikes the tambourine.

(*d*) Each competitor shall sit on the floor, with legs extended in front, and shall not touch the floor with any part of his person after the pistol shot.

(*e*) Each competitor shall be allowed three trials.

(*f*) The competitor making the fastest time in any of the trials shall win the competition; next best time, second, and so on.

(*g*) In the event of a tie for any place the Referee shall order an additional trial for the competitors so tied.

15. When a point trophy is awarded, points shall be scored as in track and field. (General Rule VIII).

LXI

HAND BALL

1. Standard courts shall be four walls of approximately 24 feet by 48 feet in size. The ceilings shall be at least 25 feet at the front wall. The building and use of standard courts is advised, although for the time being championships may be held on courts of other sizes and of less than four walls.

2. Ball shall be standard Rubber hand ball.

3. Twenty-one points shall constitute a game.

4. First service shall be determined by the toss of a coin or in any other manner agreed by the contestants.

5. If the players cannot agree upon a ball a new ball shall be selected by the referee.

6. In serving, the ball must be bounced on the floor and struck on the first bounce. Missing the ball puts the server out. The server has the privilege of several attempts at bouncing the ball before serving.

7. The server must stand between the short line and the service line before commencing his service and must not step over the service line while serving.

8. Stepping over the service line while serving shall be counted as a short ball. Doing so twice in succession shall be counted a hand out.

9. Three short balls in succession shall count as a hand out.

10. Hitting the ceiling, floor or side walls before the front wall while serving counts as a hand out.

11. Catching or stopping the ball on the service before it hits the floor counts as a hand out.

12. It is optional with a player to accept a short ball; if a short ball is attempted it becomes a fair ball.

13. The server or his partner may stop a short ball after it touches the floor and before it has been touched by the opposing side.

14. While his partner is serving a player should stand between the lines with his back to the wall and while in this position it does not count as a hand out if he is struck by a served ball.

15. After the service the ball must be returned to the front wall before hitting the floor. Hitting the floor and front wall at the same time counts as a miss. The front wall must be hit first.

16. If the outside fails to return the ball it counts as a tally for the side serving. If the server fails to return the adversaries' play, it counts as a hand out.

17. If a ball hits an adversary on the way to the front wall and afterwards reaches the front wall before touching the floor, it is in play. All balls striking players on the return are hinders or points.

18. If a ball, before it is dead, touches a player on the way back from the front wall, it loses the point for the player touched and the ball is immediately out of play.

19. Hitting a partner with the ball immediately puts the ball out of play and loses the point for that side except during the service when the partner is standing between the lines with his back to the wall. The man serving the ball in four handed match is the man who is supposed to play inside the lines at all times.

20. Every player is entitled to a free and unobstructed opportunity to play the ball. If he is interfered with unintentionally it is called a hinder and is played over.

21. When, in the opinion of the referee, a player is hindered intentionally he should decide that point against the offending player.

22. In doubles, both players on a side are entitled to a fair and unobstructed chance at the ball and either one is entitled to a decision on a hinder even though it naturally would be his partner's ball and notwithstanding the fact that his partner may be attempting to play the ball or that he may already have missed it.

The referee should be liberal in rendering decisions under this rule so as to discourage any ractise of playing the ball where an adversary cannot see it until too late to get into position and it is no excuse that the ball is "killed dead" or that the adversary "could not get it." He is entitled to a chance to try and in the absence of this chance is entitled to the decision.

23. It is the duty of the side that has played the ball to keep out of the way of the side that is playing and under no circumstances shall a player be forced to run around an adversary in order to reach the ball. Hinders when claimed should generally be allowed unless clearly in the opinion of the referee there was no hinder.

24. It is the duty of the referee to decide all hinders and covered balls without being appealed to by the players as it is often distasteful to a player to make claims especially in close cases, and failure to claim a hinder or covered ball does not relieve the referee from the duty of rendering a decision.

25. A player may not claim a hinder when interfered with by his partner.

26. In doubles it is customary to serve to the adversaries alternately but this is not compulsory.

27. Kicking the ball is not allowed.

28. During a play the ball may not be played by a player after it has been touched either by his partner or by himself.

29. In all match games there should be a referee and score keeper who should sit next to the referee.

30. During Tournament or match play, leaving the court without consent of adversary forfeits the series unless excused by the referee.

31. After a completion of a rally both players shall be allowed a reasonable time to get in position, after which the referee may call play. If the server fails to serve the ball after play is called the referee or the other player may count ten as nearly as possible at the rate of one count per second and if the ball is not served before the completion of the count the server shall be declared out.

32. The referee's decision is final.

33. Any player refusing to abide by the decision of referee forfeits the match.

34. Hands or fingers may be covered, but only with soft material or soft gloves of id or cloth. No hard material shall be used on any part of either hand.

35. Drawings shall be held immediately before the contest and the method of drawing shall be the same as prescribed in Boxing rules.

LXII

ONE-WALL HAND BALL RULES

1. Standard one-wall courts shall be approximately 20 feet in width by 34 feet in length and the wall to be 16 feet in height. The short line to be at least 13 feet from the board.

2. Ball to be standard rubber handball, Spalding No. 101 or similar thereto.

3. Twenty-one points shall constitute a game.

4. First service shall be determined by the toss of a coin, or in any other manner agreed by the contestants.

5. If the players cannot agree upon a ball a new ball shall be selected by the Referee.

6. In serving, the ball must be bounced on the floor within the square formed by the two side lines, the short and the rear line, and struck on the first bounce. Missing the ball puts the server out. The server has the privilege of several attempts at bouncing the ball before serving.

7. The server must stand between the short line and the back line before commencing his service with at least one foot between the side lines, and must not step over the short line while serving. Stepping over short line while serving (or serving with both feet outside of the court) shall be counted a fault the same as a short or long ball. Doing so twice in succession shall be counted a hand out.

8. The server must serve the ball so that it will first strike the board and bounce from the board inside of the square formed by the two side lines, the short line and the rear line.

9. Two short balls in succession or two long balls in succession or a short ball and a long ball in succession shall count as a hand out.

10. One ball served outside of the side line shall count as a hand out.

11. Hitting the ceiling, floor or any other part of the room before the front wall while serving counts as a hand out.

12. If either side catches or stops the ball on the service or play before it hits the floor it counts as a hand out or a point against the offending side.

13. The receiver cannot play a short nor a long ball. The server or his partner may stop a short ball after it touches the floor and before it has been touched by the opposing side.

14. While his partner is serving the player must stand outside of the court and must not enter the court until the ball having hit the board has returned past the short line.

15. The receiver may strike the ball in returning same on the fly or on the first bounce.

16. After the receiver strikes the ball, it must return to the front wall before hitting the floor and bound back into the court between side lines, the board and rear line. If the receiver fails to hit the front wall first and return the ball so it bounces within the limit of the court, it shall be counted as a point for the server.

17. If the receiver fails to return the ball it counts as a tally for the side serving. If the server fails to return the adversary's play, it counts as hand out and the side loses the serve.

18. If a player strikes the ball and it hits an adversary before striking the floor or the front wall, the ball is dead and the point must be played over.

19. If a ball, before it is dead, touches a player on the way back from the front wall, it loses the point for the player touched and the ball is immediately out of play.

20. Hitting a partner with the ball immediately puts the ball out of play and loses the point for that side.

21. If a player is interfered with unintentionally by his opponent he may claim a hinder and the point shall be played over.

22. A player being interfered with in playing the ball by an opponent, may claim a hinder unless his opponent after having played the ball shall have stood still, in which case no hinder shall be allowed.

23. In doubles both players on a side are entitled to a fair and unobstructed chance at the ball and either one is entitled to a decision on a hinder even though it might be the partner's ball, and notwithstanding that the partner may be attempting to play the ball or that he may have already missed it.

24. When, in the opinion of the Referee, a player is hindered intentionally he should decide that point against the offending player.

25. It is the duty of the Referee to decide all hinders without being appealed to by the players as it is often distasteful to a player to make claims especially in close

cases, and failure to claim a hinder does not relieve the Referee from the duty of rendering a decision.

26. During a play the ball may not be played by a player after it has been touched either by a partner or by himself.

27. A player may not claim a hinder when interfered with by his partner.

28. Kicking the ball is not allowed.

29. In all match games there should be a Linesman, a Referee and Scorekeeper, who should sit next to the Referee.

30. During tournament or match play, leaving the court without consent of adversary forfeits the series unless excused by the Referee.

31. After a completion of a rally both players shall be allowed a reasonable time to get in position, after which the Referee may call play. If the server fails to serve the ball after play is called the Referee may count ten as nearly as possible at the rate of one count per second and if the ball is not served before the completion of the count the server shall be declared out.

32. The Referee's decision is final.

33. Any player refusing to abide by the decision of Referee forfeits the match.

34. Drawings may be made either 48 or 72 hours before the scheduled time of the contest and the method of drawing shall be the same as prescribed in Boxing Rules.

35. If a ball strikes the ceiling or other obstructions either in going or coming from the front wall, it shall be counted as a point against the player who struck the ball.

LXIII

VOLLEY BALL

RULE I. GROUNDS.

SECTION 1. For the outdoor game the playing surface shall be a rectangular court not more than 90 feet long and 45 feet wide.

Note.—A court 80 feet by 40 feet gets best results and is generally used in match contests.

SEC. 2. For the indoor game the playing surface shall be a rectangular court not more than 70 feet long and 40 feet wide, free from obstructions and having a height of 15 feet or more which is free from apparatus or other obstructions or projections.

Note.—A court 60 feet by 30 feet gets best results and, where conditions permit, is generally used in match contests.

SEC. 3. For playing singles or doubles the court shall be one-half the width of the full indoor court.

SEC. 4. The court shall be bounded by well defined lines not less than two inches in width, and which shall be at every point at least three feet from walls or any obstructions. The lines on the short sides of the court shall be termed the "end lines," those on the long sides the "side lines."

SEC. 5. A center line 2 inches in width shall be drawn on the courts directly beneath and parallel to the net.

RULE II. BALL.

The ball shall be round and shall consist of a rubber bladder covered with a leather case. It shall be not less than 26 inches nor more than 27 inches in circumference, and shall weigh not less than eight ounces nor more than ten ounces.

Note.—When playing outdoors, by mutual consent a slightly heavier ball may be used, but it shall not exceed 12 ounces in weight.

RULE III. NET.

The net shall be at least three feet wide and of sufficient length to reach from boundary to boundary. The meshes shall be small enough to prevent the passage of the ball through the net. It shall be tightly stretched by the four corners between walls or uprights which are entirely outside the court, and shall cross the court midway between the end lines and parallel to them. The top line shall be level and measure eight feet from the center to the ground.

RULE IV. TEAMS.

SECTION 1. The teams shall be composed of an equal number of players, said number to be decided upon by the managers after the size of the court has been ascertained.

SEC. 2. In all official outdoor matches teams shall be composed of twelve players.

SEC. 3. In all official indoor matches teams shall be composed of six players.

Note.—The requirements of Sections 2 and 3 may be changed by agreement of the managers.

SEC. 4. A substitute may take the place of a player only when the ball has been declared dead. He shall first report to the Referee.

RULE V. OFFICIALS.

The officials shall be a Referee, one or more Inspectors, a Scorer and two Linesmen.

RULE VI. DUTIES OF OFFICIALS.

SECTION 1. The Referee shall be the superior official of the game. He shall decide when the ball is in play, when it is dead, when a point has been made, when side

is out, and shall impose penalties for all violations of the rules (see Rules X and XI).

SEC. 2. The Referee shall have the power to make decisions on violations of the rules committed at any time from the beginning of play to the end of the match. This includes the periods when the game may be momentarily stopped for any reason.

SEC. 3. The Referee shall station himself at one end of the net in a position that will give him an equally clear view of both courts.

SEC. 4. The Referee shall make line decisions on his own side line.

SEC. 5. Inspectors shall be stationed on opposite ends of net and shall call foul on players crossing center line and shall assist Referee in all other decisions.

SEC. 6. The Referee shall record the points made. His record shall constitute the official score of the game.

SEC. 7. Before the game the Scorer shall secure from each manager or captain the serving order of the teams, and shall see that the players follow the serving order and rotate in position.

SEC. 8. The Linesmen shall station themselves at opposite ends of the court and on the side opposite the Referee so that each has two lines in plain view, and whenever the ball strikes the ground near a line the linesman nearest the point of contact shall call "Good" or "Out."

SEC. 9. Upon request, the Linesmen and Inspector shall report to the Referee their views of any circumstance about which he is uncertain.

RULE VII. DEFINITION OF TERMS.

SECTION 1. The court occupied by a team shall be called its own court; that occupied by the opponents, the opponents' court.

SEC. 2. The order in which the teams are to serve shall be called the "serving order."

SEC. 3. The shifting of the men in position shall be called "rotation."

SEC. 4. A "service" is the putting of the ball in play by an eligible man, by batting it over the net into the opponents' court in any direction with one or both hands while standing with both feet wholly behind the back line of the court.

SEC. 5. "Point" shall be called when the team receiving fails to return the ball legally to the opponents' court.

SEC. 6. "Side out" shall be called when the team serving fails to win its point or plays the ball illegally.

SEC. 7. The ball is "dead" after "point," "side out," or any other decision temporarily suspending play.

SEC. 8. A player who touches the ball when it is not dead shall be considered as playing it.

SEC. 9. The ball is out of bounds when it touches any surface or object, or the ground outside of the court. The ball touching a boundary line is good.

SEC. 10. When the ball momentarily comes to rest in the hands or arms of a player he shall be considered as catching or holding the ball. The ball must clearly be batted. Scooping, lifting, shoving or following the ball shall be considered as holding.

SEC. 11. A player touching the ball more than once with any part of his body when the ball meanwhile has not been touched by another player shall be considered as "dribbling."

SEC. 12. Any player committing any act which, in the opinion of the Referee, tends to slow down the game unnecessarily shall be considered as delaying the game.

RULE VIII. COURTS AND SERVICE.

SECTION 1. The captains shall toss for courts or service. The winner of the toss may choose either to take the first service or his choice of courts.

SEC. 2. At the opening of the game the ball shall be put in play by the first player on the serving order of the team which is to begin service.

SEC. 3. Each server shall continue to serve until the Referee calls "side out."

SEC. 4. Service shall alternate as "side out" is called.

SEC. 5. The team receiving the ball for service shall immediately rotate one position. If the team forms in two lines, the rotation shall be clockwise; if the team forms in more than two lines, the odd lines, beginning with the forwards, move to the right.

SEC. 6. When a served ball passes under or touches the net or touches any player, surface or object before entering the opponents' court, "side out" shall be called.

SEC. 7. If a player serves out of turn, "side out" shall be called and any points made on his service before the error was discovered shall not be scored.

SEC. 8. The team losing the previous game shall have the first service in the succeeding game.

SEC. 9. Teams shall change courts at the end of each game.

SEC. 10. If wind, sun or some other circumstance favors one court, the teams may change courts as soon as either team has scored eight points in any game instead of at the end of the game, but the service continues with the player who has just scored the eighth point. The Referee shall decide.

RULE IX. PLAYING THE BALL.

SECTION 1. The ball may be batted in any direction, and a player may use any part of his body above the hips in playing the ball.

SEC. 2. A ball other than a service touching the top of the net and going over into the opponents' court is still in play.

SEC. 3. A ball other than a service may be recovered from the net, provided the player avoids touching the net.

SEC. 4. The ball may be touched only three times by one team before being returned over the net.

Note.—This does not prevent a man from playing the ball twice, provided the rule against dribbling is not violated; that is, a man may be the first and third to play the ball. This means, of course, that he is also eligible on his second play to return the ball over the net.

RULE X. POINTS AND SIDE OUT.

If any player of the serving team commits any of the following acts, it shall be "side out;" if any player of the receiving team commits any of the following acts, one point shall be scored for the serving team:

(1) Cause the ball to go out of bounds or under the net.

(2) Catch or hold the ball.

Note.—The enforcement of this rule is most important when a player is placing the ball for a teammate to kill.

(3) Dribble.

(4) Allow the ball to touch his person or clothing below the hips.

(5) Play the ball while he is raised off the ground by any player or object.

(6) Touch the net with any part of the body at any time except when the ball is "dead." However, if two opponents touch the net simultaneously, neither "point" nor "side out" shall be called; the ball is dead and shall be served over.

(7) Touch the ball when it already has been played three times before being returned over the net.

(8) Reach over the net to play the ball.

(9) Serve out of turn.

(10) Reach under the net and touch the ball or a player of the opposing team when the ball is in play on that side, or interfere with the play of the opposing team by entering their court.

(11) Enter opponents' court in an attempt to recover the ball, except that reaching under the net with one or both hands but keeping the feet in own court is allowed.

(12) Persistently delay the game.

(13) A double foul shall be called when players on opposing sides commit a foul simultaneously. In case of a double foul the ball shall be played over.

(14) Touch the floor on the opposite side of the center line.

(15) A player may not "spike" or "kill" the ball when he is playing a back position.

RULE XI. SCORING.

SECTION 1. Failure of the receiving team to return the ball legally over the net into the opponents' court shall score one point for the team serving (see Rule X.).

SEC. 2. The team first scoring 15 points shall be declared winner of the game.

SEC. 3. When the score is tied to 14-14 it shall be necessary for one team to score 2 successive points (making a total of 16 points), in the same service, to win. When only one point is made on the service, the score reversed to 14-14.

SEC. 4. The number of games necessary for the winning of a match or championship shall be determined by the Championship Committee. If there is no Championship Committee the managers of the contesting teams shall decide.

RULE XII. CONDUCT OF PLAYERS.

The Referee shall have power to disqualify for the remainder of a match any player committing any of the following or other gross violations of sportsmanship:

(1) Persistently address the officials in regard to decisions.

(2) Make derogatory remarks about the officials.

(3) Commit acts derogatory to the officials or actions tending to influence their decisions.

(4) Make personal or derogatory remarks about opponents.

A substitute shall take the place of a disqualified player.

RULE XIII. FORFEITED GAME.

Any team refusing to play after receiving instructions to do so from the Referee shall forfeit the game or match.

RULE XIV. DECISIONS.

SECTION 1. Decisions of the officials as to matters of fact are final.

SEC. 2. Decisions pertaining to the interpretation of the rules may be called into question at once, but only by the captains of the contesting teams.

SEC. 3. When a question pertaining to interpretation of the rules has not been settled conclusively but will be carried to higher authority for decision, the game shall proceed as before, the Referee making proper note of the protest.

NOTES.

In some courts it may speed up or otherwise improve the game to introduce any or all of the following modifications; but in no case may they become operative in a match contest except by mutual consent.

(1) A ball, other than a service, is out of bounds only when it strikes a spectator, or the floor outside the boundary lines.

(2) A ball, other than a service, which strikes loose hanging apparatus, such as ropes or cables, and falls into the opponents' court shall be considered in play.

(3) A served ball which strikes loose hanging apparatus, such as ropes or cables, and falls into the opponents' court shall not put side out but shall be served over.

(4) A player may touch for the second time a ball which he has just played but which bounds directly back to him from the net or any other surface or object. This would allow one additional stroke to the regulation three.

(5) The server is allowed one fault, and a "net ball" is served over.

LXIV

These rules may be amended at any meeting of the Board or by mail or telegraph vote, by a majority of the members voting, provided that at least twenty days notice shall have been given to every member of the Board of the proposed amendment.

HOW TO SCORE THE DECATHLON

For a performance similar to the best result obtained at the 1912 or previous Olympic Games 1000 Points will be awarded. Other performances are valued in accordance with this table. If a performance exceeds these records correspondingly higher points will be awarded.

No. 1—100 Meters.

Time.	Points.	Time.	Points.	Time.	Points.	Time.	Points.
10 3-5	1000.00	11 3-5	762.00	12 3-5	524.00	13 4-5	238.40
10 4-5	952.40	11 4-5	714.40	12 4-5	476.40	14 0	190.80
11 0	904.80	12 0	666.80	13 0	428.80	14 1-5	143.20
11 1-5	857.20	12 1-5	619.20	13 1-5	381.20	14 2-5	95.60
11 2-5	809.60	12 2-5	571.60	13 2-5	333.60	14 3-5	48.00
				13 3-5	286.00	14 4-5	0.40

1912 Olympic Record, 10 3-5 secs. = 1000 points.

Score other time at rate of 1-5 sec. = 47.60 points.

No. 2—Running Broad Jump

M. CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M. CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M. CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.
7.60	24.934	1000.00	6.20	20.341	657.00	4.80	15.748	314.00
7.50	24.606	975.50	6.10	20.013	632.50	4.70	15.420	289.50
7.40	24.278	951.00	6.00	19.685	608.00	4.60	15.092	265.00
7.30	23.950	926.50	5.90	19.356	583.50	4.50	14.764	240.50
7.20	23.622	902.00	5.80	19.028	559.00	4.40	14.436	216.00
7.10	23.294	877.50	5.70	18.700	534.50	4.30	14.108	191.50
7.00	22.966	853.00	5.60	18.372	510.00	4.20	13.779	167.00
6.90	22.637	828.50	5.50	18.044	485.50	4.10	13.451	142.50
6.80	22.309	804.00	5.40	17.716	461.00	4.00	13.123	118.00
6.70	21.981	779.50	5.30	17.388	436.50	3.90	12.795	93.50
6.60	21.653	755.00	5.20	17.060	412.00	3.80	12.461	69.00
6.50	21.325	730.50	5.10	16.732	387.50	3.70	12.139	44.50
6.40	20.997	706.00	5.00	16.404	363.00	3.60	11.811	20.00
6.30	20.669	681.50	4.90	16.076	338.50			

1912 Olympic Record 760 c.m. = 24.934 feet = 1000 points.

Score other distances at rate of 1 c.m. = 2.45 points.

M. CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M. CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M. CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.
0.01	0.0328	2.45	0.05	0.1640	12.25	0.08	0.2625	19.60
0.02	0.0656	4.90	0.06	0.1968	14.70	0.09	0.2953	22.05
0.03	0.0984	7.35	0.07	0.2296	17.15	0.10	0.3281	24.50
0.04	0.1312	9.80						

No. 3—Putting the Weight (16-lb. Shot)

M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.
15.34	50.394	1000	12.00	39.370	666	8.60	28.215	326
15.30	50.196	996	11.90	39.041	656	8.50	27.887	316
15.20	49.868	986	11.80	38.713	646	8.40	27.559	306
15.10	49.540	976	11.70	38.385	636	8.30	27.231	296
15.00	49.212	966	11.60	38.057	626	8.20	26.903	286
14.90	48.884	956	11.50	37.729	616	8.10	26.575	276
14.80	48.556	946	11.40	37.401	606	8.00	26.247	266
14.70	48.228	936	11.30	37.073	596	7.90	25.918	256
14.60	47.900	926	11.20	36.745	586	7.80	25.590	246
14.50	47.572	916	11.10	36.417	576	7.70	25.262	236
14.40	47.244	906	11.00	36.089	566	7.60	24.934	226
14.30	46.916	896	10.90	35.760	556	7.50	24.606	216
14.20	46.588	886	10.80	35.432	546	7.40	24.278	206
14.10	46.260	876	10.70	35.104	536	7.30	23.950	196
14.00	45.932	866	10.60	34.776	526	7.20	23.622	186
13.90	45.603	856	10.50	34.448	516	7.10	23.294	176
13.80	45.275	846	10.40	34.120	506	7.00	22.966	166
13.70	44.947	836	10.30	33.792	496	6.90	22.637	156
13.60	44.619	826	10.20	33.464	486	6.80	22.309	146
13.50	44.29[illegible]	816	10.10	33.136	476	6.70	21.981	136
13.40	43.96[illegible]	806	10.00	32.808	466	6.60	21.653	126
13.30	43.63[illegible]	796	9.90	32.479	456	6.50	21.325	116
13.20	43.30[illegible]	786	9.80	32.151	446	6.40	20.997	106
13.10	42.97[illegible]	776	9.70	31.823	436	6.30	20.669	96
13.00	42.651	766	9.60	31.495	426	6.20	20.341	86
12.90	42.322	756	9.50	31.167	416	6.10	20.013	76
12.80	41.994	746	9.40	30.839	406	6.00	19.685	66
12.70	41.666	736	9.30	30.511	396	5.90	19.356	56
12.60	41.338	726	9.20	30.183	386	5.80	19.028	46
12.50	41.010	716	9.10	29.855	376	5.70	18.700	36
12.40	40.682	706	9.00	29.527	366	5.60	18.372	26
12.30	40.354	696	8.90	29.199	356	5.50	18.044	16
12.20	40.026	686	8.80	28.871	346	5.40	17.716	6
12.10	39.698	676	8.70	28.543	336			

1912 Olympic Record 15.34 m. = 50.394 feet = 1000 Points.

Score other distances at rate of 1 c.m. = 1 point.

M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points
0.01	0.0328	1	0.05	0.1640	5	0.08	0.2625	8
0.02	0.0656	2	0.06	0.1968	6	0.09	0.2953	9
0.03	0.0984	3	0.07	0.2296	7	0.10	0.3281	10
0.04	0.1312	4						

No. 4—Running High Jump

M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.
1.93	6.331	1000.00	1.70	5.577	678.00	1.40	4.593	258.00
1.90	6.233	958.00	1.60	5.249	538.00	1.30	4.265	118.00
1.80	5.905	818.00	1.50	4.921	398.00			

1912 Olympic Record 1.93 c.m. = 6.331 feet = 1000 points.

Score other heights at rate of 1 c.m. = 14 points.

M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M. CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.
0.01	0.0328	1.4	0.05	0.1640	7.0	0.08	0.2625	11.2
0.02	0.0656	2.8	0.06	0.1968	8.4	0.09	0.2953	12.6
0.03	0.0984	4.2	0.07	0.2296	9.8	0.10	0.3281	14.0
0.04	0.1312	5.6						

No. 5—400 Meters Flat

Secs.	Points.	Min.Secs.	Points.	Min.Secs.	Points.	Min.Secs.	Points.
48 1-5	1000.00	55	744.32	1.01 4-5	488.64	1.08 3-5	232.96
48 2-5	992.48	55 1-5	736.80	1.02	481.12	1.08 4-5	225.44
48 3-5	984.96	55 2-5	729.28	1.02 1-5	473.60	1.09	217.92
48 4-5	977.44	55 3-5	721.76	1.02 2-5	466.08	1.09 1-5	210.40
49	969.92	55 4-5	714.24	1.02 3-5	458.56	1.09 2-5	202.88
49 1-5	962.40	56	706.72	1.02 4-5	451.04	1.09 3-5	195.36
49 2-5	954.88	56 1-5	699.20	1.03	443.52	1.09 4-5	187.84
49 3-5	947.36	56 2-5	691.68	1.03 1-5	436.00	1.10	180.32
49 4-5	939.84	56 3-5	684.16	1.03 2-5	428.48	1.10 1-5	172.80
50	932.32	56 4-5	676.64	1.03 3-5	420.96	1.10 2-5	165.28
50 1-5	924.80	57	669.12	1.03 4-5	413.44	1.10 3-5	157.76
50 2-5	917.28	57 1-5	661.60	1.04	405.92	1.10 4-5	150.24
50 3-5	909.76	57 2-5	654.08	1.04 1-5	398.40	1.11	142.72
50 4-5	902.24	57 3-5	646.56	1.04 2-5	390.88	1.11 1-5	135.20
51	894.72	57 4-5	639.04	1.04 3-5	383.36	1.11 2-5	127.68
51 1-5	887.20	58	631.52	1.04 4-5	375.84	1.11 3-5	120.16
51 2-5	879.68	58 1-5	624.00	1.05	368.32	1.11 4-5	112.64
51 3-5	872.16	58 2-5	616.48	1.05 1-5	360.80	1.12	105.12
51 4-5	864.64	58 3-5	608.96	1.05 2-5	353.28	1.12 1-5	97.60
52	857.12	58 4-5	601.44	1.05 3-5	345.76	1.12 2-5	90.08
52 1-5	849.60	59	593.92	1.05 4-5	338.24	1.12 3-5	82.56
52 2-5	841.08	59 1-5	586.40	1.06	330.72	1.12 4-5	75.04
52 3-5	834.56	59 2-5	578.88	1.06 1-5	323.20	1.13	67.52
52 4-5	827.04	59 3-5	571.36	1.06 2-5	315.68	1.13 1-5	60.00
53	819.52	59 4-5	563.84	1.06 3-5	308.16	1.13 2-5	52.48
53 1-5	812.00	60	556.32	1.06 4-5	300.64	1.13 3-5	44.96
53 2-5	804.48	1.00 1-5	548.80	1.07	293.12	1.13 4-5	37.44
53 3-5	796.96	1.00 2-5	541.28	1.07 1-5	285.60	1.14	29.92
53 4-5	789.44	1.00 3-5	533.76	1.07 2-5	278.08	1.14 1-5	22.40
54	781.92	1.00 4-5	526.24	1.07 3-5	270.56	1.14 2-5	14.88
54 1-5	774.40	1.01	518.72	1.07 4-5	263.04	1.14 3-5	7.36
54 2-5	766.88	1.01 1-5	511.20	1.08	255.52		
54 3-5	759.36	1.01 2-5	503.68	1.08 1-5	248.00		
54 4-5	751.84	1.01 3-5	496.16	1.08 2-5	240.48		

1912 Olympic Re ord, 48 1-5 sec. = 1000 points.
Score other time at rate of 1-5 sec. = 7.52 points.

No. 6—110 Meters Hurdle

Secs.	Points.	Secs.	Points.	Secs.	Points.	Secs.	Points.
15	1000.0	17 4-5	734.0	20 3-5	468.0	23 2-5	202.0
15 1-5	981.0	18	715.0	20 4-5	449.0	23 3-5	183.0
15 2-5	962.0	18 1-5	696.0	21	430.0	23 4-5	164.0
15 3-5	943.0	18 2-5	677.0	21 1-5	411.0	24	145.0
15 4-5	924.0	18 3-5	658.0	21 2-5	392.0	24 1-5	126.0
16	905.0	18 4-5	639.0	21 3-5	373.0	24 2-5	107.0
16 1-5	886.0	19	620.0	21 4-5	354.0	24 3-5	88.0
16 2-5	867.0	19 1-5	601.0	22	335.0	24 4-5	69.0
16 3-5	848.0	19 2-5	582.0	22 1-5	316.0	25	50.0
16 4-5	829.0	19 3-5	563.0	22 2-5	297.0	25 1-5	31.0
17	810.0	19 4-5	544.0	22 3-5	278.0	25 2-5	12.0
17 1-5	791.0	20	525.0	22 4-5	259.0		
17 2-5	772.0	20 1-5	506.0	23	240.0		
17 3-5	753.0	20 2-5	487.0	23 1-5	221.0		

1908 Olympic Record, 15 secs. = 1000 points.
Score other time at rate of 1-5 sec. = 19 points.

No. 7—Throwing the Discus

M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.
45.21	148.326	1000.00	39.20	128.609	771.62	33.00	108.268	536.02
45.20	148.293	999.62	39.00	127.953	764.02	32.80	107.611	528.42
45.00	147.637	992.02	38.80	127.296	756.42	32.60	106.955	520.82
44.80	146.981	984.42	38.60	126.640	748.82	32.40	106.299	513.22
44.60	146.325	976.82	38.40	125.984	741.22	32.20	105.643	505.62
44.40	145.669	969.22	38.20	125.328	733.62	32.00	104.987	498.02
44.20	145.013	961.62	38.00	124.672	726.02	31.80	104.330	490.42
44.00	144.357	954.02	37.80	124.015	718.42	31.60	103.674	482.82
43.80	143.700	946.42	37.60	123.359	710.82	31.40	103.018	475.22
43.60	143.044	938.82	37.40	122.703	703.22	31.20	102.362	467.62
43.40	142.388	931.22	37.20	122.047	695.62	31.00	101.706	460.02
43.20	141.732	923.62	37.00	121.391	688.02	30.80	101.049	452.42
43.00	141.076	916.02	36.80	120.734	680.42	30.60	100.393	444.82
42.80	140.419	908.42	36.60	120.078	672.82	30.40	99.737	437.22
42.60	139.763	900.82	36.40	119.422	665.22	30.20	99.081	429.62
42.40	139.107	893.22	36.20	118.766	657.62	30.00	98.425	422.02
42.20	138.451	885.62	36.00	118.110	650.02	29.80	97.768	414.42
42.00	137.795	878.02	35.80	117.453	642.42	29.60	97.112	406.82
41.80	137.138	870.42	35.60	116.797	634.82	29.40	96.456	399.22
41.60	136.482	862.82	35.40	116.141	627.22	29.20	95.800	391.62
41.40	135.826	855.22	35.20	115.485	619.62	29.00	95.144	384.02
41.20	135.170	847.62	35.00	114.829	612.02	28.00	91.864	346.02
41.00	134.514	840.02	34.80	114.173	604.42	27.00	88.58	308.02
40.80	133.857	832.42	34.60	113.517	596.82	26.00	85.30	270.00
40.60	133.201	824.82	34.40	112.861	589.22	25.00	82.02	232.02
40.40	132.545	817.22	34.20	112.205	581.62	24.00	78.74	194.02
40.20	131.889	809.62	34.00	111.549	574.02	23.00	75.46	156.02
40.00	131.233	802.02	33.80	110.992	566.42	22.00	72.18	118.02
39.80	130.577	794.42	33.60	110.336	558.82	21.00	68.90	80.02
39.60	129.921	786.82	33.40	109.680	551.22	20.00	65.62	42.02
39.40	129.265	779.22	33.20	108.924	543.62			

1912 Olympic Record 45.21 m. = 148.326 feet = 1000 points.

Score other distances at rate of 1 c.m. = 0.38 points.

M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.
0.01	0.0328	0.38	0.05	0.1640	1.90	0.08	0.2625	3.04
0.02	0.0656	0.76	0.06	0.1968	2.28	0.09	0.2953	3.42
0.03	0.0984	1.14	0.07	0.2296	2.66	0.10	0.3281	3.80
0.04	0.1312	1.52						

No. 8—Pole Vault

M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.
3.95	12.959	1000	3.30	10.827	649	2.60	8.530	271
3.90	12.795	973	3.20	10.499	595	2.50	8.202	217
3.80	12.467	919	3.10	10.170	541	2.40	7.874	163
3.70	12.139	865	3.00	9.842	487	2.30	7.546	109
3.60	11.811	811	2.90	9.514	433	2.20	7.218	55
3.50	11.483	757	2.80	9.186	379	2.10	6.890	1
3.40	11.155	703	2.70	8.858	325			

1912 Olympic Record 395 c.m. = 12.959 feet = 1000 points.

Score other heights at rate of 1 c.m. = 5.4 points.

M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.
0.01	0.0328	5.4	0.05	0.1640	27.0	0.08	0.2625	43.2
0.02	0.0656	10.8	0.06	0.1968	32.4	0.09	0.2953	48.6
0.03	0.0984	16.2	0.07	0.2296	37.8	0.10	0.3281	54.0
0.04	0.1312	21.6						

No. 9—Throwing the Javelin

M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.
61.00	200.131	1000.00	48.50	159.120	656.25	36.50	119.750	326.25
60.50	198.490	986.25	48.00	157.480	642.50	36.00	118.110	312.50
60.00	196.850	972.50	47.50	155.839	628.75	35.50	116.469	298.75
59.50	195.209	958.75	47.00	154.199	615.00	35.00	114.829	285.00
59.00	193.569	945.00	46.50	152.558	601.25	34.50	113.189	271.25
58.50	191.928	931.25	46.00	150.918	587.50	34.00	111.549	257.50
58.00	190.288	917.50	45.50	149.277	573.75	33.50	110.008	243.75
57.50	188.647	903.75	45.00	147.637	560.00	33.00	108.268	230.00
57.00	187.007	890.00	44.50	145.997	546.25	32.50	106.627	216.25
56.50	185.367	876.25	44.00	144.357	532.50	32.00	104.987	202.50
56.00	183.727	862.50	43.50	142.716	518.75	31.50	103.346	188.75
55.50	182.086	848.75	43.00	141.076	505.00	31.00	101.706	175.00
55.00	180.446	835.00	42.50	139.435	491.25	30.50	100.065	161.25
54.50	178.805	821.25	42.00	137.795	477.50	30.00	98.425	147.50
54.00	177.165	807.50	41.50	136.154	463.75	29.50	96.784	133.75
53.50	175.524	793.75	41.00	134.514	450.00	29.00	95.144	120.00
53.00	173.884	780.00	40.50	132.873	436.25	28.50	93.504	106.25
52.50	172.244	766.25	40.00	131.233	422.50	28.00	91.864	92.50
52.00	170.604	752.50	39.50	129.593	408.75	27.50	90.223	78.75
51.50	168.963	738.75	39.00	127.953	395.00	27.00	88.582	65.00
51.00	167.323	725.00	38.50	126.312	381.25	26.50	86.941	51.25
50.50	165.682	711.25	38.00	124.672	367.50	26.00	85.301	37.50
50.00	164.042	697.50	37.50	123.031	353.75	25.50	82.660	23.75
49.50	162.401	683.75	37.00	121.391	340.00	25.00	81.019	10.00
49.00	160.761	670.00						

1912 Olympic Record 61 m. = 200.131 feet = 1000 points.

Score other distances at rate of 1 c.m. = 0.275 points.

M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points.	M.CM.	Ft. Decs.	Points
0.01	0.0328	0.275	0.05	0.1640	1.375	0.08	0.2625	2.200
0.02	0.0656	0.550	0.06	0.1968	1.650	0.09	0.2953	2.475
0.03	0.0984	0.825	0.07	0.2296	1.925	0.10	0.3281	2.750
0.04	0.1312	1.100						

No. 10—1,500 Meters

Min.-secs.	Points.	Min.-secs.	Points.	Min.-secs.	Points.	Min.-secs.	Points.
3.56 4-5	1000.00	4.14	896.80	4.32	788.80	4.50	680.80
3.57	998.80	4.15	890.80	4.33	782.80	4.51	674.80
3.58	992.80	4.16	884.80	4.34	776.80	4.52	668.80
3.59	986.80	4.17	878.80	4.35	770.80	4.53	662.80
4.00	980.80	4.18	872.80	4.36	764.80	4.54	656.80
4.01	974.80	4.19	866.80	4.37	758.80	4.55	650.80
4.02	968.80	4.20	860.80	4.38	752.80	4.56	644.80
4.03	962.80	4.21	854.80	4.39	746.80	4.57	638.80
4.04	956.80	4.22	848.80	4.40	740.80	4.58	632.80
4.05	950.80	4.23	842.80	4.41	734.80	4.59	626.80
4.06	944.80	4.24	836.80	4.42	728.80	5.00	620.80
4.07	938.80	4.25	830.80	4.43	722.80	5.01	614.80
4.08	932.80	4.26	824.80	4.44	716.80	5.02	608.80
4.09	926.80	4.27	818.80	4.45	710.80	5.03	602.80
4.10	920.80	4.28	812.80	4.46	704.80	5.04	596.80
4.11	914.80	4.29	806.80	4.47	698.80	5.05	590.80
4.12	908.80	4.30	800.80	4.48	692.80	5.06	584.80
4.13	902.80	4.31	794.80	4.49	686.80	5.07	578.80

Continued on following page

No. 10—1,500 Meters—(Continued)

Min.-secs.	Points.	Min.-secs.	Points.	Min.-secs.	Points.	Min.-secs.	Points.
5.08	572.80	5.32	428.80	5.56	284.80	6.20	140.80
5.09	566.80	5.33	422.80	5.57	278.80	6.21	134.80
5.10	560.80	5.34	416.80	5.58	272.80	6.22	128.80
5.11	554.80	5.35	410.80	5.59	266.80	6.23	122.80
5.12	548.80	5.36	404.80	6.00	260.80	6.24	116.80
5.13	542.80	5.37	398.80	6.01	254.80	6.25	110.80
5.14	536.80	5.38	392.80	6.02	248.80	6.26	104.80
5.15	530.80	5.39	386.80	6.03	242.80	6.27	98.80
5.16	524.80	5.40	380.80	6.04	236.80	6.28	92.80
5.17	518.80	5.41	374.80	6.05	230.80	6.29	86.80
5.18	512.80	5.42	368.80	6.06	224.80	6.30	80.80
5.19	506.80	5.43	362.80	6.07	218.80	6.31	74.80
5.20	500.80	5.44	356.80	6.08	212.80	6.32	68.80
5.21	494.80	5.45	350.80	6.09	206.80	6.33	62.80
5.22	488.80	5.46	344.80	6.10	200.80	6.34	56.80
5.23	482.80	5.47	338.80	6.11	194.80	6.35	50.80
5.24	476.80	5.48	332.80	6.12	188.80	6.36	44.80
5.25	470.80	5.49	326.80	6.13	182.80	6.37	38.80
5.26	464.80	5.50	320.80	6.14	176.80	6.38	32.80
5.27	458.80	5.51	314.80	6.15	170.80	6.39	26.80
5.28	452.80	5.52	308.80	6.16	164.80	6.40	20.80
5.29	446.80	5.53	302.80	6.17	158.80	6.41	14.80
5.30	440.80	5.54	296.80	6.18	152.80	6.42	8.80
5.31	434.80	5.55	290.80	6.19	146.80	6.4	2.80

1912 Olympic Record, 3 min. 56 4-5 secs. = 1000 points

Score other time at rate of 1-5 sec. = 1.20 points.

PENTATHLON

The competition comprises the following events: Running Broad Jump, Throwing the Javelin, 200 Meters Flat Race, Throwing the Discus, and 1,500 Meters Flat race. The events shall be contested in the above mentioned order.

Points are counted according to the result obtained.

If at the end of the competition one or more of the competitors obtain the same number of points, their respective positions shall be determined by the valuation of their result according to the Decathlon table.

200 Meters Flat

Time.	Points.	Time.	Points.	Time.	Points.	Time.	Points.
21 3-5	1000	24	736	26 2-5	472	28 3-5	230
21 4-5	978	24 1-5	714	26 3-5	450	28 4-5	208
22	956	24 2-5	692	27 4-5	428	29	186
22 1-5	934	24 3-5	670	27	406	29 1-5	164
22 2-5	912	24 4-5	648	27 1-5	384	29 2-5	142
22 3-5	890	25	626	27 2-5	362	29 3-5	120
22 4-5	868	25 1-5	604	27 3-5	340	29 4-5	98
23	846	25 2-5	582	27 4-5	318	30	76
23 1-5	824	25 3-5	560	28	296	30 1-5	54
23 2-5	802	25 4-5	538	28 1-5	274	30 2-5	32
23 3-5	780	26	516	28 2-5	252	30 3-5	10
23 4-5	758	26 1-5	494				

1904 Olympic Record, 21 3-5 secs. = 1000 points.

Score other time at rate of 1-5 sec. = 22 points.

HOW TO SCORE THE ALL-AROUND

100 Yards Run

Time	*Points*	*Time*	*Points*	*Time*	*Points*	*Time*	*Points*
9 4/5s.	1,000	11 s.	748	12 1/5s.	496	13 2/5s.	244
10 s.	958	11 1/5s.	706	12 2/5s.	454	13 3/5s.	202
10 1/5s.	916	11 2/5s.	664	12 3/5s.	412	13 4/5s.	160
10 2/5s.	874	11 3/5s.	622	12 4/5s.	370	14 s.	118
10 3/5s.	832	11 4/5s.	580	13 s.	328	14 1/5s.	76
10 4/5s.	790	12 s.	538	13 1/5s.	286	14 2/5s.	34
						14 3/5s.	00

For times slower than 14 3/5s. score nothing.

For times faster than 9 4/5s. score 1,000 and an additional 42 points for each 1/5 of a second faster than 9 4/5s.

Putting 16-lb. Shot

Distance	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*
47ft.	1,000	43ft. 11in.	852	40ft. 10in.	704	37ft. 9in.	556
46ft. 11in.	996	43ft. 10in.	848	40ft. 9in.	700	37ft. 8in.	552
46ft. 10in.	992	43ft. 9in.	844	40ft. 8in.	696	37ft. 7in.	548
46ft. 9in.	988	43ft. 8in.	840	40ft. 7in.	692	37ft. 6in.	544
46ft. 8in.	984	43ft. 7in.	836	40ft. 6in.	688	37ft. 5in.	540
46ft. 7in.	980	43ft. 6in.	832	40ft. 5in.	684	37ft. 4in.	536
46ft. 6in.	976	43ft. 5in.	828	40ft. 4in.	680	37ft. 3in.	532
46ft. 5in.	972	43ft. 4in.	824	40ft. 3in.	676	37ft. 2in.	528
46ft. 4in.	968	43ft. 3in.	820	40ft. 2in.	672	37ft. 1in.	524
46ft. 3in.	964	43ft. 2in.	816	40ft. 1in.	668	37ft.	520
46ft. 2in.	960	43ft. 1in.	812	40ft.	664	36ft. 11in.	516
46ft. 1in.	956	43ft.	808	39ft. 11in.	660	36ft. 10in.	512
46ft.	952	42ft. 11in.	804	39ft. 10in.	656	36ft. 9in.	508
45ft. 11in.	948	42ft. 10in.	800	39ft. 9in.	652	36ft. 8in.	504
45ft. 10in.	944	42ft. 9in.	796	39ft. 8in.	648	36ft. 7in.	500
45ft. 9in.	940	42ft. 8in.	792	39ft. 7in.	644	36ft. 6in.	496
45ft. 8in.	936	42ft. 7in.	788	39ft. 6in.	640	36ft. 5in.	492
45ft. 7in.	932	42ft. 6in.	784	39ft. 5in.	636	36ft. 4in.	488
45ft. 6in.	928	42ft. 5in.	780	39ft. 4in.	632	36ft. 3in.	484
45ft. 5in.	924	42ft. 4in.	776	39ft. 3in.	628	36ft. 2in.	480
45ft. 4in.	920	42ft. 3in.	772	39ft. 2in.	624	36ft. 1in.	476
45ft. 3in.	916	42ft. 2in.	768	39ft. 1in.	620	36ft.	472
45ft. 2in.	912	42ft. 1in.	764	39ft.	616	35ft. 11in.	468
45ft. 1in.	908	42ft.	760	38ft. 11in.	612	35ft. 10in.	464
45ft.	904	41ft. 11in.	756	38ft. 10in.	608	35ft. 9in.	460
44ft. 11in.	900	41ft. 10in.	752	38ft. 9in.	604	35ft. 8in.	456
44ft. 10in.	896	41ft. 9in.	748	38ft. 8in.	600	35ft. 7in.	452
44ft. 9in.	892	41ft. 8in.	744	38ft. 7in.	596	35ft. 6in.	448
44ft. 8in.	888	41ft. 7in.	740	38ft. 6in.	592	35ft. 5in.	444
44ft. 7in.	884	41ft. 6in.	736	38ft. 5in.	588	35ft. 4in.	440
44ft. 6in.	880	41ft. 5in.	732	38ft. 4in.	584	35ft. 3in.	436
44ft. 5in.	876	41ft. 4in.	728	38ft. 3in.	580	35ft. 2in.	432
44ft. 4in.	872	41ft. 3in.	724	38ft. 2in.	576	35ft. 1in.	428
44ft. 3in.	868	41ft. 2in.	720	38ft. 1in.	572	35ft.	424
44ft. 2in.	864	41ft. 1in.	716	38ft.	568	34ft. 11in.	420
44ft. 1in.	860	41ft.	712	37ft. 11in.	564	34ft. 10in.	416
44ft.	856	40ft. 11in.	708	37ft. 10in.	560	34ft. 9in.	412

Continued on following page.

Putting 16-lb. Shot—Continued

Distance	*Point*	*Distance*	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*
34ft. 8in.	408	32ft. 6in.	304	30ft. 4in.	200	28ft. 2in.	96
34ft. 7in.	404	32ft. 5in.	300	30ft. 3in.	196	28ft. 1in.	92
34ft. 6in.	400	32ft. 4in.	296	30ft. 2in.	192	28ft.	88
34ft. 5in.	396	32ft. 3in.	292	30ft. 1in.	188	27ft. 11in.	84
34ft. 4in.	392	32ft. 2in.	288	30ft.	184	27ft. 10in.	80
34ft. 3in.	388	32ft. 1in.	284	29ft. 11in.	180	27ft. 9in.	76
34ft. 2in.	384	32ft.	280	29ft. 10in.	176	27ft. 8in.	72
34ft. 1in.	380	31ft. 11in.	276	29ft. 9in.	172	27ft. 7in.	68
34ft.	376	31ft. 10in.	272	29ft. 8in.	168	27ft. 6in.	64
33ft. 11in.	372	31ft. 9in.	268	29ft. 7in.	164	27ft. 5in.	60
33ft. 10in.	368	31ft. 8in.	264	29ft. 6in.	160	27ft. 4in.	56
33ft. 9in.	364	31ft. 7in.	260	29ft. 5in.	156	27ft. 3in.	52
33ft. 8in.	360	31ft. 6in.	256	29ft. 4in.	152	27ft. 2in.	48
33ft. 7in.	356	31ft. 5in.	252	29ft. 3in.	148	27ft. 1in.	44
33ft. 6in.	352	31ft. 4in.	248	29ft. 2in.	144	27ft.	40
33ft. 5in.	348	31ft. 3in.	244	29ft. 1in.	140	26ft. 11in.	36
33ft. 4in.	344	31ft. 2in.	240	29ft.	136	26ft. 10in.	32
33ft. 3in.	340	31ft. 1in.	236	28ft. 11in.	132	26ft. 9in.	28
33ft. 2in.	336	31ft.	232	28ft. 10in.	128	26ft. 8in.	24
33ft. 1in.	332	30ft. 11in.	228	28ft. 9in.	124	26ft. 7in.	20
33ft.	328	30ft. 10in.	224	28ft. 8in.	120	26ft. 6in.	16
32ft. 11in.	324	30ft. 9in.	220	28ft. 7in.	116	26ft. 5in.	12
32ft. 10in.	320	30ft. 8in.	216	28ft. 6in.	112	26ft. 4in.	8
32ft. 9in.	316	30ft. 7in.	212	28ft. 5in.	108	26ft. 3in.	4
32ft. 8in.	312	30ft. 6in.	208	28ft. 4in.	104	26ft. 2in.	0
32ft. 7in.	308	30ft. 5in.	204	28ft. 3in.	100		

For any put shorter than 26 feet 2 inches, score nothing.

For any put longer than 47 feet score 1,000, and 1 additional point for each ¼ inch beyond 47 feet.

For fractional distances between the even inches add 1 point for each ¼ inch. For instance, 34 feet 4 inches, score 392; 34 feet 4¼ inches, 393; 34 feet 4¾ inches, 395 points, etc.

Running High Jump

Height	*Points*	*Height*	*Points*	*Height*	*Points*	*Height*	*Points*
6ft.4¾in.	1,000	5ft. 8in.	736	5ft.	480	4ft. 4in.	224
6ft. 4in.	992	5ft. 7in.	704	4ft. 11in.	448	4ft. 3in.	192
6ft. 3in.	960	5ft. 6in.	672	4ft. 10in.	416	4ft. 2in.	160
6ft. 2in.	928	5ft. 5in.	640	4ft. 9in.	384	4ft. 1in.	128
6ft. 1in.	896	5ft. 4in.	608	4ft. 8in.	352	4ft.	96
6ft.	864	5ft. 3in.	576	4ft. 7in.	320	3ft. 11in.	64
5ft. 11in.	832	5ft. 2in.	544	4ft. 6in.	288	3ft. 10in.	32
5ft. 10in.	800	5ft. 1in.	512	4ft. 5in.	256	3ft. 9in.	0
5ft. 9in.	768						

For jumps below 3 feet 9 inches score nothing.

For jumps above 6 feet 4¼ inches score 1,000 points, and 4 additional points for each ⅛ of an inch above 6 feet 4¼ inches.

For fractional performances, between the even inches, score an additional 4 points for each ⅛ of an inch. For instance, 5 feet 2 inches score 544 points; 5 feet 2⅛ inches, 548 points; 5 feet 2⅜ inches, 556 points; 5 feet 2¾ inches, 568 points, etc.

880 Yards Walk

Time	Points	Time	Points	Time	Points	Time	Points
3m. 2 2/5s.	1,000	3m. 53s.	747	4m. 44s.	492	5m. 34s.	242
3m. 3s.	997	3m. 54s.	742	4m. 45s.	487	5m. 35s.	237
3m. 4s.	992	3m. 55s.	737	4m. 46s.	482	5m. 36s.	232
3m. 5s.	987	3m. 56s.	732	4m. 47s.	477	5m. 37s.	227
3m. 6s.	982	3m. 57s.	727	4m. 48s.	472	5m. 38s.	222
3m. 7s.	977	3m. 58s.	722	4m. 49s.	467	5m. 39s.	217
3m. 8s.	972	3m. 59s.	717	4m. 50s.	462	5m. 40s.	212
3m. 9s.	967	4m.	712	4m. 51s.	457	5m. 41s.	207
3m. 10s.	962	4m. 1s.	707	4m. 52s.	452	5m. 42s.	202
3m. 11s.	957	4m. 2s.	702	4m. 53s.	447	5m. 43s.	197
3m. 12s.	952	4m. 3s.	697	4m. 54s.	442	5m. 44s.	192
3m. 13s.	947	4m. 4s.	692	4m. 55s.	437	5m. 45s.	187
3m. 14s.	942	4m. 5s.	687	4m. 56s.	432	5m. 46s.	182
3m. 15s.	937	4m. 6s.	682	4m. 57s.	427	5m. 47s.	177
3m. 16s.	932	4m. 7s.	677	4m. 58s.	422	5m. 48s.	172
3m. 17s.	927	4m. 8s.	672	4m. 59s.	417	5m. 49s.	167
3m. 18s.	922	4m. 9s.	667	5m.	412	5m. 50s.	162
3m. 19s.	917	4m. 10s.	662	5m. 1s.	407	5m. 51s.	157
3m. 20s.	912	4m. 11s.	657	5m. 2s.	402	5m. 52s.	152
3m. 21s.	907	4m. 12s.	652	5m. 3s.	397	5m. 53s.	147
3m. 22s.	902	4m. 13s.	647	5m. 4s.	392	5m. 54s.	142
3m. 23s.	897	4m. 14s.	642	5m. 5s.	387	5m. 55s.	137
3m. 24s.	892	4m. 15s.	637	5m. 6s.	382	5m. 56s.	132
3m. 25s.	887	4m. 16s.	632	5m. 7s.	377	5m. 57s.	127
3m. 26s.	882	4m. 17s.	627	5m. 8s.	372	5m. 58s.	122
3m. 27s.	877	4m. 18s.	622	5m. 9s.	367	5m. 59s.	117
3m. 28s.	872	4m. 19s.	617	5m. 10s.	362	6m.	112
3m. 29s.	867	4m. 20s.	612	5m. 11s.	357	6m. 1s.	107
3m. 30s.	862	4m. 21s.	607	5m. 12s.	352	6m. 2s.	102
3m. 31s.	857	4m. 22s.	602	5m. 13s.	347	6m. 3s.	97
3m. 32s.	852	4m. 23s.	597	5m. 14s.	342	6m. 4s.	92
3m. 33s.	847	4m. 24s.	592	5m. 15s.	337	6m. 5s.	87
3m. 34s.	842	4m. 25s.	587	5m. 16s.	332	6m. 6s.	82
3m. 35s.	837	4m. 26s.	582	5m. 17s.	327	6m. 7s.	77
3m. 36s.	832	4m. 27s.	577	5m. 18s.	322	6m. 8s.	72
3m. 37s.	827	4m. 28s.	572	5m. 19s.	317	6m. 9s.	67
3m. 38s.	822	4m. 29s.	567	5m. 20s.	312	6m. 10s.	62
3m. 39s.	817	4m. 30s.	562	5m. 21s.	307	6m. 11s.	57
3m. 40s.	812	4m. 31s.	557	5m. 22s.	302	6m. 12s.	52
3m. 41s.	807	4m. 32s.	552	5m. 23s.	297	6m. 13s.	47
3m. 42s.	802	4m. 33s.	547	5m. 24s.	292	6m. 14s.	42
3m. 43s.	797	4m. 34s.	542	5m. 25s.	287	6m. 15s.	37
3m. 44s.	792	4m. 35s.	537	5m. 26s.	282	6m. 16s.	32
3m. 45s.	787	4m. 36s.	532	5m. 27s.	277	6m. 17s.	27
3m. 46s.	782	4m. 37s.	527	5m. 28s.	272	6m. 18s.	22
3m. 47s.	777	4m. 38s.	522	5m. 29s.	267	6m. 19s.	17
3m. 48s.	772	4m. 39s.	517	5m. 30s.	262	6m. 20s.	12
3m. 49s.	767	4m. 40s.	512	5m. 31s.	257	6m. 21s.	7
3m. 50s.	762	4m. 41s.	507	5m. 32s.	252	6m. 22s.	2
3m. 51s.	757	4m. 42s.	502	5m. 33s.	247	6m. 23s.	0
3m. 52s.	752	4m. 43s.	497				

For any performance slower than 6m. 23s. score nothing.

For any performance faster than 3m. 2 2/5s. score 1,000, and 1 additional point for each fifth of a second better than 3m. 2 2/5s.

For any fractional time, between the even seconds, deduct 1 point for each fifth of a second. For instance, 4m. 17s. score 627 points; 4m. 17 1/5s., 626 points; 4m. 17 2/5s., 625 points; 4m. 17 3/5s., 624 points; 4m. 17 4/5s., 623 points, etc.

Throwing 16-lb. Hammer

Distance	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*
145ft. ¾ in.	1,000	124ft.	747	102ft.	483	81ft.	231
145ft.	999	123ft.	735	101ft.	471	80ft.	219
144ft.	987	122ft.	723	100ft.	459	79ft.	207
143ft.	975	121ft.	711	99ft.	447	78ft.	195
142ft.	963	120ft.	699	98ft.	435	77ft.	183
141ft.	951	119ft.	687	97ft.	423	76ft.	171
140ft.	939	118ft.	675	96ft.	411	75ft.	159
139ft.	927	117ft.	663	95ft.	399	74ft.	147
138ft.	915	116ft.	651	94ft.	387	73ft.	135
137ft.	903	115ft.	639	93ft.	375	72ft.	123
136ft.	891	114ft.	627	92ft.	363	71ft.	111
135ft.	879	113ft.	615	91ft.	351	70ft.	99
134ft.	867	112ft.	603	90ft.	339	69ft.	87
133ft.	855	111ft.	591	89ft.	327	68ft.	75
132ft.	843	110ft.	579	88ft.	315	67ft.	63
131ft.	831	109ft.	567	87ft.	303	66ft.	51
130ft.	819	108ft.	555	86ft.	291	65ft.	39
129ft.	807	107ft.	543	85ft.	279	64ft.	27
128ft.	795	106ft.	531	84ft.	267	63ft.	15
127ft.	783	105ft.	519	83ft.	255	62ft.	3
126ft.	771	104ft.	507	82ft.	243	61ft.	0
125ft.	759	103ft.	495				

For throws shorter than 61 feet, score nothing.

For throws longer than 145 feet 1 inch, score 1,000, and 1 additional point for each inch beyond 145 feet 1 inch.

For fractional distances between the even feet, add 1 point for each inch. For instance, 97 feet scores 423 points; 97 feet 3 inches, 426 points; 97 feet 7 inches, 430 points; 97 feet 11 inches, 434 points, etc.

Pole Vault for Height

Height	*Points*	*Height*	*Points*	*Height*	*Points*	*Height*	*Points*
11ft. 9in.	1,000	10ft. 5in.	744	9ft. 1in.	488	7ft. 9in.	232
11ft. 8in.	984	10ft. 4in.	728	9ft.	472	7ft. 8in.	216
11ft. 7in.	968	10ft. 3in.	712	8ft. 11in.	456	7ft. 7in.	200
11ft. 6in.	952	10ft. 2in.	696	8ft. 10in.	440	7ft. 6in.	184
11ft. 5in.	936	10ft. 1in.	680	8ft. 9in.	424	7ft. 5in.	168
11ft. 4in.	920	10ft.	664	8ft. 8in.	408	7ft. 4in.	152
11ft. 3in.	904	9ft. 11in.	648	8ft. 7in.	392	7ft. 3in.	136
11ft. 2in.	888	9ft. 10in.	632	8ft. 6in.	376	7ft. 2in.	120
11ft. 1in.	872	9ft. 9in.	616	8ft. 5in.	360	7ft. 1in.	104
11ft.	856	9ft. 8in.	600	8ft. 4in.	344	7ft.	88
10ft. 11in.	840	9ft. 7in.	584	8ft. 3in.	328	6ft. 11in.	72
10ft. 10in.	824	9ft. 6in.	568	8ft. 2in.	312	6ft. 10in.	56
10ft. 9in.	808	9ft. 5in.	552	8ft. 1in.	296	6ft. 9in.	40
10ft. 8in.	792	9ft. 4in.	536	8ft.	280	6ft. 8in.	24
10ft. 7in.	776	9ft. 3in.	520	7ft. 11in.	264	6ft. 7in.	8
10ft. 6in.	760	9ft. 2in.	504	7ft. 10in.	248	6ft. 6in.	0

For any vault below 6 ft. 6 in., score nothing.

For any vault above 11 ft. 9 in., score 1,000 points, and 2 additional points for each ⅛ inch above 11 ft. 9 in.

For any fractional figures between the even inches, add 2 points for each ⅛ of an inch. For instance, 8 ft. 10 in., score 440 points; 8 ft. 10⅛ in. is 442 points; 8 ft. 10⅜ in., 446 points; 8 ft. 10¾ in., 452 points, etc.

120 Yards Hurdle Race (10 flights, 3 ft. 6 in. high)

Time	*Points*	*Time*	*Points*	*Time*	*Points*	*Time*	*Points*
15 3/5s.	1,000	17 2/5s.	730	19 1/5s.	460	21 s.	190
15 4/5s.	970	17 3/5s.	700	19 2/5s.	430	21 1/5s.	160
16 s.	940	17 4/5s.	670	19 3/5s.	400	21 2/5s.	130
16 1/5s.	910	18 s.	640	19 4/5s.	370	21 3/5s.	100
16 2/5s.	880	18 1/5s.	610	20 s.	340	21 4/5s.	70
16 3/5s.	850	18 2/5s.	580	20 1/5s.	310	22 s.	40
16 4/5s.	820	18 3/5s.	550	20 2/5s.	280	22 1/5s.	10
17 s.	790	18 4/5s.	520	20 3/5s.	250	22 2/5s.	0
17 1/5s.	760	19 s.	490	20 4/5s.	220		

For time slower than 22 2/5s. score nothing.

For time faster than 15 3/5s. score 1,000 points, and an additional 30 points for each 1/5th of a second faster than 15 3/5s.

Throwing 56-lb. Weight for Distance

Distance	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*
35ft. 10in.	1,000	32ft. 6in.	840	29ft. 2in.	680	25ft. 10in.	520
35ft. 9in.	996	32ft. 5in.	836	29ft. 1in.	676	25ft. 9in.	516
35ft. 8in.	992	32ft. 4in.	832	29ft.	672	25ft. 8in.	512
35ft. 7in.	988	32ft. 3in.	828	28ft. 11in.	668	25ft. 7in.	508
35ft. 6in.	984	32ft. 2in.	824	28ft. 10in.	664	25ft. 6in.	504
35ft. 5in.	980	32ft. 1in.	820	28ft. 9in.	660	25ft. 5in.	500
35ft. 4in.	976	32ft.	816	28ft. 8in.	656	25ft. 4in.	496
35ft. 3in.	972	31ft. 11in.	812	28ft. 7in.	652	25ft. 3in.	492
35ft. 2in.	968	31ft. 10in.	808	28ft. 6in.	648	25ft. 2in.	488
35ft. 1in.	964	31ft. 9in.	804	28ft. 5in.	644	25ft. 1in.	484
35ft.	960	31ft. 8in.	800	28ft. 4in.	640	25ft.	480
34ft. 11in.	956	31ft. 7in.	796	28ft. 3in.	636	24ft. 11in.	476
34ft. 10in.	952	31ft. 6in.	792	28ft. 2in.	632	24ft. 10in.	472
34ft. 9in.	948	31ft. 5in.	788	28ft. 1in.	628	24ft. 9in.	468
34ft. 8in.	944	31ft. 4in.	784	28ft.	624	24ft. 8in.	464
34ft. 7in.	940	31ft. 3in.	780	27ft. 11in.	620	24ft. 7in.	460
34ft. 6in.	936	31ft. 2in.	776	27ft. 10in.	616	24ft. 6in.	456
34ft. 5in.	932	31ft. 1in.	772	27ft. 9in.	612	24ft. 5in.	452
34ft. 4in.	928	31ft.	768	27ft. 8in.	608	24ft. 4in.	448
34ft. 3in.	924	30ft. 11in.	764	27ft. 7in.	604	24ft. 3in.	444
34ft. 2in.	920	30ft. 10in.	760	27ft. 6in.	600	24ft. 2in.	440
34ft. 1in.	916	30ft. 9in.	756	27ft. 5in.	596	24ft. 1in.	436
34ft.	912	30ft. 8in.	752	27ft. 4in.	592	24ft.	432
33ft. 11in.	908	30ft. 7in.	748	27ft. 3in.	588	23ft. 11in.	428
33ft. 10in.	904	30ft. 6in.	744	27ft. 2in.	584	23ft. 10in.	424
33ft. 9in.	900	30ft. 5in.	740	27ft. 1in.	580	23ft. 9in.	420
33ft. 8in.	896	30ft. 4in.	736	27ft.	576	23ft. 8in.	416
33ft. 7in.	892	30ft. 3in.	732	26ft. 11in.	572	23ft. 7in.	412
33ft. 6in.	888	30ft. 2in.	728	26ft. 10in.	568	23ft. 6in.	408
33ft. 5in.	884	30ft. 1in.	724	26ft. 9in.	564	23ft. 5in.	404
33ft. 4in.	880	30ft.	720	26ft. 8in.	560	23ft. 4in.	400
33ft. 3in.	876	29ft. 11in.	716	26ft. 7in.	556	23ft. 3in.	396
33ft. 2in.	872	29ft. 10in.	712	26ft. 6in.	552	23ft. 2in.	392
33ft. 1in.	868	29ft. 9in.	708	26ft. 5in.	548	23ft. 1in.	388
33ft.	864	29ft. 8in.	704	26ft. 4in.	544	23ft.	384
32ft. 11in.	860	29ft. 7in.	700	26ft. 3in.	540	22ft. 11in.	380
32ft. 10in.	856	29ft. 6in.	696	26ft. 2in.	536	22ft. 10in.	376
32ft. 9in.	852	29ft. 5in.	692	26ft. 1in.	532	22ft. 9in.	372
32ft. 8in.	848	29ft. 4in.	688	26ft.	528	22ft. 8in.	368
32ft. 7in.	844	29ft. 3in.	684	25ft. 11in.	524	22ft. 7in.	364

Continued on following page.

Throwing 56-lb. Weight for Distance—Continued

Distance	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*
22ft. 6in.	360	20ft. 7in.	268	18ft. 8in.	176	16ft. 9in.	84
22ft. 5in.	356	20ft. 6in.	264	18ft. 7in.	172	16ft. 8in.	80
22ft. 4in.	352	20ft. 5in.	260	18ft. 6in.	168	16ft. 7in.	76
22ft. 3in.	348	20ft. 4in.	256	18ft. 5in.	164	16ft. 6in.	72
22ft. 2in.	344	20ft. 3in.	252	18ft. 4in.	160	16ft. 5in.	68
22ft. 1in.	340	20ft. 2in.	248	18ft. 3in.	156	16ft. 4in.	64
22ft.	336	20ft. 1in.	244	18ft. 2in.	152	16ft. 3in.	60
21ft. 11in.	332	20ft.	240	18ft. 1in.	148	16ft. 2in.	56
21ft. 10in.	328	19ft. 11in.	236	18ft.	144	16ft. 1in.	52
21ft. 9in.	324	19ft. 10in.	232	17ft. 11in.	140	16ft.	48
21ft. 8in.	320	19ft. 9in.	228	17ft. 10in.	136	15ft. 11in.	44
21ft. 7in.	316	19ft. 8in.	224	17ft. 9in.	132	15ft. 10in.	40
21ft. 6in.	312	19ft. 7in.	220	17ft. 8in.	128	15ft. 9in.	36
21ft. 5in.	308	19ft. 6in.	216	17ft. 7in.	124	15ft. 8in.	32
21ft. 4in.	304	19ft. 5in.	212	17ft. 6in.	120	15ft. 7in.	28
21ft. 3in.	300	19ft. 4in.	208	17ft. 5in.	116	15ft. 6in.	24
21ft. 2in.	296	19ft. 3in.	204	17ft. 4in.	112	15ft. 5in.	20
21ft. 1in.	292	19ft. 2in.	200	17ft. 3in.	108	15ft. 4in.	16
21ft.	288	19ft. 1in.	196	17ft. 2in.	104	15ft. 3in.	12
20ft. 11in.	284	19ft.	192	17ft. 1in.	100	15ft. 2in.	8
20ft. 10in.	280	18ft. 11in.	188	17ft.	96	15ft. 1in.	4
20ft. 9in.	276	18ft. 10in.	184	16ft. 11in.	92	15ft.	0
20ft. 8in.	272	18ft. 9in.	180	16ft. 10in.	88		

For any performance shorter than 15 ft., score nothing.

For any performance longer than 35 ft. 10 in., score 1,000, and 1 additional point for each quarter inch beyond 35 ft. 10 in.

For any fractional performance between the even inches, add 1 additional point for each quarter inch. For instance, 27 ft. score 576 points; 27 ft. ¼ in. 577 points; 27 ft. ¾ in. 579 points, etc.

Running Broad Jump

Distance	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*
23ft. 6½in.	1,000	21ft. 11in.	844	20ft. 3in.	684	18ft. 7in.	524
23ft. 6in.	996	21ft. 10in.	836	20ft. 2in.	676	18ft. 6in.	516
23ft. 5in.	988	21ft. 9in.	828	20ft. 1in.	668	18ft. 5in.	508
23ft. 4in.	980	21ft. 8in.	820	20ft.	660	18ft. 4in.	500
23ft. 3in.	972	21ft. 7in.	812	19ft. 11in.	652	18ft. 3in.	492
23ft. 2in.	964	21ft. 6in.	804	19ft. 10in.	644	18ft. 2in.	484
23ft. 1in.	956	21ft. 5in.	796	19ft. 9in.	636	18ft. 1in.	476
23ft.	948	21ft. 4in.	788	19ft. 8in.	628	18ft.	468
22ft. 11in.	940	21ft. 3in.	780	19ft. 7in.	620	17ft. 11in.	460
22ft. 10in.	932	21ft. 2in.	772	19ft. 6in.	612	17ft. 10in.	452
22ft. 9in.	924	21ft. 1in.	764	19ft. 5in.	604	17ft. 9in.	444
22ft. 8in.	916	21ft.	756	19ft. 4in.	596	17ft. 8in.	436
22ft. 7in.	908	20ft. 11in.	748	19ft. 3in.	588	17ft. 7in.	428
22ft. 6in.	900	20ft. 10in.	740	19ft. 2in.	580	17ft. 6in.	420
22ft. 5in.	892	20ft. 9in.	732	19ft. 1in.	572	17ft. 5in.	412
22ft. 4in.	884	20ft. 8in.	724	19ft.	564	17ft. 4in.	404
22ft. 3in.	876	20ft. 7in.	716	18ft. 11in.	556	17ft. 3in.	396
22ft. 2in.	868	20ft. 6in.	708	18ft. 10in.	548	17ft. 2in.	388
22ft. 1in.	860	20ft. 5in.	700	18ft. 9in.	540	17ft. 1in.	380
22ft.	852	20ft. 4in.	692	18ft. 8in.	532	17ft.	372

Continu d on following page.

Running Broad Jump—Continued

Distance	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*	*Distance*	*Points*
16ft. 11in.	364	15ft. 11in.	268	14ft. 11in.	172	13ft. 11in.	76
16ft. 10in.	356	15ft. 10in.	260	14ft. 10in.	164	13ft. 10in.	68
16ft. 9in.	348	15ft. 9in.	252	14ft. 9in.	156	13ft. 9in.	60
16ft. 8in.	340	15ft. 8in.	244	14ft. 8in.	148	13ft. 8in.	52
16ft. 7in.	332	15ft. 7in.	236	14ft. 7in.	140	13ft. 7in.	44
16ft. 6in.	324	15ft. 6in.	228	14ft. 6in.	132	13ft. 6in.	36
16ft. 5in.	316	15ft. 5in.	220	14ft. 5in.	124	13ft. 5in.	28
16ft. 4in.	308	15ft. 4in.	212	14ft. 4in.	116	13ft. 4in.	20
16ft. 3in.	300	15ft. 3in.	204	14ft. 3in.	108	13ft. 3in.	12
16ft. 2in.	292	15ft. 2in.	196	14ft. 2in.	100	13ft. 2in.	4
16ft. 1in.	284	15ft. 1in.	188	14ft. 1in.	92	13ft. 1in.	0
16ft.	276	15ft.	180	14ft.	84		

For jumps shorter than 13 ft. 1 in. score nothing.

For jumps longer than 23 ft. 6 ½ in. score 1,000 points, and 1 additional point for each ⅛ of an inch beyond 23 ft. 6½ in.

For fractional distances between the even inches, score 1 additional point for each ⅛ of an inch. For instance, 18 ft. 6 in., score 516 points; 18 ft. 6⅛ in., 517 points; 18 ft. 6⅜ in., 519 points; 18 ft. 6¾ in., 522 points, etc.

One Mile Run

Time	*Points*	*Time*	*Points*	*Time*	*Points*	*Time*	*Points*
4m. 17 4/5s.	1,000	4m. 48s.	849	5m. 19s.	694	5m. 50s.	539
4m. 18s.	999	4m. 49s.	844	5m. 20s.	689	5m. 51s.	534
4m. 19s.	994	4m. 50s.	839	5m. 21s.	684	5m. 52s.	529
4m. 20s.	989	4m. 51s.	834	5m. 22s.	679	5m. 53s.	524
4m. 21s.	984	4m. 52s.	829	5m. 23s.	674	5m. 54s.	519
4m. 22s.	979	4m. 53s.	824	5m. 24s.	669	5m 55s.	514
4m. 23s.	974	4m. 54s.	819	5m. 25s.	664	5m. 56s.	509
4m. 24s.	969	4m. 55s.	814	5m. 26s.	659	5m. 57s.	504
4m. 25s.	964	4m. 56s.	809	5m. 27s.	654	5m. 58s.	499
4m. 26s.	959	4m. 57s.	804	5m. 28s.	649	5m. 59s.	494
4m. 27s.	954	4m. 58s.	799	5m. 29s.	644	6m.	489
4m. 28s.	949	4m. 59s.	794	5m. 30s.	639	6m. 1s.	484
4m. 29s.	944	5m.	789	5m. 31s.	634	6m. 2s.	479
4m. 30s.	939	5m. 1s.	784	5m. 32s.	629	6m. 3s.	474
4m. 31s.	934	5m. 2s.	779	5m. 33s.	624	6m. 4s.	469
4m. 32s.	929	5m. 3s.	774	5m. 34s.	619	6m. 5s.	464
4m. 33s.	924	5m. 4s.	769	5m. 35s.	614	6m. 6s.	459
4m. 34s.	919	5m. 5s.	764	5m. 36s.	609	6m. 7s.	454
4m. 35s.	914	5m. 6s.	759	5m. 37s.	604	6m. 8s.	449
4m. 36s.	909	5m. 7s.	754	5m. 38s.	599	6m. 9s.	444
4m. 37s.	904	5m. 8s.	749	5m. 39s.	594	6m. 10s.	439
4m. 38s.	899	5m. 9s.	744	5m. 40s.	589	6m. 11s.	434
4m. 39s.	894	5m. 10s.	739	5m. 41s.	584	6m. 12s.	429
4m. 40s.	889	5m. 11s.	734	5m. 42s.	579	6m. 13s.	424
4m. 41s.	884	5m. 12s.	729	5m. 43s.	574	6m. 14s.	419
4m. 42s.	879	5m. 13s.	724	5m. 44s.	569	6m. 15s.	414
4m. 43s.	874	5m. 14s.	719	5m. 45s.	564	6m. 16s.	409
4m. 44s.	869	5m. 15s.	714	5m. 46s.	559	6m. 17s.	404
4m. 45s.	864	5m. 16s.	709	5m. 47s.	554	6m. 18s.	399
4m. 46s.	859	5m. 17s.	704	5m. 48s.	549	6m. 19s.	394
4m. 47s.	854	5m. 18s.	699	5m. 49s.	544	6m. 20s.	389

Continued on following page.

One Mile Run—Continued

Time	*Points*	*Time*	*Points*	*Time*	*Points*	*Time*	*Points*
6m. 21s.	384	6m. 41s.	284	7m. 1s.	184	7m. 20s.	89
6m. 22s.	379	6m. 42s.	279	7m. 2s.	179	7m. 21s.	84
6m. 23s.	374	6m. 43s.	274	7m. 3s.	174	7m. 22s.	79
6m. 24s.	369	6m. 44s.	269	7m. 4s.	169	7m. 23s.	74
6m. 25s.	364	6m. 45s.	264	7m. 5s.	164	7m. 24s.	69
6m. 26s.	359	6m. 46s.	259	7m. 6s.	159	7m. 25s.	64
6m. 27s.	354	6m. 47s.	254	7m. 7s.	154	7m. 26s.	59
6m. 28s.	349	6m. 48s.	249	7m. 8s.	149	7m. 27s.	54
6m. 29s.	344	6m. 49s.	244	7m. 9s.	144	7m. 28s.	49
6m. 30s.	339	6m. 50s.	239	7m. 10s.	139	7m. 29s.	44
6m. 31s.	334	6m. 51s.	234	7m. 11s.	134	7m. 30s.	39
6m. 32s.	329	6m. 52s.	229	7m. 12s.	129	7m. 31s.	34
6m. 33s.	324	6m. 53s.	224	7m. 13s.	124	7m. 32s.	29
6m. 34s.	319	6m. 54s.	219	7m. 14s.	119	7m. 33s.	24
6m. 35s.	314	6m. 55s.	214	7m. 15s.	114	7m. 34s.	19
6m. 36s.	309	6m. 56s.	209	7m. 16s.	109	7m. 35s.	14
6m. 37s.	304	6m. 57s.	204	7m. 17s.	104	7m. 36s.	9
6m. 38s.	299	6m. 58s.	199	7m. 18s.	99	7m. 37s.	4
6m. 39s.	294	6m. 59s.	194	7m. 19s.	94	7m. 38s.	0
6m. 40s.	289	7m.	189				

For any performance slower than 7m. 38s. score nothing.

For any performance faster than 4m. 17 4/5s. score 1,000, and 1 additional point for each fifth of a second better than 4m. 17 4/5s.

For fractional times, between the even seconds, deduct 1 point for each fifth of a second. For instance, 5m. 9s. scores 744 points; 5m. 9 1/5s. scores 743 points; 5m. 9 2/5s. 742 points; 5m. 9 3/5s. 741 points and 5m. 9 4/5s. 740 points, etc.

Each runner must be timed separately.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR OFFICIAL IMPLEMENTS

THROWING THE HEAVY WEIGHT.

(56 lbs.=25.401 kilograms.)

SPECIFICATIONS OF IMPLEMENT.

Head—The head shall be of molded lead, or a brass shell filled with lead, and spherical in shape, having imbedded a forged steel eye bolt as a means for attaching the handle.

Handle—The handle shall be made of round iron or steel measuring ¼ inch (12.7 millimeters) in diameter, bent in a triangular form, no side of which shall be more than 7¼ inches (184.146 millimeters) inside measurement.

Connection—The handle shall be connected to the head by means of a welded steel link measuring ⅜ inch (9.525 millimeters) in diameter.

Weight—The weight shall be not less than 56 pounds (25.401 kilograms) complete as thrown.

Length—The length shall be not more than 16 inches (406.39 millimeters) complete as thrown.

THROWING THE HAMMER.

SPECIFICATIONS OF IMPLEMENT.

Head—The head shall be of lead or a brass shell filled with lead or cast gray iron and spherical in shape.

Handle—The handle shall be a single unbroken and straight length of spring steel wire not less than ⅛ inch (3.175 millimeters) in diameter, or No. 36 piano wire, .102 inch (2.591 millimeters) in diameter. The handle may be looped at one or both ends as a means of attachment.

Grip—The grip may be either of single or double loop construction, but must be rigid and without hinging joints of any kind.

Connections—The handle shall be connected to the head by means of a swivel which may be either plain or ball bearing.

The grip shall be connected to the handle by means of a loop.

A swivel may not be used.

Weight—The weight shall be not less than 16 pounds (7.257 kilograms) complete as thrown.

Length—The length shall be not more than 4 feet (1.219 meters) complete as thrown.

PUTTING THE SHOT.

SPECIFICATIONS OF IMPLEMENT.

Constuction—The shot shall be of iron or a brass shell filled with lead, and spherical in shape.

Weight—The shot shall weigh not less than 16 pounds (7.257 kilograms).

THOWING THE DISCUS.

Specifications of Implement.

Construction—The discus shall be composed of a smooth metal rim, permanently attached to a wood body, brass plates set flush into the sides of the wood body and, in the exact center of the discus, a means for securing the correct weight. The brass plates shall be circular in form, having a diameter of not less than 2 inches (50.799 millimeters) nor more than 2¼ inches (57.149 millimeters). Each side of the discus shall be a counterpart of the other side and shall have no indentations, projecting points, or sharp edges. The sides shall taper in a straight line from the beginning of the curve of the rim to a line a distance of not less than 1 inch (25.399 millimeters) from the center of the discus.

Measurements—The largest dimension shall be a circle not less than 8⅝ inches (219.07 millimeters) in diameter. The thickness through the exact center, on a line perpendicular to the diameter, shall be not less than 1¾ inches (44.449 millimeters). The thickness at 1 inch (25.399 millimeters) from the center shall be exactly the same as at the center. The thickness of the rim at a distance of ¼ inch (6.35 millimeters) from the edge shall be not less than ½ inch (12.70 millimeters). The edge shall be rounded on a true circle.

Weight—The weight of the discus shall be not less than 4 lbs. 6.55 ozs. (2 kilograms) complete as thrown.

Any metal discus complying with the official measurements, conditions and weight may be used.

POLE VAULT.

Specifications of Implement.

Construction—The pole shall be either of wood or bamboo and may be of any length or diameter. It shall have no assisting devices except as provided for, but may be wound or wrapped with adhesive tape. The wrapping must be of uniform thickness. The lower end of the pole may terminate in a single metal spike or a wooden plug.

THOWING THE JAVELIN.

Specifications of Implement.

Construction—The Javelin shall be of wood with a sharp iron or steel point. The Javelin shall be constructed in such way that the space between the foremost point and the center of gravity is not longer than 1.203 yards (110 centimeters), or shorter than 2.953 feet (90 centimeters).

Grip—It shall have, about the center of gravity, a grip formed by a binding 6.3 inches (16 centimeters) broad, of whipcord, without thongs or notches in the shaft, and shall have no other holding than the above mentioned binding, whose circumference at either edge shall not exceed the circumference of the shaft by more than .984 inch (25 millimeters).

Measurements—The length shall be not less than 8 feet 6⅜ inches (260 centimeters) complete as thrown.

Weight—The weight shall be not less than 1.76 pounds (800 grammes) complete as thrown.

SPECIFICATIONS OF APPARATUS

SEVEN-FOOT CIRCLE.

SPECIFICATIONS.

Construction and Measurements.—The circle shall be made of band iron on steel, wood or rope and, except for the discus, shall measure not more than 7 feet (2.134 meters) inside diameter. The circle for the discus shall measure not more than 8 feet 2½ inches (2.5 meters) inside diameter.

Metal—The sides shall be ¼ inch (6.35 millimeters) thick by 3 inches (76.199 millimeters) high.

Wood—The sides shall be 3 inches (76.199 millimeters) thick by 2 inches (50.799 millimeters) high.

Rope—The rope shall be 1 inch (25.4 millimeters) in diameter.

Finish—The circle shall be painted white. The rope may be tarred as a means of preservation.

HAMMER THROWING CAGE.

SPECIFICATIONS.

It is strongly recommended that all hammer throws be from an enclosure or cage to ensure the safety of spectators. A cage of the following dimensions is suggested.

Cage—The cage should be circular in form, having an inside diameter of not less than 27 feet (8.229 meters). The height should be not less than 7 feet (2.134 meters). There should be an opening, through which the throw is made, of approximately 23 feet (7.010 meters). The cage should be composed of 2¼ x 4½ inches (57.1489 x 114.297 millimeters) diamond mesh wire screen of ⅜ inch (9.5248 millimeters) wire. The screen should be mounted upon pipe uprights, buried in the ground to a depth of 30 inches (762 millimeters), and spaced not more than 8 feet (2.438 meters) apart. The size of the pipe should be 2½ inches (63.4988 millimeters).

It might be desirable, in some instances, to install a demountable cage, having sockets grouted permanently in the ground, into which the pipe uprights might be set when the cage is erected. The sockets could be provided with covers when the uprights are removed.

SECTOR FOR THROWS FROM CIRCLE.

SPECIFICATIONS.

A ninety degree sector shall be clearly marked on the ground, the radii lines crossing at the center of the circle. The outer ends of the radii lines shall be marked with flags.

SECTOR FLAGS.

SPECIFICATIONS.

Construction—The sector flag shall be entirely of metal. The flag shall be rectangular in shape and shall measure 4 x 7 inches (101.598 x 177.797 millimeters). The standard shall be not less than 5/16 inch (7.93 millimeters) in diameter and not less than 36 inches (914.392 millimeters) in length. The flag shall be painted red.

STOP BOARD.

SPECIFICATIONS.

Construction—The board shall be made of wood.

Measurements—The board shall measure not less than 4 feet (1.219 meters) long, 4½ inches (114.297 millimeters) wide, and 4 inches (101.598 millimeters) high.

Finish—The board shall be painted white.

TAKE-OFF BOARD.

SPECIFICATIONS.

Construction—The take-off board shall be made of wood.

Measurements—The board shall measure not less than 4 feet (1.219 meters) long, 8 inches (203.196 millimeters) wide and 4 inches (101.598 millimeters) high.

Finish—The board shall be painted white.

JUMP OR VAULTING STANDARDS.

SPECIFICATIONS.

Uprights—Any style or kind of uprights or posts may be used.

Cross Bar—The cross bar shall be entirely of wood, triangular in section, each side of which shall measure 1 3/16 inches (30 millimeters), not more than 1 inch (25.399 millimeters) square in section, and of a uniform thickness throughout. The ends of the cross bar shall project not more than 6 inches (152.397 millimeters) beyond the pegs.

Pegs—The pegs supporting the cross bar shall extend horizontally not more than 3 inches (76.1986 millimeters) from the face of the uprights and shall be without notches or indentations of any kind. The pegs shall be round, of a uniform thickness throughout, and not more than ½ inch (12.6997 millimeters) in diameter.

HURDLE.

SPECIFICATIONS.

Construction—A hurdle shall consist of two wood uprights, or standards, supporting a rectangular wood frame or gate. The hurdle may be adjustable in height, but shall be rigidly fastened at the required height for each event.

Measurements—The extreme width of the gate shall be not less than 4 feet (1.22 meters). The extreme length of base for the uprights shall be not less than 19.685 inches (500 millimeters). The total weight of the hurdle shall be not less than 15.43 pounds (7 kilograms).

Finish—The top bar of the gate shall be painted white.

RELAY BATON.

SPECIFICATIONS.

Construction—The baton shall be a hollow wood tube.

Measurements—The length shall be not more than 11.81 inches (300 millimeters).

Weight—The weight shall be not less than 1.764 ounces (50 grammes). The circumference shall be 4.724 inches (120 millimeters).

ARTICLES OF ALLIANCE

between the

AMATEUR ATHLETIC UNION of the UNITED STATES

and the

American Gymnastic Union,
Intercollegiate Association of Amateur Athletes of America,
Military Athletic League,
National Cycling Association,
Amateur Fencers' League of America,
International Skating Union of America,
United States of America Foot Ball Association,
Amateur Athletic Union of Canada,
Canadian Amateur Swimming Association,
Catholic Young Men's National Union,
National Amateur Casting Association,
Union Internationale des Societies Sportives Egyptiennes,
United States Amateur Hockey Association.

AMERICAN GYMNASTIC UNION.

I. *Representation of A.G.U. at Meetings of A.A.U.*—At all meetings of the Amateur Athletic Union the North American Gymnastic Union shall be entitled to representation by not more than four delegates, or duly appointed alternates of such delegates, having, collectively, one vote.

II. *Continuous Representation A.G.U. Upon Board of Governors of A.A.U.*—From among these delegates one shall be chosen, in the manner and for such period as provided by the Constitution of the Amateur Athletic Union, to be a member of the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union, and having voice and vote, privileges and duties equal to the other members of said Board in all matters which come before it, in accordance with the Constitution of the Amateur Athletic Union.

III. *Continuous Representation of A.A.U. in Athletic Committee of A.G.U.*—The Amateur Athletic Union shall be entitled to representation in the American Gymnastic Union by means of a delegate to be appointed by the Board of Governors, in the same manner and for the same period as the standing committees of the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union, said representative to be a member of the General Committee on Athletics (Technisches Comite) of the American Gymnastic Union, and shall be entitled to voice and vote in his own discretion upon all matters which come before it.

IV. *Eligibility of A.G.U. Members in A.A.U. Competitions*—Members of the club members of the American Gymnastic Union shall be subject to test as to their eligibility to participate in athletic competitions approved by the Amateur Athletic Union exclusively, by the con-

ditions of competitions prescribed by the Constitution of the Amateur Athletic Union.

V. *Eligibility of A.A.U. Members in A.G.U. Competitions*—Clubs or members of the club members of the Amateur Athletic Union, may participate in the athletic competitions of the American Gymnastic Union, its District Associations (Bezirke) or Clubs (Vereine), when they conform to all the requirements of the Rules and Regulations governing such competitions, in the same manner as other competitors, or under such modification of said Rules and Regulations as may be approved by the authority under which such competitions are held.

VI. *Terminability of Alliance*—These Articles of Alliance shall be terminable by either party when, upon thirty days' written notice to the other, it voluntarily withdraws therefrom.

VII. The agitation for the introduction of a comprehensive system of physical education in the public schools of the cities of the United States engaged in by the American Gymnastic Union is hereby endorsed, and the co operation of the Amateur Athletic Union to its realization is herewith earnestly pledged.

HUGO MUENCH, *President American G.U.*
HARRY MCMILLAN, *President A.A.U.*
MAX HEMPEL, *Secretary American G.U.*
J. E. SULLIVAN, *Secretary A.A.U.*

(Name changed to American Gymnastic Union, November, 1920.)

INTERCOLLEGIATE ASSOCIATION OF AMATEUR ATHLETES OF AMERICA.

I. At all meetings of the Amateur Athletic Union the Intercollegiate Association of Amateur Athletes of America shall be entitled to representation by not more than four delegates, or duly elected alternates of such delegates, having, collectively, one vote.

II. From among these delegates one shall be chosen to become a member of the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union, who shall have voice, vote and privilege equal to the other members of said Board upon matters coming before it.

III. All members of Amateur Athletic Union clubs entering Intercollegiate games shall be governed by the rules of the Intercollegiate Association of Amateur Athletes of America; but members of Association colleges entering Amateur Athletic Union games shall be governed by the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union.

IV. These Articles of Alliance shall be terminable by either party upon thirty days' written notice to the other.

(Duly executed by Presidents and Secretaries of Intercollegiate Association of Amateur Athletes of America and Amateur Athletic Union.)

MILITARY ATHLETIC LEAGUE.

I. At all meetings of the Amateur Athletic Union the Military Athletic League shall be entitled to representation by not more than four delegates, or duly elected alternates of such delegates, having, collectively, one vote.

II. From among these one shall be chosen to become a member of the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union, who shall have

voice, vote and privilege equal to the other members of said Board upon all matters coming before it.

III. All games open only to members of the Military Athletic League shall be held under Military Athletic League rules; but games open to all amateurs shall be held under the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union, and in games where both closed and open events are given, the rules of the Military Athletic League shall apply to the closed events, and the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union to all others. The sanction and registration requirements of the Amateur Athletic Union shall not apply to Military Athletic League closed events.

IV. Each party to this Alliance shall respect and enforce all penalties of suspension and disqualification inflicted by the other party.

V. Competition by members of Military Athletic League organizations in closed games under its rules shall not be considered a competition from a club, as restricted by Article X., Section 2, of the Constitution of the Amateur Athletic Union.

VI. These Articles of Alliance shall be terminated by either party upon thirty days' notice to the other.

C. H. LUSCOMB, *President Military A.L.*
JOHN J. DIXON, *Recording Secretary Military A.L.*
HARRY MCMILLAN, *President A.A.U.*
J. E. SULLIVAN, *Secretary A.A.U.*

NATIONAL CYCLING ASSOCIATION.

I. All cycling events in championship or other open meetings of the Amateur Athletic Union, or its associations or clubs, shall be given under the rules of the National Cycling Association, and all athletic events in any meeting given under the permit of the National Cycling Association, shall be under the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union.

II. No athletic games, meetings, benefits or entertainments, which include or are held in connection with a cycling event or events, shall be recognized by the Amateur Athletic Union or by any of its associations in any case where a permit for such cycling event or events shall have been or shall be withheld or refused by the National Cycling Association, and in all cases where such athletic games, meetings, benefits or entertainments shall have been or shall be inadvertently recognized, the permit or recognition thereof shall be forthwith cancelled and annulled. No cycling event which is included in or run in connection with any programme or athletic games, meetings, benefits or entertainments, shall be recognized by the National Cycling Association in any case where permit or recognition of such games, meetings, benefits or entertainments shall have been or shall be withheld or refused by the Amateur Athletic Union, or by any of its associations, and in every case where cycling event or events shall have been or shall be inadvertently recognized by the National Cycling Association, such permit shall be forthwith cancelled and annulled.

III. Each party to this Alliance shall respect and enforce all penalties of suspension or disqualification inflicted by the other party.

IV. In case of a disagreement between the National Cycling Association and the Amateur Athletic Union upon any point covered by these articles, the same shall be submitted to three arbitrators, one to be selected by the Amateur Athletic Union.

V. At all meetings of the Amateur Athletic Union the National Cycling Association shall be entitled to representation by not more than four delegates or duly elected alternates of such delegates, having, collectively, one vote.

From among these delegates one shall be chosen to become a member of the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union, who shall have voice, vote and privilege equal to the other members of said Board upon all matter coming before it.

VI. This Alliance shall be terminable by either party upon thirty days' notice to the other.

VII. This Alliance shall take effect when ratified by the representative governing boards of the organizations party thereto, and duly signed by the presidents of the Amateur Athletic Union and the National Cycling Association.

The National Cycling Association,
By

GEORGE J. COOKE, *President.*
A. G. BATCHELDER, *Chairman of Board of Control.*

The Amateur Athletic Union,

E. E. BABB, *President.*
JAMES E. SULLIVAN, *Secretary.*

(*Note.*—Paragraph V was inserted in above articles August 21, 1907.)

AMATEUR FENCERS' LEAGUE OF AMERICA.

I. At all meetings of the Amateur Athletic Union the Amateur Fencers' League shall be entitled to representation by not more than four delegates, or duly elected alternates of such delegates, having, collectively, one vote.

II. From among these delegates one shall be chosen to become a member of the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union, who shall have vote, voice and privilege equal to the other members of said Board upon all matters coming before it.

III. All members of the clubs of the Amateur Athletic Union entering competitions of the Fencers' League shall be governed by the rules of the Fencers' League, and members of the Fencers' League competing in Amateur Athletic Union games shall be governed by the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union.

IV. The Amateur Athletic Union further agrees that all fencing championships and fencing competitions of any character, open or closed, shall be held under the rules of the Fencers' League.

V. Each party of this Alliance shall respect and enforce all penalties of suspension and disqualification inflicted by the other.

VI. These Articles of Alliance shall be terminated by either party upon thirty days' notice to the other party.

Signed on behalf of the Fencers' League,

GRAEME M. HAMMOND, *President.*
W. SCOTT O'CONNOR, *Secretary.*

Signed on behalf of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States,

JOS. B. MACCABE, *President.*
JAMES E. SULLIVAN, *Secretary.*

Dated, New York, October 16, 1905.

INTERNATIONAL SKATING UNION OF AMERICA.

I. The Amateur Athletic Union of the United States of America and the International Skating Union of America mutually recognize each other as the sole governing bodies of athletics and skating in America.

II. It is further agreed that the International Skating Union and its allied bodies do hereby recognize the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States as the sole controlling body over athletic sports in America, and further agree to recognize the decisions, rulings, disqualifications and suspensions of the Amateur Athletic Union.

III. The Amateur Athletic Union of the United States and its allied bodies do hereby recognize the International Skating Union of America and its allied bodies as having sole control over ice and roller skating throughout America, and further agree to recognize the decisions, rulings, suspensions and disqualifications of the International Skating Union.

IV. It is understood and agreed that all games of Basket Ball shall be held under the exclusive jurisdiction of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States.

V. These Articles of Alliance may be terminated by either party upon thirty days notice to the other party.

For the Amateur Athletic Union,

JAMES E. SULLIVAN, *President.*
JOHN J. DIXON, *Secretary.*

For the International Skating Union,

DAVID H. SLAYBACK, *President.*
FRED H. TUCKER, JR., *Secretary.*

Amended March 30, 1917, by adding after the words, "over ice and roller skating throughout America," in paragraph 3, the words, "and ice hockey throughout the United States."

For the Amateur Athletic Union,

GEORGE J. TURNER, *President.*
FREDERICK W. RUBIEN, *Secretary.*

For the International Skating Union,

CORNELIUS FELLOWES, *President.*
JOHN HARDING, *Secretary.*

Further amended at annual meeting of A.A.U., November 22, 1921, by striking out the amendment adopted on March 30, 1917.

For the Amateur Athletic Union,

WILLIAM C. PROUT, *President.*
FREDERICK W. RUBIEN, *Secretary.*

For International Skating Union,

ALLAN H. BLANCHARD, *President.*

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FOOT BALL ASSOCIATION.

I. The Amateur Athletic Union of the United States and the United States of America Foot Ball Association mutually recognize each other as the sole governing bodies of athletics and Association (soccer) foot ball in the United States of America.

II. The Amateur Athletic Union agrees to recognize the rights of an amateur Association (soccer) foot ball player to play with or

against a professional Association (soccer) foot ball team without losing his amateur standing thereby.

III. The United States of America Foot Ball Association agrees to recognize the decision, rulings, disqualifications and suspensions of the Amateur Athletic Union in as far as they pertain to amateur Association (soccer) foot ball players under the jurisdiction of the United States of America Foot Ball Association who are registered with the Amateur Athletic Union individually or as members of a club in affiliation with the Amateur Athletic Union.

IV. The Amateur Athletic Union agrees to recognize the decisions, rulings, disqualifications and suspensions of the United States of America Foot Ball Association in as far as they pertain to persons registered with the Amateur Athletic Union who as amateur Association (soccer) foot ball players are also under the jurisdiction of the United States of America Foot Ball Association.

V. In the case of a disagreement between the United States of America Foot Ball Association and the Amateur Athletic Union upon any point covered by these articles the same shall be submitted to three arbitrators, one to be selected by each party and the third by the two representatives.

VI. These Articles of Alliance shall be terminated by either party upon thirty (30) days' notice to the other party.

United States of America Foot Ball Association,

G. RANDOLPH MANNING, *President.*
THOMAS W. CAHILL, *Secretary.*

Amateur Athletic Union of the United States,

ALFRED J. LILL, JR., *President.*
JAMES E. SULLIVAN, *Secretary-Treasurer.*

AMATEUR ATHLETIC UNION OF CANADA.

I. All athletic games, open or closed, where athletes compete or exhibit, held in Canada, shall be held under the rules and sanction of the Amateur Athletic Union of Canada, and all athletic games, open or closed, where athletes compete or exhibit, which are open to amateur athletes of the United States, shall be held under the rules and sanction of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States.

II. Amateur athletes from the United States competing or exhibiting in closed or open athletic sports in Canada, shall compete under the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union of Canada, and amateur athletes competing or exhibiting in open or closed athletic games in the United States shall compete under the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States.

III. Athletes from Canada, registered with the Amateur Athletic Union of Canada as amateurs, shall be accepted by the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States, and athletes from the United States, registered with the Amateur Athletic Union, shall be accepted by the Amateur Athletic Union of Canada, and be eligible to compete in all games sanctioned by the Amateur Athletic Union; but in all cases the athlete must present a permit from his governing body.

IV. Each party of the Alliance agrees to furnish complete lists of sanctioned athletic games upon request, and no registered athlete shall be allowed to compete or exhibit in open or closed games, under any rules but those of the Amateur Athletic Union in the United States, and the Amateur Athletic Union in Canada. If registration

is called for, such registration is not to be enforced when the athlete presents his permit.

V. International permits and vouchers adopted by the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States and the Amateur Athletic Union of Canada, under the terms of this Alliance, may be issued only by those authorized, and said permits and vouchers, under penalty of suspension, must be signed by the athlete and returned within ten days from date of competition to the official issuing same.

VI. Each party to this alliance shall respect and enforce all penalties of suspension and disqualification imposed by the other party.

VII. These articles of alliance shall be terminated by either party upon thirty days' notice to the other.

Signed on behalf of the Amateur Athletic Union of Canada,
(Signed) H. P. JOHNSON, *President.*
(Signed) N. H. CROW, *Secretary.*

Signed on behalf of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States,
(Signed) ALFRED J. LILL, JR., *President.*
(Signed) JAMES E. SULLIVAN, *Secretary-Treasurer.*

Amended March 6, 1917, by adding after words, "shall be held under the rules and sanction of the Amateur Athletic Union of Canada, in first section," the words "or of those bodies to whom the Amateur Athletic Union of Canada has delegated such authority."

Signed on behalf of the Amateur Athletic Union of Canada,
(Signed) THOMAS BOYD, *President.*
(Signed) NORTON H. CROW, *Secretary.*

Signed on behalf of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States,
(Signed) GEORGE J. TURNER, *President.*
(Signed) FREDERICK W. RUBIEN, *Secretary.*

CANADIAN AMATEUR SWIMMING ASSOCIATION.

I. All swimming, diving and water polo meetings, open, closed, or championship, where swimmers compete or exhibit, held in Canada, shall be held under the rules and sanction of the Canadian Amateur Swimming Association, and all open, closed or championship meetings where swimmers compete or exhibit, which are open or closed to amateur swimmers of the United States, shall be held under the rules and sanction of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States.

II. Amateur swimmers, divers and water polo players from the United States, competing or exhibiting in closed, open or championship meetings in the Dominion of Canada, shall compete under the rules of the Canadian Amateur Swimming Association, and amateur swimmers, divers and water polo players from Canada, competing in closed, open or championship meetings in the United States, shall compete under the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States.

III. Swimmers, divers and water polo players from Canada, registered with the Canadian Amateur Swimming Association as amateurs, shall be accepted by the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States, and swimmers, divers and water polo players from the United States, registered with the Amateur Athletic Union as amateurs, shall be accepted by the Canadian Amateur Swimming Association and be eligible to compete at all swimming, diving and water polo meetings sanctioned by the Canadian Amateur Swimming Association, but in all cases competitors must present a permit from their respective governing bodies.

IV. Each party to the Alliance agrees to furnish complete lists of sanctioned open and championship swimming, diving and water polo meetings upon request, and no registered swimmers shall be allowed to compete or exhibit in these events, under any rules but those of the Amateur Athletic Union in the United States, and those of the Canadian Amateur Swimming Association in the Dominion of Canada. If registration is called for, such registration is not to be enforced under this Alliance, when the swimmer, diver or water polo player presents his permit.

V. International permits and vouchers, adopted by the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States and the Canadian Amateur Swimming Association under the terms of this Alliance, may be issued only by those authorized, and said permits and vouchers, under penalty of suspension, must be signed by the individual to whom issued and returned within ten days from date of competition to the official issuing same.

VI. Each party to this Alliance shall respect and enforce all penalties of suspension and disqualification imposed by the other party.

VII. These Articles of Alliance shall be terminated by either party upon thirty days notice to the other.

Signed on behalf of the Canadian Amateur Swimming Association,
(Signed) CHRIS H. GOULDEN, *President.*
(Signed) LEONARD G. NORRIS, *Hon. Secretary.*

Signed on behalf of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States,
(Signed) ALFRED J. LILL, JR., *President.*
(Signed) JAMES E. SULLIVAN, *Secretary-Treasurer.*

CATHOLIC YOUNG MEN'S NATIONAL UNION.

I. At all meetings of the Amateur Athletic Union the Catholic Young Men's National Union shall be entitled to representation by not more than four delegates, or duly elected alternates of such delegates, having, collectively, one vote.

II. From among these one shall be chosen to become a member of the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union, who shall have voice, vote and privilege equal to the other members of said Board upon all matters coming before it.

III. All games open only to members of the Catholic Young Men's National Union shall be held under Catholic Young Men's National Union rules; but games open to all amateurs shall be held under rules of the Amateur Athletic Union, and in games where both closed and open events are given, the rules of the Catholic Young Men's National Union shall apply to the closed events and the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union to all others. The sanction and registration requirements of the Amateur Athletic Union shall not apply to Catholic Young Men's National Union closed events.

IV. The Catholic Young Men's National Union shall respect and enforce all penalties of suspension and disqualification inflicted by the Amateur Athletic Union.

V. Competition by members of the Catholic Young Men's National Union in closed games under its rules shall not be considered as competition from a club, as restricted by Article X, Section 2, of the Constitution of the Amateur Athletic Union.

VI. Sanctions must be obtained from the Amateur Athletic Union for all meets held by any organization enrolled in the Catholic Young Men's National Union at which persons other than members of organi-

zations enrolled in the said Catholic Young Men's National Union shall be allowed to take part, but no charge for such sanction shall be made, and all such meets shall be governed by the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union.

VII. These Articles of Alliance may be terminated by either party upon thirty days' notice to the other.

MICHAEL J. SLATTERY, *President C.Y.M.N.U.*
S. A. HAUCK, JR., *Secretary C.Y.M.N.U.*
GEORGE J. TURNER, *President A.A.U.*
FREDERICK W. RUBIEN, *Secretary A.A.U.*

Dated New York, July 12, 1916.

UNION INTERNATIONALE DES SOCIETIES SPORTIVES EGYPTIENNES.

I. By mutual consent the Union Internationale des Societies Sportives Egyptiennes and the Amateur Athletic Union recognize that all athletic sport meets are managed in Egypt by the Union Internationale des Societies Sportives Egyptiennes, and in the United States by the Amateur Athletic Union.

II. Every society and every member of either one of the associations belongs by right to the other.

III. No international match in the games above mentioned can be arranged between societies belonging to either one of these two organizations without the consent of this Federation.

IV. All engagements for the athletic matches should be made with the co-operation of the Federation competent to select the athletes and responsible for them and for their fitness.

V. In the event of litigation arising from international matches organized under the auspices of one of these two associations, the rules of the association in the country in which the matches or meet shall have taken place shall alone be in force.

VI. The present agreement will go out of effect three months after its cancellation by either one of the contracting associations.
Dated April 4, 1912.

For the Union Internationale des Societies Sportives Egyptiennes,

A. CH. BOLANACHI, *President.*
O. BAVASTRO, *Hon. Secretary.*

For the Amateur Athletic Union,

GUSTAVUS T. KIRBY, *President.*
JAMES E. SULLIVAN, *Hon. Secretary.*

UNITED STATES AMATEUR HOCKEY ASSOCIATION.

I. The Amateur Athletic Union of the United States and the United States Amateur Hockey Association mutually recognize each other as the sole governing bodies of athletics and ice hockey in America.

II. It is further agreed that the United States Amateur Hockey Association and its allied bodies do hereby recognize the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States as the sole controlling body over athletic sports in America, and further agree to recognize the decisions, rulings, disqualifications and suspensions of the Amateur Athletic Union.

III. The Amateur Athletic Union of the United States and its allied bodies do hereby recognize the United States Amateur Hockey Association and its allied bodies as having sole control over ice hockey throughout America, and further agree to recognize the decisions. rulings, suspensions and disqualifications of the United States Amateur Hockey Association.

IV. All members of the clubs of the Amateur Athletic Union or registered athletes of the Associations of the Amateur Athletic Union, entering competitions of the United States Amateur Hockey Association, shall be governed by the rules of the United States Amateur Hockey Association, and members of the United States Amateur Hockey Association competing in Amateur Athletic Union games shall be governed by the rule sof the Amateur Athletic Union.

V. Each party of this Alliance shall respect and enforce all penalties of suspension or disqualification inflicted by the other.

VI. At all meetings of the Amateur Athletic Union, the United States Amateur Hockey Association shall be entitled to representation by not more than four delegates, or duly elected alternates of such delegates, having, collectively, one vote.

VII. From among these delegates one shall be chosen to become a member of the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union, who shall have vote, voice and privilege equal to the other members of the said Board upon all matters coming before it.

For the United States Amateur Hockey Association,

W. S. Haddock, *President.*
Roy D. Schooley, *Secretary.*

For the Amateur Athletic Union,

William C. Prout, *President.*
Frederick W. Rubien, *Secretary.*

Dated January 8, 1922.

NATIONAL AMATEUR CASTING ASSOCIATION.

I. The Amateur Athletic Union of the United States and the National Amateur Casting Association mutually recognize each other as the sole governing bodies of athletics and casting in America.

II. It is further agreed that the National Amateur Casting Association and its allied bodies do hereby recognize the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States as the sole controlling body over athletic sports in America, and further agree to recognize the decisions, rulings, disqualifications and suspensions of the Amateur Athletic Union.

III. The Amateur Athletic Union of the United States and its allied bodies do hereby recognize the National Amateur Casting Association and its allied bodies as having sole control over tournament casting throughout America, and further agree to recognize the decisions, rulings, suspensions and disqualifications of the National Amateur Casting Association.

IV. All members of the clubs of the Amateur Athletic Union, or registered athletes of the Associations of the Amateur Athletic Union, entering competitions of the National Amateur Casting Association, shall be governed by the rules of the National Amateur Casting Association, and members of the National Amateur Casting Association competing in Amateur Athletic Union games shall be governed by the rules of the Amateur Athletic Union.

V. The Amateur Athletic Union further agrees that all casting championships and casting competitions of any character, open or closed, shall be held under the rules of the National Amateur Casting Association.

VI. Each party of this Alliance shall respect and enforce all penalties of suspension or disqualification inflicted by the other.

VII. At all meetings of the Amateur Athletic Union the National Amateur Casting Association shall be entitled to representation by not more than four delegates, or duly elected alternates of such delegates, having, collectively, one vote.

VIII. From among these delegates one shall be chosen to become a member of the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union, who shall have vote, voice and privilege equal to the other members of the said Board upon all matters coming before it.

For the National Casting Association,

DR. H. J. MORLAN, *President.*
F. E. MOFFETT, *Secretary.*

For the Amateur Athletic Union,

GEORGE J. TURNER. *President.*
Dated November 20, 1916. FREDERICK W. RUBIEN, *Secretary.*

FORM OF CONSTITUTION FOR ACTIVE ASSOCIATIONS

ARTICLE I.

NAME.

This organization shall be known as the

ARTICLE II.

OBJECTS.

The objects of this Association are:

1. To foster and improve amateur athletics throughout its territory, in accordance with the standards and under the rules prescribed by the Amateur Athletic Union.

2. To protect and promote the mutual interests of its members.

3. To institute, regulate and award the amateur athletic championship of this Association.

ARTICLE III.

TERRITORY.

Until (1) the members of this Association shall fall below eight in number; or (2) until the Amateur Athletic Union, under the provisions of its Constitution, shall allot a portion or portions of said territory to a new association or to new associations formed therein and admitted to active membership in said Amateur Athletic Union, the territory under the jurisdiction of this Association shall be

ARTICLE IV.

MEMBERSHIP.

1. The membership of this Association shall be limited to amateur organizations promoting some branch or branches of amateur athletic sports.

2. This Association, through its Board of Managers, shall be the sole judge of the qualification of applicants for membership herein and of the qualification of members to continue herein.

3. Each member of this Association shall be sole judge of the qualifications of individuals to become and continue members of such organization.

4. Applications for membership shall be in the form prescribed by the By-Laws of this Association, and acceptance of membership shall bind such organization to abide by the Constitution, By-Laws and Rules of the Amateur Athletic Union and of this Association, and to accept and enforce all decisions affecting or relating to such organization that may be made pursuant thereto by the Board of Governors of the A.A.U., or by the Board of Managers of this Association.

5. Any violation by any member of this Association of the Constitution, By-Laws or Rules of this Association, or order of its Board of Managers made in conformity therewith shall render such member liable to suspension by the Board of Managers, until the next annual or special meeting of this Association, and to expulsion by a two-thirds vote of all the members represented at such meeting.

ARTICLE V.

REPRESENTATION OF MEMBERS.

1. Every member of this Association must appoint three delegates to represent it at meetings of this Association, and such delegates must be members in good standing of such organization and may also appoint three alternates of such delegates, who must be members of such organization or of some other member in this Association, except that no member of the Board of Managers shall be appointed an alternate. All the representatives of one member shall collectively have one vote. All delegates and alternates shall represent their respective organizations until withdrawn.

2. The appointment of every delegate and alternate shall be in writing, duly certified by the chief executive officer or secretary of the appointing member.

3. All members of the Board of Managers shall be elected from the duly appointed delegates. No alternate shall be elected a member of the Board.

4. Election of members of the Board of Managers shall only occur at the annual meeting by a majority vote of organizations represented and entitled to vote, except that the Board of Managers shall have power to fill vacancies, arising from any cause, from among the delegates to the Association.

5. Any member may at any time, by written notice, addressed to the Secretary of the Association and signed by the chief executive or secretary of such member, withdraw any or all of its delegates, provided a like number of newly appointed delegates be at the same time substituted for those withdrawn; and if any delegate thus withdrawn be at the time a member of the Board of Managers, the Board shall fill the vacancy as provided in Section 4 of this Article.

ARTICLE VI.

MANAGEMENT.

The management of the affairs of this Association shall be delegated to a Board of Managers consisting of not more than fifteen members. The Board of Managers so chosen shall, from among their number, elect a President, Vice-President, and a Secretary-Treasurer, each of whom shall serve for a term of one year or until his successor is chosen, and each of whom shall perform the duties prescribed by the By-Laws.

ARTICLE VII.

DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE BOARD OF MANAGERS.

The Board of Managers shall, in addition to the duties and powers elsewhere in this Constitution prescribed, have power and it shall be their duty:

1. To admit to membership any organization eligible under this Constitution applying therefor, if they deem proper.

2. To impose and enforce penalties for any violation of the Constitution or By-Laws of this Association.

3. To reject any entries (if deemed objectionable) at any Association Championship meeting, and to delegate this power to its committees.

4. To remove from office, by a two-thirds vote, any member of the Board of Managers who, by neglect of duty, or by conduct tending to impair his usefulness as a member of such Board, shall be deemed to have forfeited his position.

5. To fill all vacancies in the Board of Managers occurring from any cause.

6. To collect the dues and funds of the Association and to expend the same.

7. To call regular and special meetings of this Association, and to fix the time and place for holding all meetings not fixed by this Constitution.

8. To institute, locate, conduct and manage all Association championship meetings.

9. To explain, define and interpret any provision of the Constitution or By-Laws of this Association, upon request of a member.

ARTICLE VIII.

JURISDICTION.

This Association shall have jurisdiction throughout its territory over the athletic sports and exercises enumerated in the Constitution of the Amateur Athletic Union, and subject to the provisions of such Constitution, By-Laws and Rules relating thereto.

ARTICLE IX.

CONDITIONS OF COMPETITION.

1. The conditions of competition in and the rules governing any athletic meeting, game or entertainment given or sanctioned by this Association or its members, shall be those prescribed in the Constitution, By-Laws, and Rules of the Amateur Athletic Union; provided, however, that any member may reject from its games any entry deemed objectionable.

No person shall be eligible to compete in any Association Championships except by unanimous vote of the Board of Managers, unless he is a member of one of the members of the Association.

ARTICLE X.

DUES AND EXPENSES.

1. Every club member shall annually pay to the Secretary-Treasurer, at least ten days before the annual meeting, $7.50 as annual dues; provided, that every applicant for membership shall remit with its application to the Secretary-Treasurer the amount of its annual dues.

2. A failure to pay said dues within the time prescribed shall operate to prevent a representation of and a vote by the delinquent member at any meeting of the Association; and a continued indebtedness for dues or other charges for a period of three months, shall operate as a loss of membership by the delinquent member.

3. The receipts from all sources shall be devoted to defraying the cost of Association championship medals or other tokens, annual dues to the Amateur Athletic Union, and for printing and other necessary expenses incurred by the Board for this Association. All expenses incurred by delegates in attending meetings of this Association and by members of the Board of Managers in attending meetings of the Board, may be paid by their respective clubs from which such delegates or managers were appointed or chosen.

ARTICLE XI.

MEETINGS OF THE ASSOCIATION.

1. The annual meeting of this Association shall be held on the third Monday of September in each year.

2. Special meetings of this Association may be called by a majority vote of the Board of Managers, and upon the written request of at least one-third of all members of this Association must be called, the notice to contain the date and location of such meeting, and a statement of the object thereof.

3. Fifteen days' notice of every meeting of this Association shall be mailed by the Secretary-Treasurer at the time fixed by this Article to the Secretary, every member of this Association, and every such member shall promptly notify the Secretary-Treasurer of this Association of any change in office or address of its Secretary; and a notice mailed by the Secretary-Treasurer of this Association to the address last given by such member shall be deemed a full compliance on his part with the requirements of this Constitution and of the By-Laws hereunder, as to sending such notices.

4. At the meetings of this Association the following shall be the order of business:

(1) Roll Call of Delegates.
(2) Reading of Minutes.
(3) Report of Board of Managers.
(4) Secretary-Treasurer's Report.
(5) Reports of Committees.
(6) Resolutions, Orders and General Business.
(7) Election of Handicapper or Handicappers.
(8) Election of Board of Managers (if annual meeting).
(0) Adjournment.

5. In the interval between two annual meetings of the Association, any action that might be lawfully taken at a special meeting may be so taken by mail or telegraph vote, provided that where this Constitution requires a majority vote, the vote so taken must, to be effective, be a majority vote of all members of the Association voting, and where this Constitution requires a two-thirds vote, the vote so taken must, to be effective, be a two-thirds vote of all members of the Association voting, and provided, further, that in every instance such mail or telegraph vote shall be taken by the Secretary-Treasurer, and the ballots of each member must be preserved in his files.

ARTICLE XII.

PROCEEDINGS OF BOARD OF MANAGERS.

1. The annual meeting of the Board of Managers shall be convened as soon as possible after the adjournment of the annual meeting of this Association.

2. Special meetings may be called by the President upon not less than ten days' notice being given by the Secretary-Treasurer to each member of the Board of such meeting and of the object thereof. At any such meeting the members of the Board answering roll call shall constitute a quorum.

3. In the interval between two meetings of the Board, any action that might be lawfully taken at a special meeting of the Board may be so taken by mail vote, provided that where this Constitution requires a majority vote, the vote so taken must, to be effective, be a majority vote of all members of the Board voting; and where this Constitution requires a two-thirds vote, the vote so taken must, to be effective, be a two-thirds vote of all members of the Board voting; and provided, that in cases where the President may deem it necessary, a vote may be taken by telegraph instead of mail; in such cases the vote to close within forty-eight hours, and provided, further, that in every instance, such mail or telegraph vote shall be taken by the Secretary-Treasurer, and the ballots of each member of the Board must be preserved in his files.

ARTICLE XIII.

AMENDMENTS.

1. No amendment shall be made to this Constitution at any meeting except by a two-thirds vote of the members represented; or by a mail vote except by a two-thirds vote of all the members of the Association. And before a vote is taken on any proposed amendment, by mail vote or at a meeting, the said proposed amendment must have been submitted to the Board of Managers, and at least thirty days' notice thereof given by the Board to all members of the Association.

2. No amendment shall take effect until approved by a majority of the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union.

FORM OF BY-LAWS FOR ACTIVE ASSOCIATIONS

ARTICLE I.

MANAGERS.

1. The Board of Managers of the Association shall consist of ——— members.

2. Said Board of Managers shall be elected by ballot at each annual meeting of this Association by a majority vote of the clubs legally represented, and shall hold office for one year, or until their successors are elected.

3. Vacancies in the Board of Managers shall be filled by the Board until the next annual meeting.

ARTICLE II.

OFFICERS.

1. The officers of this Association, viz., President, Vice-President, Secretary-Treasurer, shall be elected by ballot by a majority vote at the annual meeting of the Board of Managers.

2. The President may order meetings of the Board of Managers where and when he shall deem necessary; shall preside at all meetings of said Board of the Association. and generally shall perform such other duties as appertain to the office of President.

3. The Vice-President shall have the power to perform the duties of the President in the absence or inability to act of the latter.

4. The Secretary-Treasurer shall keep the records of the Association and the Board of Managers, conduct all official correspondence, issue notice of all meetings of this Association and said Board, keep a complete record of all athletic events held under the auspices of this Association, and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Constitution and By-Laws of said Association.

The Secretary-Treasurer shall receive all the moneys of this Association and shall pay all bills approved by the Finance Committee or by the Board of Managers. provided that necessary minor expenses, which may be paid by any committee, may be turned in to the Secretary-Treasurer as cash if recorded in detail, duly attested by the Committee and approved by the Board.

He shall, whenever required by the Board or its Finance Committee, submit and turn over to said Committee or the Board, all moneys, accounts, books, papers, vouchers and records, including bank and check books, appertaining to his office, and shall turn over the same to his successor when elected. He shall be bonded (at the expense of the Association), for an amount to be designated by the Board of Managers, not less than $1,000.

ARTICLE III.

COMMITTEES AND HANDICAPPERS.

1. There shall be appointed by the President, with the approval of the Board, a Finance Committee, which shall, within two weeks next

preceding the date of the annual meeting each year, audit and examine the accounts of the Secretary-Treasurer, and make its report to the Board of Managers prior to the annual meeting next ensuing.

Said Committee shall also at other times, when requested by the Board, make an examination of the accounts of the Secretary-Treasurer, and report to the Board thereon, and may in such case require the Secretary-Treasurer to turn over to it all moneys, accounts, books, papers, vouchers and records appertaining to his office.

2. The Board of Managers shall elect from among its members a Registration Committee of three, which committee shall have the powers and duties as defined in Article XI. of the Constitution of the A.A.U.

3. The President shall also appoint a Committee on Records, a Committee on Legislation, a Committee on Membership and Investigation, and such other committees as shall be designated by the Board of Managers; the number constituting each of said committees to be fixed by the President, with the approval of the Board.

4. There shall be elected by ballot at each annual meeting one or more handicappers, who shall hold office for one year, or until their successors shall be elected.

ARTICLE IV.

MEMBERSHIP IN THE ASSOCIATION.

Any organization eligible under the Constitution of the Union and of this Association desiring to become a member of the Association, shall make application in writing to the Secretary-Treasurer declaring:

(*a*) Its name, location, the number of its members, and the names of its officers.

(*b*) Date of its organization and its purposes.

(*c*) That it will, if elected a member of the Association, abide by the Constitution, By-Laws and Rules of the Union and Association, and will respect, abide by and enforce all decisions of the Union and Board of Managers of this Association and the decisions of the Registration Committee of the Union.

It shall transmit at same time the dues required by the Constitution of this Association and a copy of its Constitution and By-Laws. Such application shall be immediately referred by the Secretary-Treasurer to the proper committee to investigate and report.

ARTICLE V.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

Order of business at all meetings of the Board of Managers shall be as follows:

(*a*) Roll Call.
(*b*) Reading of Minutes.
(*c*) Reports of Officers and Committees.
(*d*) Unfinished Business.
(*e*) Election to fill Vacancies.
(*f*) New Business.

ARTICLE VI.

CHAMPIONSHIP MEETINGS.

1. This Association must hold annually on the Saturday preceding the third Monday in September, a field and track championship meet-

ing at such place and including such events as they may determine, unless otherwise sanctioned by the Registration Committee.

They may hold such other indoor and outdoor championship meetings as they may deem best.

At least thirty days' notice of all such championship games shall be given to all members of this Association.

2. Such championship meetings shall be in charge of a Committee appointed by the Board of Managers, which Committee shall not be restricted to members of said Board, except that the Chairman of said Committee shall be a member of said Board.

3. All entries shall be sent to the Chairman of said Committee, which Committee may reject any entries which it may deem objectionable. Said Committee shall receive all protests and transmit them to the Registration Committee for final action at once, with such report or recommendations as it may deem proper.

4. Said Committee shall, subject to the approval of the Board of Managers, choose the officers at all championship meetings.

ARTICLE VII.

AMENDMENTS.

These By-Laws may be amended at any meeting of the Board by a two-thirds vote of the members present, or by a mail vote, by a two-thirds vote of the members voting, provided that at least ten days' notice shall be given to every member of the Board of the proposed amendment; but no amendment shall be operative until approved by the Board of Governors of the A.A.U. The number of the Board of Managers, however, shall be changed only by a meeting of this Association.

WHEN AN AMATEUR BECOMES A PROFESSIONAL

The Amateur Athletic Union of the United States, without enlarging or diminishing or in any way modifying the provisions of the Constitution, By-Laws and General Rules, to which for more explicit information reference must always be had, hereby authorizes the following as a

Summary of tests which have been applied in the determination of questions of amateur standing.

An athlete becomes a professional if he

(1) Enters a competition for money or for prizes of more than $35 in value. (Const., Art X., Sec. 1 (a and b), Art. XII.).

(2) Sells or pawns his prizes. (Const., Art. X., Sec. 1 (b), Art. XII.).

(3) Accepts a purse of money. (Const., Art. X., Sec. 1 (b).

(4) Enters a competition under a false name. (Const., Art. X., Sec. 1 (a).

(5) Enters a competition open to a professional, or knowingly competes with a professional. (Const., Art. X., Sec. 1 (e-1).

(7) Teaches, trains, or coaches in an athletic sport for money or any valuable consideration. (Const., Art. X., Sec. 1 (c).

WHEN AN AMATEUR BECOMES DISQUALIFIED.

An athlete is disqualified from competing as an amateur who has committed any of the following acts:

(1) Entering or competing against other than registered amateurs in good standing. (Const., Art. X., Sec. 1 (e), General Rule 4 (Secs. 1, 3, 4).

(2) Competing from an organization.

(a) In whose employ he is. (General Rule 4, Sec. 6).

(b) In which he is not a member in good standing. (General Rule 4, Sec. 8).

(c) When he has competed from another existing organization within a year, except such other organization shall have ceased to exist or the athlete taken a bona fide residence in another district of this Union. (Const., Art. XI., Sec. 3).

(3) Acting in a discourteous or unfair manner. (Const., Art. XIII., Sec. 19).

(4) Competing when knowingly under suspension. (General Rule 4).

(5) Competing in games not duly authorized. (General Rule 4).

(6) Entering open games when unregistered. (Const., Art. XIII).

(7) Refusing to testify. (Const., Art. XIII., Sec. 18).

(8) Allows his name to be used to advertise or promote the sale of, or to act as personal solicitor for the sale, or as the actual salesman of sporting goods, prizes, trophies. (Art. X., Sec. 1 (d).

Capitalizes his athletic fame. (Art. X., Sec. 1 (d).

For the purpose of defining the position of the Amateur Athletic Union in regard to certain matters which have been the subject of some discussion, the following construction of our Constitution, By-Laws and Rules is authorized and promulgated:

(1) In sports over which the Amateur Athletic Union has not assumed jurisdiction or made alliances with governing bodies, the following are recognized as governing bodies:

National Association of Amateur Oarsmen.
United States Golf Association.
United States Lawn Tennis Association.

The Amateur Athletic Union recognizes the right of collegiate associations and scholastic associations to govern themselves and to compete among themselves without registration or sanction of the Amateur Athletic Union; but teams other than track teams duly authorized to represent an educational institution may only compete with teams of outside organizations when such latter teams are duly registered.

Unless the team representing the educational institution is properly authorized to represent its institution, both teams must be registered.

At all meetings held under the management of educational institutions all athletes competing who are not members of educational institutions must be registered.

An athlete cannot compete as an amateur who has coached or instructed for money or received excessive expenses, or played with or against professionals in base ball or foot ball, except that this shall not apply to the individual of a team composed entirely of amateurs which has played against a professional team. A single professional player on a team makes the team professional.

SPECIAL LEGISLATION AUTHORIZED BY THE A. A. U.

For the Metropolitan Association.

Amend Article 6, "Management," to read as follows:

"The management of the affairs of this association shall be delegated to a Board of Managers consisting of one representative from each active member and the delegates at large.

"The Board of Managers so chosen, shall from among their number elect a President, two Vice Presidents, a Secretary-Treasurer and three Trustees, each of whom shall serve one year or until his successor is chosen, with the exception of the Trustees who shall serve one for one year, one for two years and one for three years, and each of them shall perform the duties prescribed by the By-Laws."

Amend Article 11, "Meetings of the Association," by adding the following as No. 5 and renumbering the succeeding sections.

Amend Bylaws, Article 2, Section 1, "Officers," by adding after the words "Secretary-Treasurer," in the second line thereof, the word "Trustees"; also by adding the following paragraph immediately before the paragraph of Section 4 of the same article:

"At any time when the events of the association shall exceed the sum of $5,000, the Secretary-Treasurer shall deposit same to the treasury of the Metropolitan Association of the A.A.U. in such banks or trust companies as the trustees may select, to be drawn against only by the signatures of the majority of such trustees. It shall be the duty of the trustees to see that any amount in the hands of the Secretary-Treasurer in excess of $5,000 shall be deposited in banks or trust companies selectd by them to the credit of the Metropolitan Association as a special reserve fund. This money is not to be drawn out unless approved by a two-thirds vote of the Board of Managers, and checks must bear the signature of the majority of the trustees."

Add to Article 6, of the Constitution of the Metropolitan Association, the following:

"At the first meeting of the Board of Managers, or as soon thereafter as possible, the President shall appoint three Delegates-at-Large, who shall have all the rights and privileges of the other members of the Board, and shall each have one vote."

Adopted November, 1902.

Amend By-Laws, Article 1, "Managers," Section 1, to read as follows:

"The Board of Managers of this Association shall consist of one member from each active member and three Delegates-at-Large, who shall be appointed by the President."

Adopted February, 1905.

Amend Article III, Paragraph II, to read as follows:

"The Board of Managers shall elect from among its members a Registration Committee of five, which committee shall have the powers

and duties defined in Article XI of the Constitution of the Amateur Athletic Union."

Adopted November, 1912.

Amend Constitution, Article X, Section 1, to allow Metropolitan Association to charge $10 as first year's dues and $7.50 each year thereafter.

Adopted, mail vote, March 6, 1917.

"Resolved, That the Metropolitan Association be given consent to change paragraph 2 of Article VI of its Constitution to read 'four Vice-Presidents' instead of Vice-President, and that otherwise the article shall remain as it is."

Adopted November, 1918.

Amend Article X, Section 1, of the Constitution to provide that the dues of each club member shall be $10 instead of $7.50.

Amend Article II, Section 1, of the Constitution as follows:

"The annual meeting of this Association shall be held on the third Monday of September of each year. The semi-annual meeting shall be held on the third Monday in March of each year."

Amend Article II, Section 4, of the By-Laws to read as follows:

"4. At the meetings of the Association the following should be the order of business:

"1. Roll call of delegates.
"2. Election of Board of Managers if annual meeting.
"3. Election of Officers if annual meeting.
"4. Reading of Minutes.
"5. Report of Board of Managers.
"6. Secretary-Treasurer's Report.
"7. Report of Committees.
"8. Resolutions, Orders and General Business.
"9. Adjournment."

Amend Article II, Section 1, of the By-Laws to read as follows:

"1. Officers of this Association, viz., President, First and Second Vice-Presidents, Secretary-Treasurer, shall be elected by a ballot by a majority vote at the annual meeting of the Board of Managers."

Amend Article II, Section 3, of the By-Laws to read as follows:

"3. The Vice-Presidents shall have the power to perform the duties of the President in the absence or inability of the latter; the First Vice-President to act in case of the absence or inability of the President and the Second Vice-President to act in the absence or inability of both the President and Vice-President."

Adopted November, 1920.

For the Pacific Association.

Amend Article I, Section 1, of the By-Laws of the Pacific Association to read as follows: The Board of Managers of this Association shall consist of one member from each active member and seven Delegates-at-Large who shall be appointed annually by the President. The Delegates-at-Large shall have the same privileges as the other members of the Board of Managers.

Section 2. Said Board of Managers shall be elected by ballot at each annual meeting of this Association by a majority vote of the clubs legally represented, and shall hold office for one year, or until their successors are elected.

3. Vacancies in the Board of Managers shall be filled by the Board until the next annual meeting. Vacancies in the Delegates-at-Large shall be filled by the appointment of the President.

Adopted November, 1908.

That members of the Pacific Association be granted permission to hold special wrestling matches, best two out of three falls, with fifteen-minute time limit on each bout, and in case of no fall, the decision to be awarded to the aggressor, and if Referee is unable to render a decision, he shall call for continuous wrestling of five-minute periods until he is able to render a decision or a fall is secured.

This ruling not to apply to championship bouts, but only to bouts for members.

Adopted November, 1913.

For the Central Association.

"*Resolved,* That the Central Association be given consent to change its rules so that the first year's dues for membership in the Association shall be $10.00, and thereafter $7.50, as heretofore."

Adopted November, 1903.

Amend By-Laws, Article I, "Managers," Section 1, to read as follows: "The Board of Managers of this Association shall consist of one member from each active member and three Delegates-at-Large, who shall be appointed by the President; such delegates must be members in good standing of clubs that are active members of the Central Association.

"The Delegates-at-Large shall have all the privileges and rights of the other members of the Board, and shall each have one vote at all of the meetings of the Board of Managers, and one vote collectively at the annual meetings of the Association."

Amend Constitution, Art. IX, Sec. 2—"No person shall be eligible to compete in any Association championships except by two-thirds vote of the Board of Managers voting, unless he is a member of one of the members of the Association."

Amend Section 2, Paragraph 2, of their By-Laws to read as follows:

"The Board of Managers shall elect from ang its members a Registration Committee of five members, which committee shall have the powers and duties defined in Article II of the Constitution of the Amateur Athletic Union.

"The Board of Managers shall designate a Chairman and a Secretary thereof, each of whom shall be a member of such committee."

Amend By-Laws, Art. VI, Sec. 1, Championship Meetings—"This Association shall hold annually at such times as the Board of Managers deem best, a field and track championship meeting, at such place and including such events as they may determine."

Adopted July 22, 1906.

Amend By-Laws, Article I, "Managers," by adding after the words "Central Association" the words "and ex-Presidents of the Association" and adding after the words "Delegates-at-Large" the words "and ex-Presidents." The amended By-Law, Article I, Managers, Sections 1 and 2, to read as follows:

The Board of Managers of this Association shall consist of one member from each active member and three Delegates-at-Large, who shall be appointed by the President; such delegates must be members in good standing of clubs that are active members of the Central Association, and the ex-President of the Association.

The Delegates-at-Large and ex-Presidents shall have all the privileges and rights of the members of the Board, and shall each have one vote at all the meetings of the Board of Managers and one vote collectively at the annual meetings of the Association.

Adopted November, 1910.

"*Resolved*, That the Central Association be given consent to change paragraph 2 of Article VI of the Official Handbook of the Central Association to read 'Four Vice-Presidents' instead of Vice-President, and that otherwise the article shall remain as it is."

Adopted November, 1913.

For the South Atlantic Association.

The South Atlantic Association has been given permission to change its rules to allow the payment of the annual dues on or before the date of the annual meeting.

Adopted, 1902.

Amend By-Laws, Art. I, Sec. 1, "Managers," to read as follows: "The Board of Managers of this Association shall consist of one member from each active member and three Delegates-at-Large, who shall be appointed by the President, Vice-President and Secretary-Treasurer jointly; such delegates must be members in good standing of clubs that are active members of the South Atlantic Association."

"The Delegates-at-Large shall have all the privileges and rights of the other members of the Board, and shall each have one vote at all of the meetings of the Board of Managers, and one vote collectively at the annual meetings of the Association."

Adopted November 15, 1906.

Amend Article I, Section 1 of the By-Laws to read as follows: "The Board of Managers of this Association shall consist of one member from each active member, ex-Presidents of the Association, who shall have served a full term and are members in good standing of an organization that is a member of this Association and three Delegates-at-Large, who shall be appointed by the President, Vice-President and Secretary-Treasurer jointly. Such delegates must be members in good standing of clubs that are active members of the South Atlantic Association. The ex-Presidents and the Delegates-at-Large shall have all the privileges and rights of the other members of the Board, and shall each have one vote at all the meetings of the Board of Managers, and at the annual meeting of the Association the ex-Presidents shall have one vote collectively and the Delegates-at-Large one vote collectively."

Adopted November 4, 1909.

Amend By-Laws, Art. I, Sec. 1, of amendment of November 4, 1909, to read as follows: "The Board of Managers of this Association shall consist of one member from each active member, ex-Presidents of the Associations who shall have served a full term and are members in good standing of an organization that is a member of this Association and three Delegates-at-Large, who shall be appointed by the President, Vice-President and Secretary-Treasurer jointly. Such delegates must be members in good standing of clubs that are active members of the South Atlantic Association.

"The ex-Presidents and the Delegates-at-Large shall have all the privileges and rights of the other members of the Board of Managers, but each of these groups shall have only one vote collectively at all meetings of the Board of Managers as well as all meetings of the Association."

Adopted August, 1912.

Amend Article IX of the Constitution, second paragraph, to read as follows:

"Any person, not a member of one of the members of the South Atlantic Association, shall be eligible to compete in any Championship Contest of the South Atlantic Association by a majority vote of the Board of Managers; provided, that such person is otherwise eligible to compete."

Adopted November, 1912.

For the Middle Atlantic Association.

Amend By-Laws, Section 1, Article I, to read as follows:

"The Board of Managers of this Association shall consist of one member from each organization in good standing."

Adopted November, 1907.

Amend Section 1, Article I, of the Constitution to read as follows:

"The Board of Managers of this Association shall consist of one member from each organization in good standing, and three Delegates-at-Large to be appointed by the President, who shall have all the rights and privileges of other members of the Board."

Adopted November, 1908.

"*Resolved*, That the Middle Atlantic Association be given consent to change its rules to increase its Delegates-at-Large to five and its Registration Committee to five also."

Adopted November, 1915.

For the Western Association.

Amend Article I, Section 1, of the Constitution to read as follows:

"The Board of Managers of this Association shall consist of one member from each active Association and five Delegates-at-Large to be nominated by the President at the first meeting after the annual meeting. Delegates-at-Large shall have the same privileges as other members of the Board of Managers."

Amend the By-Laws, Article VI, Section 1: "The Association shall hold annually at such time as the Board of Managers deem best, a field and track championship meeting at such places and including such events as they may determine."

"The Board of Managers at its first meeting succeeding the Annual Meeting shall elect an Auxiliary Board of ten members representing the Public and Parochial schools. The duties of this Auxiliary Board shall be to act on invitation in an advisory capacity for the promotion of athletics in the Public and Parochial schools. Its members will not be entitled to vote on A.A.U. matters."

Adopted November, 1908.

For the Southern Pacific Association.

Add to Article VI of the Constitution:

"Five Delegates-at-Large shall be elected annually by the Board of Managers. The Delegates-at-Large so elected shall have the same privileges of the Board of Managers."

Adopted February, 1910.

That members of the Southern Pacific Association be granted permission to hold special wrestling matches, best two out of three falls, with fifteen-minute time limit on each bout, and in case of no fall, the decision to be awarded to the aggressor, and if Referee is unable to render a decision, he shall call for continuous wrestling of five-

minute periods until he is able to render a decision or a fall is secured.

This ruling not to apply to championship bouts, but only to bouts for members.

Adopted November, 1913.

For the Pacific Northwest Association.

That members of the Pacific Northwest Association be granted permission to hold special wrestling matches best two out of three falls, with fifteen-minute time limit on each bout, and in case of no fall, the decision to be awarded to the aggressor, and if Referee is unable to render a decision, he shall call for continuous wrestling of five-minute periods until he is able to render a decision or a fall is secured.

This ruling not to apply to championship bouts, but only to bouts for members.

Adopted November, 1913.

For the New England Association.

By mail vote of the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union, closing February 24, 1914, the New England Association was given permission to operate under a new Constitution and By-Laws of its own, containing many small changes. Copies can be had, if desired, from the Secretary.

The New England Association of the Amateur Athletic Union was given permission to amend Article VI of its By-Laws by adding after Section 2 thereof the following:

"This Association must hold annually in March of each year interscholastic swimming championships, open to the pupils of such high and grammar schools in New England as are or may be registered in this Association; said championship to be held under the direction of the swimming committee and consisting of the following events: 50, 100 and 200 yards, free style, diving, plunge, and relay of four men, each man to swim two lengths of the pool, unless pool is over 80 feet in length, in which case each man shall swim one length."

Also to amend Sections 3 and 4 of said article by numbering them 4 and 5. Adopted November 17, 1919.

For the Adirondack Association.

Amend Paragraph 2 of Article 6 of its Constitution to read "four Vice-Presidents" instead of Vice-Presidents.

For the Allegheny Mountain Association.

Amend Article 3, Section 3, of its By-Laws to read as follows:

"The President of the Secretary-Treasurer shall be active members of all committees."

For the Southern Association.

That members of the Southern Association be granted permission to hold special wrestling matches, best two out of three falls, with fifteen-minute time limit on each bout, and in case of no fall, the decision to be awarded to the aggressor, and if Referee is unable to render a decision, he shall call for continuous wrestling of five-minute periods until he is able to render a decision or a fall is secured.

This ruling not to apply to championship bouts, but only to bouts for members.

General.

General permission was granted to such associations as so desire to amend their By-Laws to provide that, in the case of death, removal or withdrawal of any officer of the Association or of any member of the registration committee as a delegate to the Association, the President be empowered to appoint his successor until the next annual meeting of the Association.

The New Indiana and Niagara Associations were given permission to amend Article 5, Section 3 of their Constitution, to read as follows:

"All members of the Board of Managers shall be elected from the duly appointed delegates, except the three delegates-at-large, who are appointed by the President. No alternate shall be elected on the Board."

They were also given permission to amend the first paragraph of Article 4 of their Constitution to read:

"The management of the affairs of this Association shall be delegated to a Board of Managers, consisting of one delegate from each active member, as well as three delegates-at-large, who shall be appointed annually by the President. The delegates-at-large shall have the same privileges as the other members of the Board of Managers."

Authority was granted all associations of the Amateur Athletic Union to have up to five Vice-Presidents and up to seven Delegates-at-Large. Such Delegates-at-Large shall be entitled to act as members of the Board of Managers of the associations of which they are members.

THE AMATEUR ATHLETIC UNION OF THE UNITED STATES

ITS OBJECTS, AIMS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Prior to 1888, amateur athletics in this country were in a chaotic condition. Track athletes competed under assumed names for money prizes; professionals were brought from different sections of the country and competed one day for prizes and the next for money. Poor prizes were given and often the athlete who won a prize was lucky if he ever received it. Money orders were given as prizes, returnable or marketable at certain stores, and it was a well-known fact that athletes would make a small purchase and receive the remainder in cash.

A.A.U. Organized in 1888.

The Amateur Athletic Union was created in 1888, as a Union of clubs, but the organization and expansion of sport in the United States under its auspices met with such spontaneous approval, that clubs sprang up all over and it was apparent that the mechanism of government was becoming too unwieldly.

In 1889, Mr. A. G. Mills, a member of the Board of Governors, worked out what was then termed and has been known ever since, as the "Mills Reorganization Plan." Mr. Mills suggested that each section of the country, as it was growing rapidly and developing, should have home rule and instead of the Union being an association of clubs, should be a union of associations, active and allied, and his plan after mature deliberation and consultation with the leaders in athletics throughout the United States was presented to the officers of the Amateur Athletic Union, at a meeting in Washington in 1890, and was adopted unanimously.

The wisdom of the Mills' plan was immediately apparent, as from it started what has proved to be the most remarkable growth of athletics known in any country of the world.

Objects.

Some of the objects of the Amateur Athletic Union are:

The encouragement of systematic physical exercise and education.

The improvement and promotion of amateur athletic sports.

The union of all eligible amateur athletic clubs, organizations or groups in the United States into such separate associations with active membership and representation in the Amateur Athletic Union as may from time to time be deemed adapted to advance the cause of amateur athletics throughout the United States, and to foster and promote the interest of all associations devoted to amateur sports.

The establishment and maintenance by allied membership or otherwise of alliance with associations of general or special jurisdiction, and composed of clubs or otherwise designated bodies of individual members devoted wholly or partially to physical culture, or to some specialty in athletics.

The establishment and maintenance throughout the United States of a uniform test of amateur standing and uniform rules for the government of all athletic sports within its jurisdiction.

The institution, regulation and awarding of amateur athletic championships of the United States.

The promotion of national, state and local legislation in the interest of the institution of public playgrounds, gymnasia, baths and fields for amateur sports in the United States.

Responsible for the Playground Movement.

The officers of the Amateur Athletic Union, when it was first organized, immediately commenced an active campaign to preach clean sport, organization, and benefits to be derived from athletics, and encouraged a campaign for public playgrounds and athletic tracks.

The campaign started by the organization at its inception, has been carried on continuously, and the majority of the playgrounds which have been established throughout the country are the result of the efforts of Amateur Athletic Union officials.

The Amateur Athletic Union was directly responsible for the institution of the first public bath in America.

P.S.A.L. and Similar Leagues, Organized by A.A.U. Men.

The Public Schools Athletic League of New York was organized by officials of the Amateur Athletic Union and the various public school, church and Sunday school athletic leagues which have been organized during the past twenty years have been largely the result of efforts on the part of Amateur Athletic Union officials.

Ever since the Amateur Athletic Union was organized, the promotion of athletics in factories and mercantile houses and the organization of athletic associations within such concerns has been earnestly advocated by it.

Various associations of the Amateur Athletic Union with the numerous experienced officials who are devoting practically all of their spare time to amateur athletics are ready and willing at all times to give assistance and advice to any club, school, college, organization or firm desiring to form an athletic organization or to promote any form of athletics for the benefit of their members, students or employees.

Olympic Games.

The Amateur Athletic Union of the United States is the largest and strongest amateur sport governing body in the world. No other amateur sport governing body controls so many different sports. In nearly all other countries there is a separate governing body for each branch of sport.

The Amateur Athletic Union holds membership in the following International Amateur Federations, and is the only recognized governing body of the United States for the sports these Federations claim jurisdiction over for International contests:

International Amateur Swimming Federation,
International Amateur Athletic Federation,
International Amateur Boxing Federation,
International Amateur Wrestling Federation,
International Amateur Gymnastic Federation.

The Olympic games contests are conducted under the rules and regulations of these Federations and conform to the Amateur Athletic

Union rules in nearly every particular. Only those athletes who are members of or are certified as amateurs by the Amateur Athletic Union can represent the United States in Olympic Games in track and field, swimming, boxing, wrestling and gymnastics. The Amateur Athletic Union must certify to the Amateur standing of these athletes in Olympic Games. Every athlete that has represented the United States since the revival of the Games in 1896 in these sports have been members of the Amateur Athletic Union.

Remarkable Growth of Amateur Athletics.

A liberal estimate of the number of competing athletes in the year 1888 in the United States would be about 3,000. Today statistics show that there are over 5,000,000. Other district associations of the Amateur Athletic Union have been formed from time to time and at present, the United States is divided up into twenty district associations of the Amateur Athletic Union.

Practically all athletic clubs and many colleges in the United States are members of the Amateur Athletic Union. The men who are identified with the Amateur Athletic Union are competing athletes of former days who have continued their interest in athletics and lend their aid in organizing clubs and promoting amateur sports to improve the youth of the nation physically, mentally and morally.

Allied With All Governing Bodies.

Recognizing the strength of the Amateur Athletic Union and the good that would accrue from organized athletics, the various bodies governing sport in their own spheres, quickly formed alliances with the national body. Some of the first bodies to become allied with the Amateur Athletic Union were the American Gymnastic Union, the National Cycling Association, the Intercollegiate Association of Amateur Athletes of America, the governing body for college athletics, International Skating Union, the Military Athletic League, Amateur Fencers League of America and Athletic League of the Catholic Young Men's National Union.

All of the organizations which became affiliated with the Amateur Athletic Union over a quarter of a century ago, still retain their membership, and since that time, the following governing bodies have been accepted as allied members:

United States Football Association, National Amateur Casting Association, U. S. Amateur Hockey Association, Amateur Athletic Union of Canada, Canadian Amateur Swimming Association.

Insists on Square Deal for All.

The Amateur Athletic Union insists that its athletes receive a square deal. Those familiar with the work of the organization can truthfully say that the Amateur Athletic Union has made amateur sport in America what it is today and has given it a firm standing. It has made other organizations possible. It unceasingly strives to keep apart in competition the amateur and the professional, and at all times aims to protect the amateur.

The Amateur Athletic Union recognizes all sports and claims jurisdiction over the following classes:

Basketball	Gymnastics	Track and Field
Wrestling	Volley Ball	Tug of War
Boxing	Handball	Weight Lifting
Swimming		

The Amateur Athletic Union has conducted national championships annually in the various sports under its jurisdiction.

Women's Athletic Activities.

Swimming for women has made rapid strides in this country since 1914 when the A.A.U. took the women's swimming interests under its wing. Prior to that time swimming contests were held here and there but they were not regulated and the results were very unsatisfactory.

Since 1914, however, the annual sectional and national championships have been held, and the American women swimmers defeated the best the world could produce at the Olympic Games at Antwerp in 1920. Leading up to these sectional, national and Olympic championships are the inter-club and closed club contests which bring out the less experienced swimmers.

Where there was one woman swimmer prior to 1914 there are hundreds of competitors to-day. Many thousands of women have learned how to swim and the publicity given to the performances and achievements of the champions is responsible for the great interest manifested.

After taking unofficial supervision over women's athletics for one year, the Amateur Athletic Union, at its annual convention held in November, 1922, decided to assume control over all open athletic competitions for women in the sports over which it now claims jurisdiction, and a committee has been appointed to further and advance same. Championships for women will be conducted in such sports approved of by the Board of Governors.

The Amateur Athletic Union was instrumental in bringing about the organization of the American Olympic Association composed of all of the National amateur sport governing bodies of this country and other national organizations whose activities are only partly amateur sports, and this organization will arrange for and finance America's participation in future Olympic games.

The A.A.U. has been at work for the past 35 years furthering the development of the physical, social and moral well being of all classes of individuals through participation in wholesome physical activities. It has been an uphill fight. Years ago athletics were frowned upon, but to-day conditions are altogether different. Educators and members of the clergy now realize the benefits to be derived and appreciate the work the A.A.U. has been doing since 1888 to educate the people of this country to improve and place wholesome physical activities within the reach of every one.

The governments of the larger countries realize the importance of this work and are waking up to a realization that the physical uplift of its citizens is a safer protection for the nations than large armies. The world's war proved it and even the Central Powers sing the praises of the form of athletics the A.A.U. promotes and there is in evidence a tremendous athletic boom in these countries.

SECRETARIES OF DISTRICT ASSOCIATIONS OF A.A.U.

Adirondack—Miss Marjorie Dunn, Board of Education, Albany, N. Y.

Allegheny Mountain—John T. Taylor, 228 Oliver Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Central—Julian T. Fitzgerald, 2812 W. North Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Connecticut—T. J. Tracy, 374 Dixwell Ave., New Haven, Conn.

Hawaiian—Mrs. E. Fullard Leo, 315 Hawaiian Trust Bldg., Honolulu.

Indiana-Kentucky—Paul R. Jordan, 1131 Hume Mansur Building, Indianapolis, Ind.

Inter-Mountain—H. C. Mortensen, Deseret Gymnasium, Sale Lake City.
Metropolitan—Charles A. Elbert, 290 Broadway, New York City.
Middle Atlantic—George V. Mitchell, 157 No. 15th St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Midwestern—G. P. Wendell, Omaha A.C., Omaha, Neb.
New England—J. Frank Facey, 36 Prospect St., Cambridge, Mass.
Niagara—Edwin F. Schaefer, 397 Glenwood Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.
Pacific—Herbert Hauser, 4670 San Sebastian Ave., Oakland, Cal.
Pacific Northwest—T. Morris Dunne, Multnomah A.A.C., Portland, Ore.
Rocky Mountain—R. G. Parvin, Denver A.C., Denver, Colo.
South Atlantic—W. J. Leimkuhler, 15 So. St., Baltimore, Md.
Southeastern—Frank A. Kopf, 76 No. Mayson Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
Southern—L. di Benedetto, Room 29, City Hall, New Orleans, La.
South Pacific—Eugene Mahony, c/o B. H. Dyas Co., Los Angeles.
Western—Verne R. C. Lacy, 1838 Arcade Building, St. Louis, Mo.

CHAIRMEN OF CHAMPIONSHIP COMMITTEES.

Track and Field—Charles A. Dean, 14 E. Jackson Boulevard, Chicago.
Swimming—John T. Taylor, 228 Oliver Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Boxing—W. H. Cuddy, Assessor's Office, City Hall, Boston, Mass.
Wrestling—C. W. Streit, Jr., Birmingham A.C., Birmingham, Ala.
Gymnastics—Roy E. Moore, 99 No. Moore St., New York City.
Handball—Charles D. Lynch, 1706 Dime Bank Building, Detroit, Mich.
Basket Ball and Volley Ball—G. P. Wendell, Omaha Athletic Club.
Tug-of-War—Charles J. Dieges, 15 John St., New York City.
Weight Lifting—Thomas J. Tracy, 374 Dixwell Ave., New Haven, Conn.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Q. How can an athlete obtain a certificate of registration to show he is an amateur?

A. Communicate with the Chairman of the Registration Committee of the district association of the Amateur Athletic Union in whose territory you are located. (See map on page in front of book and list of secretaries of district associations on page at end of these questions) or address a letter to the national Secretary, Room 605, 290 Broadway, New York.

Q. What is the cost of such registration?

A. Twenty-five cents per annum.

Q. Is it necessary to have one of these certificates of registration to enable one to compete in Intercollegiate or Interscholastic competitions?

A. No, the Amateur Athletic Union recognizes the right of collegiate associations and scholastic associations to govern themselves and to compete *among themselves* without registration or sanction of the Amateur Athletic Union.

Q. Is it permissible for an athlete attending school or college to compete in open contests, that is contests not confined exclusively to school or college athletes, without first obtaining A.A.U. registration?

A. No. All athletes except cadets of the U. S. Military Academy and midshipmen of the U. S. Naval Academy taking part in open events must be registered and such meets must be sanctioned by the A.A.U.

Q. Are registered athletes prohibited from competing in open meets not sanctioned by the A.A.U.?

A. Yes, except in college or school events.

Q. Can an athlete belong to more than one club or athletic organization?

A. Yes, but he must compete for the club or organization for which he is registered in the A.A.U.

Q. Can an athlete who changes his residence from Chicago to New York represent a club in New York right away?

A. No, he must be a resident of the Metropolitan district four months before he is eligible to wear the colors of any club. For a district championship he must be a resident of the district six months.

Q. Can an athlete attending school or college compete for his club and college in open competition?

A. No, he must make his choice at the opening of the school year. If he elects to represent his club in open competition he cannot represent his college except in intercollegiate contests, and no change can be made during the school term. A college or school athlete may represent his club in open competition and his college in intercollegiate competition.

Q. What is the procedure to follow when an athlete desires to change his registration from his club to his college or vice versa.

A. If his club and educational institution are located in the same district, he should apply to the Chairman of the Registration Committee of the district association in which territory he resides for a transfer. If his school and club are located in different districts of the A.A.U. the athlete should apply to the Chairman of the Registration Committee in the district he is registered informing of his desire to change his registration.

OLYMPIC GYMNASTIC EXERCISES

VIII OLYMPIAD, PARIS, 1924.

The following extract from a letter sent by the International Gymnastic Federation sets forth the rules governing gymnastics in connection with the Olympic Games in Paris, 1924:

According to decisions of the Olympic Congress held at Lausanne in June, 1921, the VIII Olympiad will be held at Paris, 1924, on grounds and locality to be decided.

The events will be organized according to the following headings:

MEN.

1. Gymnastic competition is a team competition comprising in a single event, with apparatus designated below:

1. Contest by teams. (All-round, eight men.)
2. Individual contest at each apparatus. (Seven.)
3. Individual contest at all of the various apparatus. (All-round.)

2. One nation can enter but a single team, composed of eight men, and will be allowed four substitutes as a maximum.

Each competitor must execute one compulsory exercise and one optional exercise at each of the following apparatus:

Horizontal Bar, Parallel Bars, Rings, Rope Climbing (8 meters); Long Horse, Side Horse, Pommel Horse.

There will be a first, second and third prize for each of the foregoing ratings.

3. Competitors must not be professionals.

For the first time in the history of any Olympiad, gymnasts will be on the same plane as all other athletes—track and field men, swimmers, etc., i.e., prizes will be awarded the individual winners on each apparatus or in each separate event, making a total of 27 gymnastic medals against the 3 awarded to first, second and third all-round contestants at past Olympic Games contests.

This condition is the result of work by our delegates to the Lausanne Conference, held in June, 1921, and in support of their demand at that meeting for such revision of rules the United States will be expected to send a strong team of gymnasts next year to Paris, as proof that we have advocated correctly.

The Amateur Athletic Union of the United States, as the governing body for Gymnastics, therefore issues this booklet of information and urges every organization or club which features

gymnastics in this country to aid in the development of such team or individuals, by holding local contests in which these Olympic compulsory exercises will form a part, so that when the final tryout is held under our auspices, the most capable men can be selected to compete against the best talent put forth by our worthy opponents.

Additional information or corrections on all points governing the gymnastic competition herein referred to, as received from the International Gymnastic Federation, will be promptly forwarded by this office to all those organizations which have signified their interest.

Additional copies of these gymnastic rules, and further information, will be supplied upon request.

FREDERICK W. RUBIEN,

SECRETARY-TREASURER AMERICAN OLYMPIC COMMITTEE,

Room 605, 290 Broadway, New York.

HORIZONTAL BAR.

Dimensions: Height 2m.30. Length 2m.20. Diameter 32mm. (Polished steel or wood.)

Commencing position—Straight side hang upper grasp.

1. Fore and backward swing, back uprise (stemme) and flank (right or left) (passing both legs under right or left hand) to rear rest, circling backward to the semi-reversed dorsal suspension (No. 155), bend legs and pass them between the arms, extend legs to the semi-reversed facial suspension (No. 154), upstart (kippe) to front rest and underswing with ½ turn right in deplacing the left hand and by straight swinging (mixed grasp) uprise with the back swing to facial horizontal rest on the right elbow (No. 116).

2. Lift the left arm forward and turn to the right in this rest position (½ turn) and change to straight front rest (left hand grasping the bar) (upper grasp) lower body slowly backward to facial horizontal suspension (No. 163).

3. Bend legs, pass them between arms to dorsal horizontal suspension backward (opposite to previous position).

4. Rolling slightly the body on one arm, pushing alternately to sitting position and to rear rest.

5. Change grasp (under grasp), fling the body forward to dorsal suspension, in swinging backward, release the left hand (or right), in making ½ turn to left (or to the right) left hand (or right), regrasp the bar (upper grasp) and upstart (kippe) to front rest; (upper grasp); circling backward (without touching) to reversed straight rest (handstand), circling backward through straight suspension to the same rest (giant swing), crossing right hand over left, swinging forward with ½ turn right to reverse straight rest (handstand), in changing immediately left hand to under grasp, circling

twice forward (giant swing) and at the end of the second circle by ¼ turn to right vaulting over the bar and landing with semi-flexed knees, arms, sideward, stretch to normal position and right face.

PARALLEL BARS.

Dimensions: Height 1m.50. Space between bars cm.42.

Diameter: 50mm. x 48mm. Length 2m.80.

Starting position—Cross stand before the bars, normal grasp of the extremities.

1. Jump, in straddling legs laterally (passing legs under hands) to straight rest, swinging backward then forward in passing closed legs under the right hand, swinging backward then forward in passing legs under left hand, swinging backward to handstand, on the right bar (left hand grasping right bar); deplace right hand to left bar (two successive ¼ turns during the handstand); flinging body backward and down to upper arm hang and two circles backward, the first in suspension on arms, the second in bent rest, swinging forward and ½ turn left to straight cross rest, legs lifted forward (½ lever position).

2. Pushing, bent body, arms and legs straight to handstand.

3. Lowering to horizontal facial straight rest (No. 120) except arms must be straight.

4. Swing forward to momentary semi-reversed suspension and by a vigorous extension of the body circle backward in leaving the grasp (back flip under bar) to the suspension on upper arms, swinging forward to semi-reversed position (kip position), swinging backward through upper arm hang, to roll forward with straight body, swinging backward in suspension on upper arms and forward in passing the legs from left to right under left and right hands to dismount over the bars to cross stand, landing with semi-flexed knees, left hand on the bar, right arm extended sideward, stretch to normal position.

Remark—The dismount of this exercise is called "circle rear vault, right."

RINGS.

Dimensions: Height 2m.30. Inside diameter 175mm.

Thickness 22 or 23mm. Space between 0m.50.

Commencing position—Straight suspension.

1. Lifting to semi-reversed suspension (No. 156) swinging backward to straight rest and circling backward to handstand.

2. Lowering to horizontal facial rest (No. 120).

3. Stretching arms laterally to straddle rest in lowering the legs (No. 111).

4. Change to horizontal facial suspension (No. 163).

5. Swinging backward in straddling arms to horizontal dorsal suspension.

6. In rolling the body on one arm, pushing alternately to straight rest, legs forward, straight body, to handstand.

7. Bend the arms and (the body remains in vertical position) lowering to reversed straight position; swinging backward and in straddling the arms laterally, circle forward (all in all 1½ circles) and in passing the legs straddling above the arms, dismount to position with semi-flexed knees, arms sideward and finally stretch to normal position.

ROPE CLIMB.

Dimensions: 8 meters from ground. Diameter 28 millimetres.

Standing position—Straight suspension.

Climbing against time, without aid of legs. Position of legs optional, but must be straight.

At the arrival on the top, touching the gong or announcing without any doubt the height attained.

	Points		Points
12 seconds	0	9 4-5 seconds	6
11 4-5 seconds	1	9 3-5 seconds	7
11 3-5 seconds	2	9 2-5 seconds	8
11 seconds	3	9 1-5 seconds	9
10 3-5 seconds	4	9 1-5 seconds	10
10 1-5 seconds	5		

LONG HORSE.

Dimensions: Height 1m.20. Length 1.90m. Diameter .40cm.

Beat-board: Width .60cm. Height .13cm. back. Height .3cm. front.

Two jumping stands are placed exactly at the posterior extremity of the horse, the stick being placed at a determined height above the horse.

Exercise:

Straddle vault with push-off at the croup in passing closed and straight legs over the stick without touching.

The stick will be placed 10cm. above the horse.

Raise the stick progressively, the beat-board can be placed according to desire of contestants. The height of the stick cleared determines the mark.

Points:

The stick being at 1.30 from ground	2 points
The stick being at 1.40 from ground	4 points
The stick being at 1.50 from ground	6 points
The stick being at 1.60 from ground	8 points
The stick being at 1.70 from ground	10 points

SIDE HORSE—NO POMMELS.

Length 1.90. Diameter 40cm. Height 1.30.

Beat-board to be placed according to contestant's wish.

1. With a run and push-off on the saddle, vaulting over the side horse, in turning, straight body, around the broad axis of body to position with flexed knees, arms sideways and finally to normal position. (Handspring.)

POMMELED HORSE.

Length 1.90. Diameter .40. Height 1.40. Distance between pommels 42.cm.

1. The gymnast being placed laterally in front of horse facing forward has to his left the neck and left pommel, to his right the croup and right pommel.

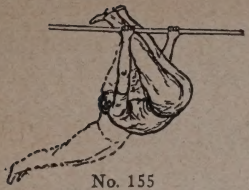
2. Commencing position:

Side standing behind neck (facing backward) left hand on left pommel, right hand on neck.

Jump to free rest over the neck and fling closed legs over right pommel (½ turn to left) right hand grasping right pommel to momentary rear rest (facing forward), fling left leg under left hand, under right (circle outward) fling right leg under left hand, and under right hand (circle inward) fling both legs closed under the left hand, under right hand, under left and under right (2 circles)—flinging left leg under left hand, flinging the body to the left, join legs above the neck, then straddle transversely left forward (scissors), fling the body to the right under the right hand join the legs above the croup, then straddle transversely right (scissors); flinging the body to left under left hand, join legs above neck, then straddle transversely left forward (scissors), flinging left leg backward under right hand, flinging right leg under left hand, under right hand, flinging closed legs under left hand, under right hand, put right hand on left pommel, left hand on neck—flinging closed legs under left hand, under right hand, under left hand and with ½ turn to right fling them over the croup to side rear rest—fling left leg under right hand, under left hand; fling closed legs under right hand, under left hand, under right hand and over to croup and in making one-half turn to right put left hand on the neck and pass the legs under the left hand to dismount to the rear side standing position behind the horse (flank vault to the left).

Note—This whole exercise must be done continuously without pause.

Translation from the French text by Henry Panzer, Newark (N. J.) School of Physical Education and Hygiene.



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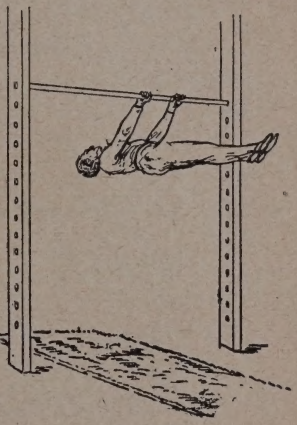

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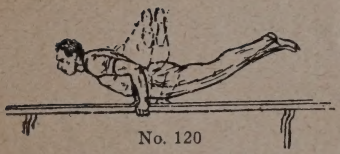

No. 120

No. 156

No. 111

.....

To the Secretary of the *Association*
of the Amateur Athletic Union:

Dear Sir:

The.....hereby makes application for membership in the.....Association of the Amateur Athletic Union, the information required to accompany application being given below. You will find enclosed check for $...., the amount of the first year's dues and a copy of our Constitution and By-Laws.

Name of Club .....

Location .....

Date of Club's organization and its purpose.....

.....

.....

.....

Will the club, if elected, abide by the Constitution, By-Laws and Rules of the Amateur Athletic Union and Association, and respect, abide and enforce all decisions of the Union and Board of Managers of the Association and decisions of the Registration Committee?

.....

.....

Signature of Secretary.

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